

INSTRUCTIONS  
FOR  
COLLECTORS  
OF  
EXCISE.

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PART II

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CONTAINING

PRECEDENTS for Informations, Summonses,  
*Judgments*, and *Warrants*; And some *Clauses*  
extracted out of the *Acts of PARLIAMENT*  
relating to the *Duties of EXCISE*.

TOGETHER WITH

Some *Observations* and *Directions* concerning  
those *Clauses* and the said *Precedents*.

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LONDON;

Printed in the YEAR 1716.

INITIATIONS

FOR

COLLECTORS

TO

EXHIBIT

INITIALS

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PATRICK TURNER,  
MUSEUM OF THE PARLIAMENT,  
EXHIBITION OF THE  
COLLECTION OF THE  
TAXES.

TOGETHER WITH

SOME OTHERS AND  
THESE CHARGES AND THE  
TAXES.

London

Printed in the Year 1712.

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# INSTRUCTIONS FOR Collectors of Excise.

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## PART II.

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### C H A P. I.

*Of Informations for not making True Entries every Week, Month or Six Weeks, of the Exciseable Liquors and Manufactures made in such Week, Month or Six Weeks. And of Informations for not duly paying the Duties of Excise for such Liquors and Manufactures. And of the Clauses requiring such Entries and Payments to be made.*

**T**HE ACT of 12 Car. II. Cap. 24. Sect. 15,  
& 16. Excise-Book, Fol. 27, & 28.  
whereby the Duties of Excise are  
granted, runs thus; viz. That there  
shall be paid the several Rates, Impositions, Duties,  
&c. following; that is to say, For every  
Barrel of Beer or Ale Brewed by the Common-  
Brewer,

## Of Informations for not paying Duties,

Brewer, or any other Person, who doth or shall sell or tap out Beer or Ale, publickly or privately, so much per Barrel, and so proportionably : Whereby it appears, That the Duty accrues and becomes a Debt vested in the Crown, as soon as the Operation of brewing is over, and is in proportion to the whole Quantity brewed, without any regard had to the future Application or disposing thereof, or of any Part thereof.

The Duty of Six Pence per Bushel upon Malt, is likewise for every Bushel of Malt, *which shall be made, &c.* Other Duties are charged in the like manner, *viz.* For all Candles *made, &c.* For all Sope *which shall be made, &c.* And so on several other Manufactures ; in all which Cases, the Duties accrue and become Debts vested in the Crown upon the *making* the said respective Manufactures.

The Duties upon Cyder accrue differently, *viz.* There being several Duties amounting to 6*s.* and 8*d.* per Hogshead, and so proportionably laid upon Cyder *made and sold*, these Duties do not accrue until the Cyder is sold : But there being by the Malt-Act another Duty upon Cyder of 4*s.* per Hogshead, and so proportionably laid upon all Cyder *made for Sale*, this Duty of 4*s.* per Hogshead, accrues at the respective Times when Cyder for Sale is made.

The Duties of Metheglin and Mead being laid upon Metheglin and Mead *sold*, these Duties do not accrue until these Liquors are sold.

There are other Duties laid upon the performing certain Operations for the Improving of other Manufactures ; as upon the printing and painting Paper to serve for Hangings, &c. and upon the printing, painting, staining or dying Silks, Calli-  
coes,

10

or for not making Entries.

coes, Linnens or Scruffs ; which said respective Duties accrue and become Debts vested in the Crown, upon the performing the said respective Operations, or any of them.

But notwithstanding the said respective Duties do (as is aforesaid) accrue and become Debts vested in the Crown, upon the performing the said respective Operations of Making or Improving, as aforesaid ; yet there are future Times respectively allowed for the paying the said respective Duties ; which said Times for Payment, are to be computed from the respective Times when the respective Persons who so make or improve the said Manufactures, make, or ought to have made Entries of the said respective Manufactures by them so made or improved ; which Times for the making such Entries, are different, viz.

By a Clause in 12 Car. II. Cap. 24. Sect. 28. Excise-Book, Fol. 30. Common-Brewers are once in every Week, to make true and particular Entries of all Beer and Ale, which they shall brew in that Week ; and if they neglect to make such Weekly Entries, they forfeit Ten Pounds for every such Weekly Neglect, 12 Car. II. Cap. 24. Sect. 29. Excise-Book, Fol. 31.

And every Common-Brewer who shall not pay and clear off within a Week after he made or ought to have made his Entry, as aforesaid, shall pay double the Value of the Duty 12 Car. II. Cap. 24. Sect. 30. Excise-Book, Fol. 31.

Supposing then, that a Common-Brewer begins and sets up his said Trade on the First Day of any Month, and breweth one Guile or Brewing on that Day, and another Guile or Brewing on the Third Day of that Month, and another on

*Of Informations for not paying Duties,*

the Fifth Day of that Month; such Brewer ought on or before the Seventh Day of that Month, to make a true and particular Entry of all he brewed in such Week; and if he fail therein, he forfeits Ten Pounds, for which an Information may be laid against him in the beginning of the Second Week, *viz.* the Week next following the Week he so began to brew; and at or before the end of the Second Week, he ought to pay and clear off the Duties accruing in the First Week, and if he fail therein, an Information for double the Value of the Duties which so accrued in the First Week, may be laid against him in the beginning of the Third Week, computed from his first beginning to brew.

And though Common Brewers are not commonly held to make their Payments so quick, yet it seemeth pretty plain, that the true Sense and Meaning of the said Clause, is, That at the End of each Week, they should enter all they had brewed in that Week, the Words of the Act being, *That all Common-Brewers shall once in every Week make true and particular Entries, &c.* But if a Common-Brewer doth not in the First Week of his Brewing, make an Entry of what he brewed in that Week, but delays the doing thereof, until the next Week after, it will then be evident, that he passes over one Week without making any Entry, and consequently doth not in every Week make a true Entry, &c. whereas the laid Act requires him once in every Week to make such true Entry.

By the before-mentioned Clause, Inn-keepers, Victuallers and Distillers, are once in every Month to make true and particular Entries of their Liquors; and if they neglect so to do, Inn-keepers

keepers for every such Neglect, forfeit Five Pounds, and Victuallers for every such Neglect, forfeit Twenty Shillings; and if in one Month more they do not pay and clear off, they are to pay double Duty, 12 Car. II. Cap. 24, Sec. 28, 30. Excise-Book, Fol. 30 & 31.

By a Clause in all the Malt-Acts, every Maltster or other Person making Malt (for Sale or not for Sale, except such as compound for the Duties of Malt by them made for their own private Use only) are Monthly and every Month, to make true Entries of all the Malt by them made in such Month respectively; and by most of the Malt-Acts, they are to pay and clear off, within Three Months after they have made, or ought to have made such Entry; but by the Malt-Act 1 George, they have one Month more allowed for Payment.

All Persons making Candles within the Limits of the *Weekly Bills of Mortality*, are Monthly and every Month, and all Persons making Candles in any other Parts of *Great Britain*, are in every Six Weeks to make true Entries in writing of all Candles by them made in such Month and Six Weeks respectively; and those who make Candles within the said *Weekly Bills*, are once in every Four Weeks, and others in other Parts of *Great Britain*, once in every Six Weeks, after they have made, or ought to have made such their Entries, are to pay and clear off.

*Note.* Such as compound for the Duties of Candles by them made and consumed in their own private Families only, are not within the said Clause.

Makers

## Of Informations for not paying Duties,

Makers either of Sope or Starch, are to enter and pay at the like Times as Makers of Candles.

Makers of Paper, and Printers and Painters of Paper for Hangings, &c. and Printers and Painters of Callicoes, Linnens, &c. either within or without the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, are in every Six Weeks to make their Entries, and are in Six Weeks next after to pay and clear off the said Duties.

Rehmers or Drawers of Gilt or Silver Wire, are to make Entries Monthly, and are to pay and clear off in Six Weeks next after they so have made, or ought to have made their Entries.

**Note.** There are no Compounders for the Duties on Sope, Paper, Callicoes, Linnens, &c. or upon Starch, or Gilt or Silver Wire.

If therefore, before, or at the beginning of their Second Month, Inn-keepers, Victuallers and Distillers, do not make Entries of all they have brewed or distilled in the First Month of their brewing or distilling, Informations may at the beginning of such Second Month be laid against them for not making such Entries; and if before, or at the beginning of the Third Month, they do not pay and clear off all the Duties accrued from them in such First Month, Informations for double the Value of such Duties as so accrued in such First Month, may be laid against them in the beginning of such Third Month.

And if Makers of Candles, Sope or Starch out of the Weekly Bills, or if Makers of Paper, or Painters of Paper for Hangings, &c. or Printers or

or Painters of Callisters or Linchiers, do not in or at the End of the First Six Weeks, make true Entries of all they made or wrought in such first Six Weeks; Informations for the Penalties for not making such Entries, may be laid against them at the beginning of such second Six Weeks; and if at the end of such second Six Weeks they do not pay and clear off the Duties so accrued in such first Six Weeks, Informations may (at the beginning of such third Six Weeks) be laid against them for double the Value of such Duties as so accrued in such first Six Weeks.

These Duties being (as in Fact they are) publick Revenues, in which not only the Crown, but the whole Nation is interested and concerned, it will be necessary that all due Care be taken, that no part of them be lost, for want of being collected or received at the respective Times when they ought to be paid; And that, against such as are Defaulters and do not pay at these Times, Informations may be laid, and Judgements obtained thereupon, and all other Lawfull means used to secure the said Duties; but so as that all fair Traders be likewise used with as much Tenderness and Indulgence, as may be consistent with the securing the said Duties; the before-mentioned Clauses for the said Forfeitures not being calculated or intended for the Profit of Informers, or to ruine or distress fair Traders, but to secure the Duties, and to preserve such a Ballance of Trade between the said respective Manufacturers, that all of the same Trade may pay equally with respect to the several Proportions of the Manufactures by them respectively made or improved; and therefore the before-

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## Of Informations for not paying Duties,

mentioned Classes ought to be used and put into Execution and Practice accordingly.

Though the Times appointed for Common-Brewers to pay their Duties, are as before have been mentioned, yet such Common-Brewers as are out of the Weekly Bills, are sometimes indulged to pay at the same Times when Inn-keepers and Victuallers pay, which may be allowed of, as being consistent with the securing the Duties due from them; because all Coppers and Utensils by them used in brewing, whether they are the Brewer's own, or do really belong to other Persons, yet are liable to these Duties; and tho' the Utensils of other Traders are liable in like manner; yet the Coppers and Utensils used by Common-Brewers, being (as they are) generally fixed, and of greater Value than the Utensils used by other Traders, the Utensils used by them, are a better Security than the Utensils used by other Traders.

Besidesy the Times appointed for Common-Brewers to pay, being so much quicker than the Times appointed for other Traders, and their Duties being pretty high, there may be Reason to indulge them more than others.

But the Time allowed to Maltsters for the paying their Duties, being so very long, the Duties becoming due from some of them, may sometimes be lost, if more than ordinary Care is not taken for securing thereof; for they having a Month to enter, and, by the last Act, Four Months to pay, they may owe a great deal for Duty, before the Five Months are expired: And therefore, in Cases where there is Reason to apprehend or suspect that the Maltster may go off before the Time of Payment, it may be very adviseable

adviseable, in such particular Cases, to examine and see, whether such Maltster hath made due and true monthly Entries of all the Malt he has made in such respective Month ; and if he hath not, (as few of them do) then, to secure the Duty, an Information may, at the beginning of the Second Month, be laid against him, for not making a true Entry of the Malt which he made in the First Month ; or at the beginning of the Third Month, an Information may be laid against him, for not making true monthly Entries of all the Malt by him made in the two preceding Months : And if Judgment be thereupon obtained for the Penalties for not making such Entries, such Judgment may go a good way towards the securing the Duties due from such suspected Maltsters.

And if such Judgments so obtained, be made use of only to secure the Duty, such Prosecution ought not to be thought hard ; but in Cases of Hazard, it will be the Duty of the Collector to lay such Informations, for not making such true Entries, and to get such Judgments thereon : But unless for this, or for some other special Reason, the laying of such Informations for not making such true Entries, is not countenanced, or approved of by the Commissioners and Managers of these Revenues ; they not liking, that Traders should be made uneasy with unnecessary Prosecutions ; but there may be other particular Reasons and Instances, in which the laying such Informations for not making true Entries, may sometimes be very necessary.

Tho' such suspected Maltster may have made an Entry of part of what he made in each Month, yet if such Entry or Entries do not contain the whole

*Of Informations for not paying Duties,*

whole made in such Month, or Months, an Information for Non-Entry may be laid, and Judgment obtained against him, notwithstanding such short, or imperfect Entry; for a short Entry is, in Law, as no Entry at all, it not being a True Entry, which is what the Law requires: And whether a Trader wholly omits to make any Entry at all, or whether he makes a short Entry, or false Entry, the Information may, in either of the said Cases, be general, *viz.* That such Trader did not make a true Entry; or did not make a true Entry of the Kinds and Quantities, &c. of the like, without particularly mentioning that such Entry was short, defective or false, in this or that Particular. For though at the Hearing of Informations for such defective Entries, it will be necessary to prove such particular Defects or Defects, yet that doth not make it necessary to mention such particular Defects in such Informations; but for that very Reason, it may be omitted, *viz.* Because if upon a general Information, the Informer doth insist upon any particular Defect or Defects, he must then prove such Defects or Defects; therefore it will not be necessary for him to mention such Particulars in such Information.

If the Traders liable to pay these Duties are permitted to be many Months in Arrear, it will be a great Neglect in the Collectors; but if it should so happen, it will not always be necessary to lay Informations for the double Duty of all that is so in Arrear: But if the double Duty of one Month, or of one Six Weeks, will be sufficient to answer not only all that is in Arrear, but also the Charge, it may, in such Case, be sufficient to lay an Information for the double Duty of

or for not making Entries.

170  
65

of such one Month, or of such one Six Weeks; and the rather, because if in the laying Informations for Duties charged near to the Time of laying such Informations, due Care is not taken in observing when the Times of Payment are fully expired, it may in some Instances happen, that such Informations, as to some part of the Duties in such Information, may be laid before the Time of Payment may be fully elapsed, which may occasion the Trouble of a special Judgment in such Case, viz. to give Judgment for the Informer, as to so much as such Information is properly laid for in Point of Time, and for the Defendant, as to so much as such Information happeneth to be improperly laid for in Point of Time: To avoid which, in Cases where the double Duty of one Month, or of one Six Weeks, will be sufficient to answer the whole Arrear, and also the Charges, it may be sufficient to lay the Information for the double Duty accrued in such one Month, or one Six Weeks.

The making use, in the manner before-mentioned, of a Judgment for not making a true Entry, in order to secure Duties really due, or of a Judgment for the double Duty accrued in one Month, or Six Weeks, in order to secure Duties therein Arrear for any former Month or Months, is agreeable to the Rules both of Law and Equity; for if one be indebted by Mortgage, and also by Simple Contract, or by Judgment and Simple Contract, even Equity will permit the Creditor to make use of such Mortgage, or Judgment to secure what is due by Simple Contract.

It may, perhaps, seem hard, that in all Cases of Arrears, the Informations should be laid for the double Duty, especially against those whose being

*Of Informations for not paying Duties,*

being in Arrear, is not their Fault, but their Misfortune, *viz.* Such as would pay, if they had wherewithal so to pay; but even in such Case the Information cannot be otherwise; for Informations cannot in these Cases be laid before Justices of the Peace, for the single Duties, because the Power and Jurisdiction which they (the Justices) have in these Cases, being derived and depending intirely on the Words in the said Act of 12 Car. II. Cap. 24. their Jurisdiction, and the manner of proceeding before them, must be guided and governed by the Words of that Act. Now there not being in that Act any Words whereby they (the Justices) are impowered to hear and determine Complaints or Informations, touching or concerning the single Duties of Excise, &c. or touching and concerning the Arrears thereof; but their Power being by the express Words of the said Act, to hear and determine *Forfeitures* and *Offences*; and the said *Forfeitures* and *Offences* being (as they are) the subject Matter of their Jurisdiction, they cannot receive or hear Informations for the single Duties only: But when Informations are to be laid for not paying such Duties, such Informations must be laid so, as to bring the Cause within the Jurisdiction of the Justices, and consequently must be laid for the *Forfeiture* in such Case, *viz.* For double the Value of the Duties; there being no other Method directed by the said Acts, for the recovering before Justices of the Peace such Duties so in Arrear.

And as these Informations must be for double the Value of the Duties, so in Cases where the Facts mentioned in such Informations, are either confessed by the Defendants, or fully proved, the Judgments must also be for double the Value  
of

of the said Duties so proved to be in Arrear; and if the Judgments in such Cases should be otherwise, they will not be Legal Judgments, because non conformable to the Directions of the said Acts; and the Warrants in such Cases must likewise be for the double Duty, because if they should be otherwise, they would not be Legal Warrants, as not being pursuant to such Judgments.

Nor can the Justices of the Peace regularly mitigate the Forfeitures of double Duty: For the Clause whereby they are empowered to mitigate Penalties and Forfeitures (as has already been observed) is not General and Unlimited, but is Restrained by the Words in that Clause, *So as by such Mitigation, the same, viz. the Forfeiture be not made less than Double the Value of the Duty of Excise, which should or ought to have been paid.* The Forfeiture therefore in this Case, being no more than barely the double Duty, it cannot be mitigated by Virtue of the before-mentioned Clause; and there being no other Clause whereby the Justices are empowered to mitigate, they must not in such Case, either in the Body of their Judgment or Warrant, express or mention any such Mitigation, lest thereby the Proceedings be made Erroneous. But as Executions out of the Courts of Westminster on Judgments upon Bonds, are always made for the whole Penalties of such Bonds, because such Executions must pursue the Judgments, as the Foundations on which they issue, and by which they are justified and warranted; so must these Warrants also be for the whole double Duty: But it being usual to indorse upon such Executions out of the Courts of Westminster, the particular Sum which the

*Of Informations for not paying Duties,*

Sheriff is to levy thereupon, *viz.* the Debt, Interest, and Charges; so the Justices, by Indorsements on these Warrants, may direct and appoint what particular Sum shall be levied and taken for the Charges in each particular Case, and may direct the Person or Persons, who is or are to execute such Warrant, not to take more than such Sum and the single Duties: And though the Justices should omit or forget to give such Directions, yet such Warrants, though made for the whole double Duty, must be so executed, and not otherwise; because by the Instructions prepared and printed by Order of the Commissioners, for the Collectors, it is expressly directed, that these Warrants be always executed with as much Civility and Ease to the Persons concerned, as may be, taking only the single Duty and reasonable Charges, which the Collectors are to endeavour to get the Justices to settle and apportion. And the Collectors are thereby farther ordered, not to insist upon double Duty, or on the Penalties for Non-Entry in any Case, except for particular Reasons, of which they are fit to give the Commissioners an Account, and are to receive their Direction or Approbation therein, before they venture to exceed the before-mentioned general Order and Direction; as may be seen in the Collector's Instructions, *pk. 20.*

So that though it may seem harsh in many of these Cases, to give Judgments and to grant Warrants for double the Value of the Duties in Arrear, yet when it is understood, that these Judgments and Warrants cannot legally be otherwise, the Justices of the Peace will not scruple the giving such Judgments, and granting such Warrants; since if the Collectors, or other Officers, should act

act contrary to the before-mentioned Standing Orders and Instructions, such their doing would, upon Complaint thereof to the Commissioners, be soon redressed; and that Offenders in such Case would soon meet with a suitable Punishment.

Hereafter follow Forms of Informations in each of the respective Cases before-mentioned, viz: For not making True Entries of Liquors or Manufactures made, and also other Forms of several Informations, for not paying the Duties due and by making such Liquors or Manufactures. Between the one and the other, there is this Difference; In the Informations for not making such Entries, it is mentioned, that the Defendant made such Liquors or other Manufactures, without expressing therein either the particular Quantity, or the Quality or Qualities of such Liquors or Manufactures, the same not being necessary to be mentioned in these Informations; because, let the Quantity of the Liquors or Manufactures be more or less, or the Quality thereof be either of one sort or another, yet still the Maker ought to make a true Entry thereof; as, if one Common-Brewer should brew but once, and another two or three times in a Week; or if one Victualler should brew but once, and another Ten times in a Month; or if one should brew only Small Beer, and the other should brew Ale, Strong Beer, and Small-Beer; and if they should respectively neglect to make their Entries of what they respectively brewed, yet the respective Forfeitures in each of the said respective Cases, are the same; (that is) the Common-Brewer who neglects to make an Entry of such one only Guile, forfeits the same Sum of Money, as the other

## Of Informations for not paying Duties,

Common-Brewer who neglects to make an Entry of his several Guiles ; and the Victualler who neglects to make an Entry of his one Guile, forfeits in like manner the same Sum of Money, as the other Victualler who neglects to make his Entry of his several Guiles ; for the Forfeitures in the Cases of Non-Entries, are not in proportion to the Quantity or Quality of what is so neglected to be entered, but according to the Number of such Weekly or Monthly Neglects of such Entries.

Therefore, in Informations for not making such Entries as aforesaid, it is not necessary to mention the particular Quantity or Quality of the Liquors or other Manufactures so neglected to be entered ; nor would the mentioning thereof, in such Case, be of any manner of Use : But if such Informations are intended to be laid for, more than one Neglect of such weekly or monthly Entry, it will in such Case be necessary in such Information, to mention the Number of such Weeks or Months, &c. wherein such Neglects were made ; because the Forfeitures will be, more or less, according to the Number of Weeks or Months in which such Neglects have been made.

But the Duties in these Cases, being more or less, in proportion to the Quantity or Quantities, and higher or lower, according to the Quality or Qualities of the Liquors or other Manufactures made, and not paid for ; and the Forfeitures or Sums of Money forfeited by not duly paying those Duties, being double the Value of the said Duties, the said Forfeitures must of Consequence, be greater or less in proportion to the Quantities, and according to the Qualities of such Liquors :

or

or other Manufactures so made, and not paid for ; (that is) as the Duties of Ten Barrels of Strong-Beer, is double as much as the Duties of Five Barrels of such Strong-Beer ; so the Forfeiture for not paying the Duties for such Ten, is double as much as the Forfeiture for not paying the Duties for such Five Barrels ; and as the Duties of any Number of Gallons of Lew-Wines from Foreign Materials, is four times as much as the Duties of the like Number of Gallons of Low-Wines from Malt, so the Forfeiture for not paying the Duties in one Case, is four times as much as in the other ; and as the Duties upon printing or painting any Quantity of Silks, (not being Silk-Handkerchiefs) is double as much as the Duty on printing or painting the like Quantity of Callicoes ; and as the Duty upon printing or painting any Quantity of Callicoes, is double as much as upon printing or painting the like Quantity of Linnens or Stuffs ; the respective Forfeitures, in each of the said respective Cases, for not paying the Duties thereby accruing, are in the like Proportions.

And in all other such Cases, where the Rates and Duties are different, according to the different Qualities or Natures of the Liquors or Manufactures, there also the Qualities or Natures of such Liquors or Manufactures, ought to be mentioned in Informations for the double Value of such Duties ; to the intent, that the Money to be recovered upon such Informations, may thereby be the better computed or ascertained.

And in all these Cases, it will be best to mention the true Quantities and Qualities of the Liquors or other Manufactures for which the Duties are unpaid : But if the true Quantities cannot

## Of Informations for not paying Duties,

be certainly known, when such Information is to be prepared, then be sure to mention rather more than less than the true Quantity; because if an Information be laid for less than the true Quantity, the Judgment cannot be for more than is mentioned in the Information, tho' more should be fully proved; but if the Information should be laid for more than is proved, yet such Information will be good and effectual for so much as is proved; and the Justices, in such Case, ought to give Judgment in proportion to so much as is so proved, and ought to acquit the Defendant of the Residue which is not proved.

Or if in such Information it should be alledged, that the Defendant brewed so many Barrels of Strong-Beer, so many Barrels of Ale, and so many Barrels of Small-Beer; and if upon the Hearing, Proof should be made of brewing only Strong and Small-Beer, and no Proof should be made of brewing any Ale; or if Proof should be made of the brewing only of Ale and Small-Beer, and there should not be any Proof of the brewing any Strong-Beer; or if the Quantities proved, should be less than the Quantities mentioned in the Information; yet, in either of the said Cases, the Information would be maintained by such Proof; and the Judgment ought, in such Case, to be for the Informer, as to so much as should happen to be so proved; and for the Defendant, as to so much as should happen not to be so proved: For an Information laid for more than is proved, is a good Information, as to so much as is proved.

C H A P.

[<sup>17</sup>] AC  
dated the 15th day of June 1703 by the said John Peeler  
**C H A P. II.**

*An Information for Arrears against a  
Common-Brewer, viz. For the Double  
Duty of Strong Beer and Ale, and of  
Small Beer.*

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**C**ity of Norwich, &c. **B**E it Remembered, That this Twentieth Day of April in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lady Queen ANNE that now is, at the City of Norwich, in the County of the said City, John Peeler, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for Her said Majesty, as for himself, exhibith to us A B and C D, Esqrs, Two of Her said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said City of Norwich and County of the said City, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after mentioned was made, a Complaint and Information, and thereby informeth us, That at several Times between the last Day of January, and the Fifteenth Day of March, both now last past, at the City of Norwich aforesaid, in the County aforesaid; one John Browne, at a Common Brew-house then and there belonging to, and used by him, did brew several and respective Quantities of Beer and Ale; that is to say, Thirty Barrels of Strong Beer and of Strong Ale, each above Six Shillings the Barrel, and Sixty Barrels of Small Beer, not exceeding Six Shillings the Barrel; and that the said John Browne, at and during the respective Time and Times of brewing the

The Recording  
the Time and  
Place of laying  
the Informa-  
tion.

The Informa-  
tion.

## Informations and Proceedings for

said Beer and Ale, and of every part thereof, having been, and yet being there, a Common-Brewer, there did accrue and become due to Her said Majesty from the said *John Browne*, for the said Beer and Ale so by him brewed as aforesaid, certain Rates, Duties and Sums of Money, amounting in the whole to Ten Pounds and Five Shillings, of lawful English Money; which said Rates, Duties and Sums of Money so accrued, or any part thereof, the said *John Browne* hath not paid or cleared off, to, or for the Use of Her said Majesty, within a Week next after he, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided, did make, or ought to have made, his Entry or Entries of the said Beer and Ale so by him there brewed as aforesaid, or of any part thereof, or at any Time since; but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute.

*The Perpetrator.* in such Case made and provided; Whereby he hath forfeited double the Value of the said Rates, Duties and Sums of Money remaining unpaid, as aforesaid; that is to say, Twenty Pounds and Ten Shillings of like Money. And thereupon the said *John Peele*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Fourth Part of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *John Browne* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

A Sum,

*Arrears of Duties of Beer.*

35

A Summons on the foregoing Information.

To Mr. John Browne, Common-Brewer.

City of Norwich, ss. WE AB and C D, Esqrs.  
Two of Her Majesty's  
Justices of the Peace for the said City of Norwich,  
and County of the said City, do hereby give  
you Notice, That John Peale, Gent. hath exhi-  
bited before us an Information against you, for  
the Sum of Twenty Pounds and Ten Shillings,  
being double the Value of certain Duties of Ex-  
cise of Beer and Ale by you brewed, the single  
Duties whereof, you (as he alledged) ought  
long since to have paid, but have neglected so  
to do: You are therefore hereby required to ap-  
pear before us, at the House of Thomas Wilson,  
being the Sign of the Castle, an Inn and Publick  
House in the said City of Norwich, on the First  
Day of May now next ensuing, at Ten of the  
Clock in the Forenoon of the same Day, then  
and there to answer the said Information, and to  
make Defence thereto. But if you neglect so  
to do, we shall proceed as if you was personally  
present.

And we do farther authorize and require  
Mr. Robert Saunders, Officer of Excise, or any  
other Officer of Excise, to serve this our Summons,  
and to attend us at the Time and Place before-  
mentioned, then and there to make a Return  
thereof to us the said Justices. Given under our  
Hands at the said City of Norwich this Twentieth  
Day of April, Anno Dom. 1712. Attestation His  
Majestys Lieutenants for the said City of Nor-  
wich. A.

# Informations and Proceedings for

*An Information against a Victualler, for Arrears, viz. for the Double Duty of Strong Beer and Small Beer, by him brewed and not paid for,*

*The Recording County of Hertford, &c.* BE it remembred, That this  
*the Time and Place of laying the Information.*

**B** One and Thirtieth Day of March, in the First Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King George; then now is  
*at Ware* in the said County of Hertford, John Ward, Gentle in his proper Person, as well for his said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiceth to us A. B. and C. D. Esqrs. Two of his said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Hertford, residing near to the Place where the Forfeiture hereinafter mentioned was made, a Complaint and Information, and thereby informeth us, That at several Times between the Second Day of January, and the Eight and Twentieth Day of February, both now last past, at Ware aforesaid, one Ralph Field at a Brew-House and Place of Brewing then and there belonging to, and used by him, did brew several and respective Quantities of Beer and Ale, that is to say, Twenty Barrels of Strong Beer and of Strong Ale, each above Six Shillings the Barrel, and Fifteen Barrels of Small Beer not above Six Shillings the Barrel, and that the said Ralph Field, at, and during the respective Time and Times of Brewing the said Beer and Ale, and of every Part thereof, having been, and yet being there a Victualler and a Tapper out and Seller of Beer and Ale, there did accrue and become due to his said Majesty from the said Ralph Field, for the said Beer and Ale

*The Informer.*

Ale so by him there brewed, as aforesaid, certain Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money amounting in the whole to Six Pounds of lawful English Money; which said Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money so accrued, or any Part thereof, the said Ralph Field hath not paid, or cleared off, to, or for the Use of his said Majestie, within a Month next, after he (according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided) did make, or ought to have made his Entry or Entries of the said Beer and Ale so by him there brewed, as aforesaid, or of any Part thereof, or at any Time since, but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided, whereby he hath forfeited double the Value of the said Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money remaining unpaid, as aforesaid, that is to say, Twelve Pounds of like Money; and thereupon the said John Wood, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Fourth Part of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute, in such Case made; and that the said Ralph Field may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*The Forfeiture.*

*The Form of a Summons for a Victualler, is the same as for a Common-Brewer, only instead of, Common-Brewer, use the Word, Victualler.*

has / bisdiction eti / wo / work most noisen /  
the grumb firs / is / wth / vew / vell / ois / i /  
has yndif / eis / lo / come / has / smit / evifce / ois /  
(lo / pial / v / vew / to / has / do / eth / grumb / 13.  
nomine / a / e / e / grumb / av / has / used / prial  
bus / spis / 2 / vew / to / has / m / bus / tellif / I  
-tione / 2.

*Informations and Proceedings for*

1000 biseltois at howard stonh mid ye cl sia  
 -joumbe yonol to emud has zoncl 2000 R miss  
 .and so wt *An Information against a common Distiller for*  
 to emus *Appears, viz. for the double Duty.*  
 his snt 1000 joclof 1000 yar to 1000 biseltois of yonol  
 to 1000 of the houz 1000 biseltois

*The Recording  
the Time and  
Plan of lay-  
ing the Infor-  
mation.*

*BE it Remembred, That on the*  
*East-Riding of York, fifth Day of April, in the first*  
*Year of the Reign of our Sovereign the King, by the*  
*reign Lord King GEORGE, that*  
*now is, at Beverley in the East-Riding of the*  
*County of York, James Carter, Gent. in his pro-*  
*per Person, as well for his said Majesty, as for*  
*himself exhibith to us A. B. and C. D. Esqrs.*  
*two of his said Majesty's Justices of the Peace*  
*for the said East-Riding of the County afore-*  
*said, residing near to the Place where the For-*  
*feiture herein after mentioned was made, a*  
*Complaint and Information, and thereby in-*  
*formeth us, That at several Days and Times*  
*between the Third Day of January and the*  
*First Day of March, both now last past, at Bever-*  
*ley aforesaid, one Henry Mason at a Distilling-*  
*House then and there belonging to, and used by*  
*him; did make and distill several and respective*  
*Quantities of Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-*  
*Waters for Sale and Exportation, that is to say,*  
*One Hundred and Twenty Gallons of such*  
*Low-Wines from Foreign Materials, and from*  
*a Mixture therewith; and Eighty Gallons of*  
*such Strong Waters or Spirits of the Second Ex-*  
*traction from the Low-Wines aforesaid; and*  
*that the said Henry Mason (at, and during the*  
*respective Time and Times of the Distilling and*  
*Making thereof, and of every Part thereof,) having*  
*been, and yet being there a common*  
*Distiller and Maker of Low-Wines, Spirits, and*  
*Strong-*

*The Infor-  
mation.*

## *Arrears of Duties of Entails.*

298

Strong-Waters for Sale and Exportation, there did accrue and become due to his said Majesty, from the said *Henry Mason*, for the said Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong Waters so by him made, as aforesaid, certain Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money, in the whole amounting to the Sum of Four Pounds of lawful English Money, which said Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money so accrued, or any Part thereof, the said *Henry Mason* hath not paid or cleared off, so, or for the Use of his said Majesty within a Month next after he (according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided,) did make, or ought to have made his Entry or Entries of the said Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong Waters so by him made, as aforesaid, or of any Part thereof, or at any Time since; but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided, whereby he hath forfeited, and ought to pay double the Value of the said Duties and Sums of Money so remaining unpaid, as aforesaid, that is to say, Eight Pounds of like Money. And thereupon the said *James Carter*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Fourth Part of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *Henry Mason* may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

(Received, November 25, 1692, by the Clerk of the Court)

If

## Informations and Proceedings for

such Wines and Spirits from Malt, & also  
such Quantities of Low-Wines, Spirits, and  
Strong Waters for Sale and Exportation, that is  
to say, in the whole One Hundred Gallons of  
such Low-Wines from Worts made from Malt,  
and also Sixty Gallons of such Strong Waters or  
Spirits of the Second Distillation from the Low  
Worts of such Malt, and otherwise, &c. &c.  
(as in the Information next before) in so much  
as to the value of Eight Pounds.

### A Summons on the foregoing Information against a Distiller.

*To Mr. Henry Mason, Distiller to the*

*East-Riding of* **W**hile A. B. and C. D. Esqrs.  
*the County* two of his Majesty's Ju-  
*of York.* dices of the Peace for the East-  
Riding of the County of York, do  
hereby give you Notice, That James Corp, Gent. as well for his said Majesty, as for himself,  
has exhibited before us an Information against  
you, for the Sum of Eight Pounds, being  
double the Value of certain Duties of Excise of  
Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong Waters by you  
made and distilled; the single Duties whereof  
you (as he alledgeth) ought long since to have  
paid, but have neglected so to do: You are there-  
fore hereby required, &c. (as in the before-men-  
tioned Summons against a common Brewer.)

If

# Arrears of Duties of Excise.

32

Note,

anno 1717

If the Spirits or Strong Waters are made of Imported  
Cyder or Wine, being strong British Materials, the  
Duties thereon are Six Pence per Gallon: And  
therefore in such Case it must in the Information  
be mentioned, that the Lord-Treasurer were made from  
Foreign Materials, or from Imported Cyder, or  
from Imported Wine, as the Case shall happen to  
be; and that the Strong Waters and Spirits were  
made from Foreign Materials, or from Imported  
Cyder, or Imported Wine, as the Case happens to  
be.

But Note, That Cyder actually made in any of the  
Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, or Ne-  
gerney, of Fruits which grow there, is not to be  
deemed foreign Cyder; but Oake one of the  
said Islands.

An Information against a Retailer of Cyder  
and for Arrears, A Bill for the Double Duty  
thereof.

North-Riding of **B**E# Remembred, &c. For in the  
County of **Y**ork, (The foregoing Information against  
a common Distiller,) That one **T**homas **A**rnold of **G**isburgh, in  
the North-Riding aforesaid, at, and during the  
respective Times of Selling by Retail the Cyder  
herein after mentioned, having been, and yet  
being a Retailer of Cyder: He, the said **T**homas  
**A**rnold, at divers Times between the Five and  
Twentieth Day of December, and the First Day  
of March, both now last past, at **G**isburgh aforesaid,  
did sell by Retail several Quantities of Cy-

The Informa-  
tion.

der,

## *Informations and Proceedings for.*

der, that is to say, Seven Hogsheads of Cyder, made in England, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; and that there did accrue and become due to his said Majesty, from the said *Thomas Arnold*, for the Duties of such Cyder so made, and by him sold by Retail, as aforesaid, several Sums of Money, in the whole amounting to the Sum of Three Pounds, Fourteen Shillings, and Eight Pence, of lawful English Money, which said Duties so accrued, or any Part thereof, the said *Thomas Arnold* hath not paid or cleared off, to, or for the Use of his said Majesty, within a Month next after he (according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided,) did make, or ought to have made his Entry or Entries of the said Cyder so by him retailed, as aforesaid, or of any Part thereof, or at any Time since; but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided, whereby he hath forfeited, and ought to pay double the Value of the said Duties and Sums of Money so remaining unpaid, as aforesaid, that is to say, Seven Pounds, Nine Shillings, and Four Pence of like Money; and thereupon the said *John Todd*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us, the said Justices in the Premises; and that he may have one Fourth Part of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *Thomas Arnold* may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

**A Summons on the foregoing Information  
against a Retailer of Cyder.**  
**To Mr. Thomas Arnold, Retailer of Cyder.**

*North-Riding* **WE A.B. and C.D., Esqrs.** Two  
of the County **of his Majesty's Justices of  
the Peace for the North-Riding  
of York.** **of the County of York,** do hereby  
give you Notice, That *Jacob Tandy, Gent.* hath  
exhibited before us an Information against you,  
for the Sum of Seven Pounds, Nine Shillings,  
and Four Pence, being double the Value of cer-  
tain Duties of Excise upon Cyder, by you sold  
by Retail; the single Duties whereof you (as is  
alleged) ought long since to have paid, but  
have neglected so to do; you are therefore here-  
by required, &c. (as in the before-mentioned Sum-  
mons against a Common-Brewer.)

**An Information against a Chandler for Ar-  
rears, viz. for the Double Duty.**

*West-Riding* **BE it Remembred, &c. (as in the  
County of) Screeving Information against  
of York.** **a common Distiller,** That at divers  
Days and Times between the for-  
econd Day of November, and the six and Twenty-  
tith Day of January, both now last past, at  
Leeds in the West-Riding aforesaid; one *Thomas  
Wilson*, did make one or more Parcel or Parcels  
of Tallow Candles, chargeable with the Duties  
laid on such Candles by the Statute in such Case  
C made,

*The Informa-  
tion.*

## Informations and Proceedings for

*The Offence.*

*or Forfeiture.*

*Accord*

made, that is to say, One Thousand Pounds Weight of such Tallow Candles; and that there did accrue and become due to His said Majesty, from the said *Thomas Wilson* for the said Candles so by him made, as aforesaid, several Duties and Sums of Money, in the whole amounting to the Sum of Four Pounds, Three Shillings, and Four Pence of lawful English Money, which said Duties so accrued, or any Part thereof, the said *Thomas Wilson* hath not paid or cleared off, to; or for the Use of his said Majesty, within Six Weeks next after he (according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided,) did make or ought to have made his Entry or Entries of the said Candles so by him made, or of any Part thereof, or at any Time since, but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided; whereby he hath forfeined, and ought to pay double the Value of the said Duties so remaining unpaid, as aforesaid, that is to say, Eight Pounds, Six Shillings, and Eight Pence of like Money; and thereupon the said *Edward Rawstorne*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *Thomas Wilson* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*A Sum-*

A Summons and Information against a Chandler.

To Mr. Thomas Wilson, Chandler.

West-Riding of **WE A B and C D Esqrs.** Two of his Majesty's Justices of the County of York, of the Peace for the West-Riding of the County of York, do hereby give you Notice, That **Edward Rawsthorne, Gent.** hath exhibited before us an Information against you, for the Sum of Eight Pounds, Six Shillings, and Eight Pence, being double the Value of certain Duties upon Candles by you made; the single Duties whereof you (as he alledgeth) ought long since to have paid, but have neglected so to do.

You are, &c. (as in the Summons against a common Brewer.)

An Information against a Maltster for Arrears, vizt for the Double Duty, was to be

**Kent, II. B.** Be it Remembred, That this Six and Twentieth Day of February, in the Second Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King **George**, that now is; at Maidstone in the said County of Kent, **Philip Bamford, Gent.** in his proper Person, as well for his said Majesty, as for himself; exhibiteth to us **A B and C D, Esqrs.** Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Kent, residing near to the Place where the Forfeiture

The Recording  
the Time both  
Place of Lay-  
ing the Informa-  
tion.

*Informations and Proceedings for*

*The Informa-* ture herein after mentioned was made, a Com-  
 plaint and Information; and thereby informeth  
*the Informa-* us, That at divers Days and Times between  
*the Informa-* the Second Day of September, and the Nine and  
*the Informa-* Twentieth Day of October, both now last past,  
*the Informa-* at Maidstone aforesaid; one *Thomas Arwood*, did  
*the Informa-* make one or more Parcel or Parcels of Malt,  
*the Informa-* chargeable with the Duties laid on such Malt by  
*the Informa-* the Statute in such Case made, that is to say, in  
*the Informa-* the whole Two Thousand Bushels of Malt; and  
*the Informa-* that there did accrue and become due to His  
*the Informa-* said Majesty from the said *Thomas Arwood*  
*the Informa-* for the said Malt so by him made, as aforesaid,  
*the Informa-* certain Rates, Duties, and Sums of Mo-  
*Offense.* ney, in the whole, amounting to the Sum of  
 Forty Pounds of lawful English Money; which  
 said Duties so accrued, or any Part thereof, the  
 said *Thomas Arwood* hath not paid or cleared off,  
 to, or for the Use of His said Majesty, within  
 Four Months next after he (according to the  
 Form of the Statute in such Case made and pro-  
 vided) did make or ought to have made his En-  
 tery or Entries of the said Malt so by him made,  
 or of any Part thereof, or at any Time since;  
 but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid,  
 contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such  
*The Infirmary.* Case made and provided, whereby he hath forfeit-  
 ed, and ought to pay double the Value of the said  
 Duties so remaining unpaid, as aforesaid, that  
 is to say, One Hundred Pounds of like Money;  
 and thereupon the said *Philip Bamford*, who as  
 aforesaid, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the  
 said Justices in the Premises, and that he may  
 have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture accord-  
 ing to the Form of the Statute in such Case  
 made; and that the said *Thomas Arwood* may be  
 Summoned

Sentimoned to answer the said Premiter, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Officers.

*A Summons on the foregoing Information against a Maltster.*

To Mr. Thomas Atwood, Maltster  
Kent, &c. W<sup>m</sup> A<sup>d</sup> and C<sup>d</sup>, Esqrs. Two of His  
Majesty's Justices of the Peace for  
the County of Kent, do hereby give you Notice,  
That Philip Barnard, Gent. as well for His said  
Majesty, as for himself, hath exhibited before  
us an Information against you for the Sum of  
One Hundred Pounds, being double the Value  
of the Duty upon Malt by you made; the single  
Duty wherof you (as he alledgeth) ought long  
since to have paid, but have neglected so to do.  
You are, &c. (as in the Summons against a  
Common-Brewer.)

*An Information against a Sape-maker for A  
Year, viz. for the Double Duty of Sape.*

BE it Remembered, That on the Recording  
the Time and  
Places of laying  
the Informa-  
tion,

the Two and twentieth  
Day of December, in the Six-  
ty second Year of the Reign of  
our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE that now is  
Barnard, in the Division of the County of Lin-  
coln called Kesteven Division, George Spring, Gent.  
in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty,  
as for himself, exhibith to us M<sup>d</sup> and C<sup>d</sup> Esqrs.

## Informations and Proceedings for

Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace  
for the Division aforesaid residing near to the  
Place where the Forfeiture herein after mentioned  
was made, a Complaint and Information, and  
*The Informa-*  
*tions.* thereby informeth us, That at divers Days and  
Times between the Two and twentieth Day of  
*September*, and the Fourth Day of *November*, both  
now last past, at *Sleaford* aforesaid, one *James Collier* did make one or more Pardel or Parcels of  
Sope, that is to say, Two thousand Pounds  
Weight of Sope; and that there did accrue and  
become due to His said Majesty from the said  
*James Collier* for the said Sope so by him  
made as aforesaid, certain Rates, Duties and  
Sums of Money, in the whole amounting to  
*The Offence.* the Sum of Twelve Pounds and Ten Shillings  
of lawful English Money; which said Duties so  
accrued, or any part thereof, the said *James Collier* hath not paid or cleared off, to or for the  
Use of His said Majesty, within Six Weeks next  
after he, according to the Form of the Statute  
in such Case made and provided, did make, or  
ought to have made his Entry or Entries of the  
said Sope so by him made, or of any part thereof,  
or at any time since; but the same yet remain  
wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of  
*The Forfeiture.* the said Statute in such Case made and provided;  
Whereby he hath forfeited and ought to pay dou-  
ble the Value of the said Duties and Sums of  
Money so remaining unpaid as aforesaid, that is  
to say, Five and twenty Pounds of like Money;  
and thereupon the said *George Spong*, who as well,  
*&c.* humbly prays the Judgment of us the said  
Justices in the Premises, and that he may have  
one Moiety of the Said Forfeiture, according to  
the Form of the Statute in such Case made, and  
that

that the said James Collier may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*A Summons on the foregoing Information  
against a Sope-maker.*

*To Mr. James Collier, Sope-maker.*

*Division of Lincoln.* **S**WE A B and C D, Esqrs.  
shire, called Kesteven-Division. Two of His Majestys Justices of the Peace  
for the Division of Lincoln-  
hire called Kesteven-Division, do hereby give you Notice, That George Strong, Gent. as well for His  
said Majesty, as for himself, hath exhibited be-  
fore us an Information against you for the Sum  
of Five and twenty Pounds, being double the  
Value of the Duties upon Sope by you made ; the  
single Duty whereof you (as he alledged) ought  
long since to have paid, but have neglected so  
to do ; you are, &c. (as in the Summons against a  
Common-Brewer.)

*An Information against a Paper-maker for Ar-  
rears, viz. for the Double Duty of Paper.*

*Division of Lincoln.* **B**E it Remembred; That on  
the Seven and twentieth  
Day of January, in the Se-  
cond Year of the Reign of  
our Sovereign Lord King G EORGE that now is,  
at Spalding in the Division of the County of Lin-  
coln called Holland-Division, George Strong, Gent.  
in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty,

*The Recording  
the Time and  
Place of laying  
the Informa-  
tion.*

## Informations and Proceedings for

as for himself, exhibiteth to us A.B. and C.D. Esqrs. Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Division aforesaid, residing near to the Place where the Forfeiture herein after mentioned was made, a Complaint and Information;

*The Informer.* and thereby informeth us, That at divers Days and Times between the Eight and twentieth Day of October, and the Tenth Day of December, both now last past, at Spalding aforesaid, one James Philips did make several Parcels of Paper of several sorts and kinds, that is to say, Fifty Reams of Paper usually called or known by the Name of Demy Fine, Thirty Reams of Paper usually called or known by the Name of Crown Fine, and Twenty Bundles of Paper usually called or known by the Name of Whited Brown; and that there did accrue and become due to His said Majesty from the said James Philips for the Duties of the said Paper so by him made as aforesaid, several Sums of Money, in the whole amounting to the Sum of Five Pounds and Fifteen Shillings of lawful English Money; which said Duties so accrued, or any part thereof, the said James Philips hath not paid or cleared off, to or for the Use of His said Majesty, within Six Weeks next after he, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided, did make, or ought to have made his Entry of the said Paper so by him made, or of any Part thereof, or at any Time since; but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made: Whereby he hath forfeited and ought to pay double the Value of the said Duties and Sums of Money so remaining unpaid as aforesaid, that is to say, Eleven Pounds and Ten Shillings of like Money. And therupon

the

*The Offence.*

*The Forfeiture.*

# *Answers of Duties of Lincolne*

the said George Strong, who as well, &c. humbly  
prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the  
Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of  
the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the  
Statute in such Case made; and that the said  
*James Philips* may be summoned to Answer the  
said Premises, and to make Defence thereto be-  
fore us the said Justices.

## *A Summons on the foregoing Information against a Paper-maker.*

*To Mr. James Philips, Paper-maker.*

*Division of Lincoln-  
shire, called Hol-  
land-Division.*

**SWE 23 and C.D. Esqrs?**

*Two of His Majesty's  
Justices of the Peace for the*

*Division of Lincoln-shire cal-  
led Holland-Division, do hereby give you Notice,*

*That George Strong, Gent. as well for His said  
Majesty, as for himself, hath exhibited before  
us an Information against you for the Sum of  
Eleven Pounds and Ten Shillings, being double  
the Value of the Duties upon Paper by you made;  
the single Duties wherof you (as he alledged) ought long since to have paid, but have neglected  
so to do; you are, &c. (*in the Summons against  
a Common-Brewer.*)*

## Information and Proceedings for

**An Information against a Starch-maker for  
Arrears, viz. for the Double Duty.**

The Recording Division of Lincolnshire, called Lindsey Division. } BE it Remembred, That on the Seventeenth Day of December, in the Second Year of the Reign of our

Sovereign Lord King GEORGE that now is, at  
Grimsby, in the Division of the County of Lin-  
coln called Lindsey Division, Richard George, Gent.  
in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty,  
as for himself, exhibiteth to us A B and C D, Esqrs.  
Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for  
the Division aforesaid, residing near to the Place  
where the Forfeiture herein after mentioned was  
made, a Complaint and Information; and thereby  
informeth us, That at divers Days and Times  
between the Ninth Day of August, and the Fourth  
Day of November, both now last past, at Grimsby  
aforesaid, one Stephen King did make one or more  
Parcel or Parcels of Starch, that is to say, in the  
whole, Four thousand Pounds Weight of Starch,  
and that there did accrue and become due to His  
said Majesty from the said Stephen King, for the  
said Starch so by him made as aforesaid, certain  
Rates, Duties and Sums of Money, in the whole  
amounting to the Sum of Twenty five Pounds of  
lawful English Money; which said Duties so  
accrued, or any part thereof, the said Stephen  
King hath not paid or cleared off, to, or for the  
Use of His said Majesty, within Six Weeks next  
after he, according to the Form of the Statute in  
such Case made and provided, did make, or ought  
to have made his Entry or Entries of the said  
Starch

## *The Information.*

## *The Offence.*

## Arrears of Duties of Excise.

143

Starch by him made as aforesaid, or of any part thereof, or at any Time since; but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided; whereby he hath forfeited and ought *The Forfeiture.* to pay double the Value of the said Duties so remaining unpaid as aforesaid, that is to say, Fifty Pounds of like Money: And thereupon the said *Richard George,* who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, and that the said *Stephen King* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

### A Summons on the foregoing Information against a Starch-maker.

To Mr. Stephen King, Starch-maker.

Division of Lincoln-shire, called Lindsey Division. WE A B and C D, Esqrs. Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Division of Lincoln-shire called Lindsey Division, do hereby give you Notice, That *Richard George*, Gent. as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, hath exhibited before us an Information against you, for the Sum of Fifty Pounds, being double the Value of the Duties of Starch by you made; the single Duties whereof you (as he alledged) ought long since to have paid, but have neglected so to do; you are therefore, &c. (as in the Summons against a Common-Brewer.) An

## Instructions and Proceedings for

**An Information against a Calicoe-Printer for  
Arrears, viz. for the Double Duty of Cali-  
coes and Linens, ad eis ydorew; behivere  
et o' annuall his p[ro]p[ri]etie V. v[er]o p[ro]p[ri]et[er]o v[er]o os  
Middlesex, s[ic]. BE it Remembred, That this Twen-  
the Time and tieth Day of February, in the Se-  
Place of laying cond Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord  
the Informa- King George that now is, at Bradford in the  
tion.**

## *The Informa- tion.*

## The Offense.

# *Matters of Duties of Duties*

the Statute in such Case made and provided, did make, or ought to have made his Entry or Entries of the said Callicoes and Linnens, so by him printed, painted, stained and dyed as aforesaid; or of any part thereof, or at any Time since; but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided; whereby he hath forfeited and ought to pay double the Value of the said Duties so remaining unpaid as aforesaid; that is to say, One Hundred and thirty seven Pounds and Ten Shillings of like Money; and thereupon the said *Pensioner Allen*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moyley of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, and that the said *Thomas Allen* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*The Forfeiture*

*Note.* Though in the foregoing Information it is mentioned, that the Callicoes and Linnens were printed, painted, stained and dyed, yet such mentioning thereof in that manner, was not made necessary to prove, that all those Operations were performed, viz. That the said Callicoes and Linnens were not only printed, but that they were also painted, stained and dyed; for the Act of Parliament having laid the Duty upon any one of those Operations, the Duty accrues and becomes Due, whilst in the Crown on the performing of any of them; and perhaps some of the said Callicoes and Linnens were only printed, others only stained, and others perhaps both printed and painted, or both dyed and painted; and therefore it will best

## Informations and Proceedings for

be it in these Cases to mention all the several Operations; and if Proof be made of any one of the said Operations, such Proof will be sufficient to maintain the Information.

The Duties upon printing, &c. Silks for Handkerchiefs, being different from the Duties on printing other Silks, it will be proper in Informations for the Duties on printing, &c. Silks, to distinguish whether they are Silks for Handkerchiefs, or other Silks, thus; viz.

If they be Silks for Handkerchiefs, then thus, viz. Did print, paint, stain and dye One Hundred Yards square of Silks, being Silk Handkerchiefs,

If other Silks, then thus, viz. Did print, paint, stain and dye One Hundred Yards square of Silks, not being Silk Handkerchiefs,

### A Summons on the foregoing Information against a Printer of Calicoes and Linnens.

To Mr. Thomas Allen, Printer of Calicoes, &c.

Middlesex, the V<sup>e</sup> A B and C D, Esqrs. Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Middlesex, do hereby give you Notice, That Penetron <sup>et al.</sup> Gent. as well for his said Majesty, as for himself, hath exhibited before us an Information against you for the Sum of One Hundred and thirty Seven Pounds and Ten Shillings, being double the Value of the Duties of Calicoes and Linnens by you printed, painted, stained and dyed; the single

single Duties whereof you (as he alledgeth) ought long since to have paid; but have neglected so to do as You are therefore, the (as in the Sermons against Common Diseases) 10th JUy 1682  
-as the rest of the Month of August and  
also till the 1st of September. I desire you

An Information against a Maker of Vinegar,  
for Arrears, viz. for the Double Duty.

**Kent, S. BE it Remembered, That this Ninth Day of March in the Second Year**

Kent, &c. BE it Remembered, That this Ninth  
Day of March, in the Second Year  
of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King  
George, that now is ; at Bromley, in the  
County of Kent, Philip Bamford, Gent. in his  
proper Person, as well for His said Majesty, as  
for himself, exhibith to us A. B. and C. D.  
Esqrs. Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the  
Peace for the said County, residing near to the  
Place where the Forfeiture herein after men-  
tioned was made, a Complaint and Information;  
and thereby informeth us, That at divers Days <sup>The Informa-</sup>  
and Times between the Seventeenth Day of <sup>the</sup> January, and the Fifteenth Day of February,  
both now last past, at Bromley in the said County  
of Kent, one Jasper Smith, did make several  
Quantities of Vinegar for Sale, that is to say,  
six Barrels of Vinegar for Sale, and that (at  
and during the respective Time and Times of  
Making the said Vinegar, and of every part  
thereof,) he was, and yet is a Maker of Vinegar  
for Sale; and that there did accrue and become  
due to His said Majesty, from the said Jasper  
Smith, for the said Vinegar so by him made, as  
aforesaid, certain Rates, Duties, and Sums of  
Money, in the whole amounting to the Sum of  
Two Pounds, Twelve Shillings, and Six Pence <sup>The Offense:</sup>  
<sup>and</sup>

*Informations and Proceedings for*

of lawful English Money, which said Duties so  
accrued, or any part thereof, the said Jasper  
Smith hath not paid or cleared off, to, or for  
the Use of His said Majesty within a Month  
next after he (according to the Form of the Sta-  
tute in such Case made and provided,) did make  
or ought to have made his Entry or Entries of  
the said Vinegar to by him made, or of any  
part thereof, or at any Time since; but the  
same yet remain wholly due and unpaid, con-  
trary to the Form of the said Statute in such  
Case made and provided; whereby he hath for-  
feited, and ought to pay double the Value of  
the said Duties so remaining unpaid, as aforesaid,  
that is to say, Five Pounds and Five Shillings of  
like Money, and thereupon the said Philip Bam-  
ford, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judg-  
ment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and  
that he may have one Fourth part of the said  
Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute  
in such Case made, and that the said Jasper Smith  
may be summoned to answer the said Premises,  
and to make Defence thereto before us the said  
Justices.

*A Summons on the foregoing Information  
to stand against a Vinegar Makr.*

*To Mr. Jasper Smith, Maker of Vinegar,*

Kent, &c. W<sup>E</sup>. R<sup>B</sup> and C<sup>D</sup>. Elgs. Two of  
His Majesty's Justices of the  
Peace for the County of Kent, do hereby give  
you Notice, That Philip Bamford, Gent. as well  
for His said Majesty, as for himself, hath exhib-  
ited

## Arrears of Duties of Excise.

49

bited before us an Information against you, for the Sum of Five Pounds and Five Shillings, being double the Value of the Duties of Vinegar by you made for Sale, the single Duties whereof, you (as he alledged) ought long since to have paid, but have neglected so to do: You are therefore, &c. (as in the Summons against a common Brewer.)

An Information and Summons against a Maker of Sweets, for the double Duty of Sweets, may be in the like Form as before against a Vinegar-Maker, inserting the Word Sweets instead of Vinegar.

## An Information against a Mead-Maker for Arrears, viz. for the Double Duty of Mead.

Essex, &c. BE it Remembered, That on the second Day of April, in the First Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE, that now is; at Chelmsford in the County of Essex, William Milton, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for his said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us A B and C D, Esqrs. Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, residing near to the Place where the Forfeiture herein after-mentioned was made, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That one James Harris of Chelmsford in the said County of Essex, at, and during the respective Time and Times of the Making the Mead herein after-mentioned, having been, and yet being a Maker of Mead; he, the said James Harris at divers Days and Times between the first

D Day

## Informations and Proceedings for

*The Offence.*

Day of January, and the Seven and Twentieth Day of February, both now last past, at Chelmsford aforesaid, did sell several Quantities of Mead; that is to say, One Hundred Gallons of Mead, which had been there made by him the said James Harris; and that there did accrue and become due to His said Majesty, from the said James Harris, for the said Mead so by him made and sold, as aforesaid, certain Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money, in the whole amounting to the Sum of Four Pounds, Eleven Shillings, and Eight Pence, of lawful English Money, which said Duties so accrued, or any part thereof, the said James Harris hath not paid or cleared off, to, or for the Use of His said Majesty, within a Month next after he (according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided,) did make, or ought to have made his Entry or Entries of the said Mead so by him made and sold, as aforesaid, or of any part thereof, or at any Time since, but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided;

*The Forfeiture.* whereby he hath forfeited, and ought to pay double the Value of the said Duties so remaining unpaid, as aforesaid, that is to say, Nine Pounds, Three Shillings, and Four Pence of like Money; and thereupon the said William Milton, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Fourth Part of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said James Harris may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

A Sum-

## Arrears of Duties of Excise.

51

### A Summons on the foregoing Information against a Mead-maker.

To Mr. James Harris, a Maker of Mead.

Essex, ss. WE A. B. and C. D. Esqrs. Two  
of his Majesty's Justices of the  
Peace for the County of Essex, do hereby give  
you Notice, That William Milton, Gent. as well  
for his said Majesty, as for himself, hath exhibi-  
ted before us an Information against you, for the  
Sum of Nine Pounds, Three Shillings, and Four  
Pence, being double the Value of the Duties of  
Mead by you made and sold; the single Duties  
whereof you (as he alledged) ought long since  
to have paid, but have neglected so to do: You  
are therefore, &c. (as in the Summons against a  
common Brewer.)

### An Information against a First Buyer of Cy- der, for Arrears, viz. for the Double Duty.

Sussex, ss. BE it Remembred, That on the First Day  
of February, in the Second Year of  
the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE,  
that now is; at Horsham in the County of Sussex,  
William Rutherford, Gent. in his proper Person,  
as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, ex-  
hibith to us A B and C D, Esqrs. Two of His  
said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said  
County, residing near to the Place where the  
Forfeiture herein after mentioned was made, a  
Complaint and Information; and thereby in-

The Recording  
the Time and  
Place of lay-  
ing the Infor-  
mation.

## Informations and Proceedings for

*The Informa-  
tion.*

formeth us, That between the Second Day of November, and the Nine and Twentieth Day of December, both now last past, at Horsham in the said County of Sussex, one *Richard Andrews* was the first Buyer of Six Hogsheads of Cyder, made in Great-Britain for Sale ; and that there did accrue and become due to his said Majesty, from the said *Richard Andrews* for the said Cyder so by him bought as aforesaid, certain Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money, in the whole amounting to the Sum of One Pound and four Shillings of lawful English Money, which said Duties so accrued, or any part thereof, the said *Richard Andrews* hath not paid or cleared off, to, or for the Use of His said Majesty within one Month next after he (according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided) did make or ought to have made his Entry or Entries of the said Cyder so by him bought, as aforesaid, or of any part thereof, or at any Time since, but the same yet remain wholly due and unpaid contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and provided ; whereby he hath forfeited, and ought to pay double the Value of the said Duties so remaining unpaid, as aforesaid, that is to say, Two Pounds and Eight Shillings of like Money ; and thereupon the said *William Rutherford*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made ; and that the said *Richard Andrews* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*The Forfeiture.*

A Sum-

A Summons on the foregoing Information  
against a first Buyer of Cyder.

To Mr. Richard Andrews, first Buyer of Cyder.

Suffex, II. WE A B and C D, Esqrs; Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Suffex, do hereby give you Notice, That William Rutherford, Gent. as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, hath exhibited before us an Information against you as first Buyer of Cyder, for the Sum of Two Pounds and Eight Shillings, being double the Value of the Duty of Cyder arising upon such first buying thereof; the single Duty whereof, you (as he alledgedeth) ought long since to have paid, but have neglected so to do: You are therefore, &c. (as in the Summons against a common Brewer.)

D 3 CHAP.

## C H A P. III.

## Informations for not making True Entries.

An Information against a Maltster for not  
making a True Entry of Malt made in Two  
Months.

The Recording  
the Time and  
Place of lay-  
ing the Infor-  
mation.

The Informa-  
tion.

County of Wilts, &c. BE it Remembered, That this  
second Day of January, in  
the first Year of the Reign of our Sovereign  
Lord King GEORGE, that now is, at Chippen-  
ham in the said County of Wilts, Edward Wi-  
tton, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for  
His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to  
us A B and C D, Esqrs. Two of His said Ma-  
jesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County,  
residing near to the Place where the Forfeiture  
herein after mentioned was made, a Complaint  
and Information; and thereby informeth us,  
That according to the Form of the Statute in  
such Case made, an Office of Excise hath for  
several Years now last past, been, and yet is pub-  
licly and constantly kept at and in Chippenham  
aforesaid, by a proper Officer of the same,  
thereunto duly constituted, appointed, and qua-  
lified, and duly attending at the said Office, ac-  
cording to the Direction of the said Statute; and  
that at several Times within a Month to be  
computed from the last Day of October, now last  
past, and at several Times within another Month,  
to be computed from the last Day of November  
now last past, within the Limits of the said  
Office, that is to say, at Bowden in the said  
County

County of Wilts, one Christopher Harris did make Malt, and at and during the Time and Times of the Making thereof, and of every part thereof; he, the said Christopher Harris, was and yet is there a Maltster and Maker of Malt, and did not compound for the Duries of the said Malt; and as such Maltster and Maker of Malt at the Office of Excise before-mentioned; (being the next Office of Excise to the Place where he so made the said Malt, as aforesaid) He, the said Christopher Harris in each of the said Months ought to have made a true Entry of all the Malt by him there so made in that Month respectively, according to the Form of the Statute in that Case made and provided; but that the said Christopher Harris *The Offence.*

Harris hath not at the said Office (being the next Office of Excise) or at any other Office of Excise, made such true Entry or Entries thereof, but such true Entry or Entries so to make, hath voluntarily and fraudulently neglected and omitted, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby he within the Time aforesaid, having omitted and neglected as aforesaid, to make Two Monthly Entries of the Malt by him so made, as aforesaid; he, for every and each of the said Omissions and Neglects as aforesaid, hath forfeited Ten Pounds of lawful English Money, that is to say, in the whole Twenty Pounds of like Money; and thereupon the said Edward Wibington, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us, the said Justices in the Premises; and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said Christopher Harris may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*The Forfeiture.*

## Informations for not making True Entries.

### *A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Christopher Harris, Maltster.*

*County of Wilts, &c. WE A B and C D, Esqrs.*

Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Wilts, do hereby give you Notice, That Edward Wibington, Gent. hath exhibited before us an Information against you for the Sum of Twenty Pounds, by you forfeited, by reason of your not making at the next Excise-Office, true Entries of Malt by you made in Two several Months, viz. one computed from the last Day of October, and the other from the last Day of November, now last past: You are therefore hereby required to appear before us, at the House of, &c. (as before in other Summons.)

*An Information against a Paper-Maker for  
not making a true Entry of Paper by him  
made in Six Weeks.*

*The Recording County of Hertford, &c. BE it Remembred, That  
the Time and Place of laying the Information.*

B this Fifteenth Day of March in the First Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE, that now is; at Hatfield in the said County of Hertford, Richard Backwell, Gent, in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us A B and C D, Esqrs. Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, residing near to the Place where the Forfeiture

feiture herein after mentioned was made, a Complaint and Information ; and thereby informeth us, That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, an Office of Excise and for the Duties on Paper hath for several Years now last past been and yet is publickly and constantly kept at and in *Hatfield* aforesaid, by a proper Officer of the same, thereunto duly constituted, appointed, and qualified, and duly attending at the said Office according to the Direction of the said Statute ; and that at several Times in six Weeks to be computed from the fifteenth Day of *January* now last past, within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at *Hatfield* aforesaid, one *William Shepheard* did make one or more sort or sorts, kind or kinds of Paper, which within the Time aforesaid was and were made fit for use ; and at the Office before-mentioned being the Office of Excise and for the said Duties on Paper next to the Place where the said Paper was made ; he, the said *William Shepheard* (according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made) ought in the said six Weeks to have made a true Entry in Writing of all the Paper by him so made fit for Use within the said six Weeks, and that such Entry ought to have contained the just Kinds and Quantities of the said Paper so by him made fit for Use as aforesaid ; but that the said *William Shepheard* hath not at the said Office, being the next Office of Excise and for the said Duties, or at any other Office of Excise, or for the said Duties on Paper made such true Entry thereof, but such true Entry so to make, hath voluntarily and fraudulently neglected and omitted, contrary to the Form of the said Statute, whereby he hath forfeited Fifty Pounds of law-*The Perfeiture.* ful

*Informations for not making True Entries.*

ful English Money: And thereupon the said  
*Richard Backwell*, who as well, &c. humbly prays  
 the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Pre-  
 mises, and that he may have one Moicity, of  
 the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of  
 the Statute in such Case made; and that the  
 said *William Shepheard* may be Summoned to an-  
 swer the said Premises, and to make Defence  
 thereto before us the said Justices,

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. William Shepheard, Paper-Maker.*

*County of Hertford, S* WE AB and CD, Esqs; two  
 of His Majesty's Ju-  
 stices of the Peace for the said County of Hert-  
 ford, do hereby give you Notice, That *Richard*  
*Backwell*, Gent. hath exhibited before us an In-  
 formation against you for the Sum of Fifty Pounds  
 by you forfeited, by Reason of your not making  
 at the next Excise-Office, a true Entry of the  
 several sorts or kinds of Paper by you made fit  
 for Use in six Weeks, to be computed from the  
 fifteenth Day of January, now last past: You  
 are therefore hereby required to appear before  
 us, at the House of, &c. (as before in other Sum-  
 mons.)

# Informations for not making True Entries.

59

## An Information against a Maker of Candles, for not making a True Entry of Candles.

County of D. &c. BE it Remembered, &c. (as in  
the foregoing Information a-  
gainst a Paper-Maker.) And that at several Times *The Informa-*  
in six Weeks, to be computed from the last Day *tion.*  
of April, now last past, within the Limits of the  
said Office, that is to say, at *B.* in the said  
County of D. one *W D* did make Tallow-Can-  
dles of several Sizes, and at the Office before-  
mentioned being the Office of Excise next to  
the Place where the said Candles were made, he  
the said *W D* (according to the Form of the Sta-  
tute in such Case made) ought to have made a  
true Entry in Writing of all the said Candles so by  
him made, as aforesaid, and that such Entry  
ought to have contained the Weight, Number,  
and Size of the Candles therein mentioned re-  
spectively, and what Quantity thereof was made  
at each Course in the several Weeks to which  
such Entry should have related; but that the *The Offence.*  
said *W D* hath not made such true Entry at the  
Office before-mentioned, or at any other Office  
of Excise, but hath wholly neglected to make  
such true Entry, contrary to the Form of the  
Statute; whereby he hath forfeited Twenty  
Pounds, &c. (as before in other Informations for not  
making true Entries.)

According to the Forms of the Informations next be-  
fore, other like Informations may be drawn against  
other Manufacturers for not making true Entries  
according to the respective Clauses in the several  
*Acts*

## Informations for not making True Entries.

Acts of Parliament, requiring such Entries to be made, (that is,) by the Excise Acts Common-Brewers are to make their Entries once in every Week; Inn-Kopers, Victuallers, and Retailers of Cyder, Perry, Metheglin, and Mead, making and retailing the same, are to make their Entries once in every Month; Distillers, Vinegar-Makers, Maltsters, and Refiners, and Drawers of Wine, are to make their Entries once in every Month.

Makers of Candles, Sope, Paper, and Starch, and Printers and Painters of Paper for Hanging, and Printers and Painters of Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuff, (out of the Weekly Bills of Mortality) are to make their respective Entries once in every six Weeks: When therefore there is Occasion to lay Informations against any of these, such Informations must respectively be laid for not making such Entries every Week, Month, or six Weeks, according to the said different Manufactures, on Account whereof such Information shall be so laid.

**C H A P.**

**C H A P. IV.**

*Of the Clauses requiring Notice to be given of Places and Utensils for making and working Manufactures charged with Duties.*

THAT the Officers may know to what Places to resort for the taking Accounts of all Manufactures chargeable with the Duties of Excise, &c. and that the doing thereof may be practicable and easie, and that Persons liable to these Duties may not escape and avoid being duly charged therewith by means of their making such Liquors or Manufactures privately; the several and respective Acts of Parliament relating to these Duties do require, That such Persons as are Chargeable with the said Duties (before they begin to make or work such Manufactures) do give Notice at the next Office of Excise, or Office for the said respective Duties, of their Names and Places of Abode, and of all the Work-Houses, Ware-Houses, Store-Houses, Rooms, and Places by them intended to be used, either for the laying and keeping the Materials to be used for the making, working, or finishing such Manufactures, or for the laying and keeping thereof when made, and also of all Utensils and Vessels by them intended to be used in the preparing, working, or making such Manufactures; and as such Persons shall or do from Time to Time remove from one Place to another, or change their Work-Houses, Ware-Houses, Store-Houses, or other Rooms or Places used for the Purpose

## Of Informations for not giving Notice.

poses before-mentioned, or shall alter or inlarge such their Utensils or Vessels, or shall make use of any other or others than such as they have given such Notice of ; they before they so do, are by the said several and respective Acts of Parliament required to give the like Notice, but if they omit or neglect the giving such Notice, they then incur and subject themselves to several and respective Penalties and Forfeitures in the said respective Acts of Parliament, which are different, according to the said different Manufactures on which the said Duties are laid.

And for the Ease and Conveniency of the Persons required to give such Notices, Offices of Excise, and for the said several other Duties are established and appointed in every Market-Town, and there kept and attended by proper Office-Keepers appointed to receive, file, and keep all such Notices ; and therefore such Persons as are required to give such Notices should take care to file their Notices at the proper Offices, with the proper Officer there, and not content themselves with giving verbal Notices to the Gaugers and Officers who go from House to House to take Accounts of such Manufactures, because these Officers being frequently removed from Place to Place, Notices to them won't in any manner answer the Design and Intent of the Acts of Parliament in these Cases ; but the Notices ought to be at the respective Offices which are fix'd and permanent : And tho' sometimes the said Offices are changed and removed from one House to another, yet whenever that happens, all the Notices which have been filed at the Houses and Places where the said Offices have been kept, are transmitted to the Houses and Places

## Of Informations for not giving Notice

62

Places where the Offices for the Time then to come are to be kept, at an Islande in the River Lot.

The not giving the Notices hitherto beene the Occasion of great Frauds, some having carried on their Trades without giving any Notices at all, and others having given Notices of partly only of the Places and Utensils by themselves and having and using other Places and Utensils privately and without Notice. These Acts of Parliament for the preventing such Frauds, and for punishing them when committed, have laid Penalties not only on the Persons principally concerned in these Frauds, but also upon others who are but collaterally concerned therein.

Where a Common-Brewer without giving Notice, uses any Tun, Back, or Cooler, being in a House, Out-House, or other Place in the Occupation of any other Person, or that doth keep a Stock of Beer or Ale in a Store-House, Cellar, or other Place belonging to an House in the Occupation of another Person, not only such Brewer forfeits Fifty Pounds, but also the Occupier of the House or Place wherein such Tun, Back, or Cooler is, or is which such Store-House, Cellar, or other Place standeth doth likewise forfeit Fifty Pounds for every such Tun, Back, Cooler, or Store-House.

So likewise in Cales where a Tun, Cask, Wash-Bath, Copper, Still, or other Vessel used by a Common-Distiller, without Notice is found or discovered in an House, Out-House or other Place in the Occupation of any other Person, not only the Distiller, but also the Occupier of such House, Out-House or Place, willable to the Penalties in such Case.

To

Besides

*Of Informations for not giving Notice.*

Besides these Penalties, there are likewise several other Penalties, as for hiding and concealing Liquors and Manufactures liable to these Duties; but in most Cases where the giving due Notice hath been neglected, the best Way will be to proceed for these Penalties for not giving such Notice, and therefore when any Thing hidden or concealed is discovered, it will be adviseable to examine whether such hiding has been carried on by reason of not giving due Notice, and if it hath, it will be best to lay the Information for not giving such Notice.

*Note,*

By the Act of 15. Car. II. the Penalties upon Common-Brewers, Inn-Keepers, and Victuallers for not giving due Notice of their Utensils and Vessels, are to be distributed into three parts, viz. one Third to the Crown, one other Third to the Poor of the Parish where the Offence is committed, and the other Third to the Informer; and therefore in Informations of that kind against Common-Brewers, Inn-Keepers, or Victuallers, it will be proper to mention such Information to be laid as well for His Majesty, and the poor of the Parish, (naming the particular Parish where the Offence happeneth to be,) as for the Informer; but such naming the Poor of the Parish will not be proper in any other Case but only in this particular Case against Brewers and Victuallers upon this particular Clause in this Act of Parliament; for by all the other Acts of Parliament the Forfeitures are to be distributed between the Crown and the Informer, and some other Penalties laid by this very Act are thereby expressly directed to be distributed between the Crown and the Informer without appointing any part to the Poor of the Parish.

*applied*

The

The Duties by the two first Acts and by all the other Acts are laid upon all Beer and Ale brewed by the Common-Brewer, or any other Person or Persons who doth or shall sell or keep out Beer or Ale publicly or privately; and therefore all such as retail and sell Beer or Ale privately and without owning themselves to be Victuallers, are as much liable to the Duties, and if (not Byer Brewers) are as properly Victuallers as those who own themselves so to be; and if such private Sellers omit to give Notice, they are as much liable to the Penalties as other Victuallers.

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**E CHAP.**

The Descri<sup>s</sup> of the Office of the Excise and the  
the other A<sup>g</sup>es. The P<sup>ri</sup>ce Book and the  
Power by the Common Pleas, as it is now  
**Informations and Summons for not  
giving Notice** for the  
Information against the  
Copper, and Copper by him used for Brew-  
ing Beer and Ale  
happes to the Penalties as the Law directs.

**T**he Recording City of Bristol, &c. BE it Remembred, That this  
the Time and  
Place of laying the Twelfth Year of the Reign of our Sov-  
ereign Lady Queen ANNE, that now is, at  
the Informa- the said City of Bristol, Morris Price, Gent. in  
tion. his proper Person, as well for Her said Majest<sup>y</sup>,  
and for the Poor of the Parish of St. Stephen in  
the said City of Bristol, as for himself, exhib-  
iteth to us A B, Esq; Mayor of the said City  
of Bristol, and C D, Gent. one of the Aldermen  
of the City aforesaid, Two of Her said Majes-  
t<sup>y</sup>'s Justices of the Peace for the City aforesaid,  
residing near to the Place where the Offences  
herein after-mentioned were committed, a Com-  
plaint and Information ; and thereby informeth

**The Informa- u<sup>s</sup>, That according to the Form of the Statute  
tion.** in such Case made and provided, an Office of  
**An Office of Excise** for divers Years now last past, hath been  
and yet is publickly and constantly kept at and  
in the said City of Bristol by a proper Officer of  
the same, thereunto duly constituted and ap-  
pointed, and there from Time to Time attend-  
ing, according to the Direction of the said Sta-  
tute ;

Information for the King's M'.

83

Statute, and now within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, in the Parish of St. Stephen in the said City of Bristol, one Nicholas Norman for three Months now past and longer hath been and yet is an inhabitant and a Common-Brewer at a common Brew-House there belonging to and used by him, and at one or more Pubs of Times within Three Months now past, that is to say, on the One and Twentieth Day of December now past at the Parish aforesaid, did make use of one Tun, one Fat, one Back, one Cooler, and one Copper for the Brewing and making his Beer, Ale, and Worts; and in them did then and there brew and make Beer, Ale, and Worts, and that the said Tun, Fat, Back, Cooler, or Copper so made use of as aforesaid, and every of them, being other than such as had been made use of in his said common Brew-House, or openly discovered or known before the Second Day of September in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Six Hundred Sixty and Three; the said Nicholas Norman The Offender, before he so used the same and every of them, viz. Not giving Notice thereof, did not at the said Office (being the next Office within the Limits of which he then did inhabit,) or at any other Office of Excise, or to any Commissioner, Farmer, or Sub-Commissioner of Excise for the Time being, give any Notice of them, any or either of them, as by the Statute in such Case made he ought to have done; but did voluntarily and fraudulently neglect and omit giving such Notice, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; whereby he for every and each the said Tun, Fat, Back, Cooler, and Copper respectively so used as aforesaid without Notice, hath forfeited Fifty Pounds The Forfeiture a-piece

*Informations for not giving Notice.*

a-piece of lawful Money of England, that is to  
pay, in all Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds of  
like lawful Money; and thereupon the said  
*Morris Price*, who as well, &c. humbly prays  
the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Pre-  
mises, and that he may have one Third Part  
of the said Forcitures, according to the Form  
of the Statute in such Case made: and that the  
said *Nicholas Norman* may be Summoned to an-  
swer the said Premises, and to make Defence  
thereto before us the said Justices.

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Nicholas Norman, Common-Brewer.*

*City of Bristol, A. WE A B, Esq; Mayor of*  
*C D, Gent, one of the Aldermen of the said*  
*City, Two of her Majesty's Justices of the*  
*Peace for the City aforesaid, do hereby give you*  
*Notice, That Morris Price, Gent. hath exhibited*  
*an Information against you for the Sum of Two*  
*Hundred and Fifty Pounds by you forfeited,*  
*for not giving Notice of one Tun, one Far,*  
*one Back, one Cooler, and one Copper by you*  
*made use of for the Brewing of Beer and Ale;*  
*you are therefore hereby required to appear be-*  
*fore us, at the House of E F, being the Sign of*  
*the Red-Lyon, an Inn and publick House in the Pa-*  
*rish of St. Stephen in the City aforesaid, on the*  
*Seventeenth Day of January now instant, at*  
*Three of the Clock in the Afternoon of the said*  
*Day, then and there to answer the said Infor-*  
*mation, and to make Defence thereto; but if*  
*you*

you neglect so to do; we shall proceed as if you was personally present, has need then, also that And we do further authorize and require Mr. G. H. Officer of Excise or any other Officer of Excise, to serve this our Summons, and to attend us at the Time and Place before mentioned, then and there to make a Return thereof to us the said Justices. Given under our Hands at Bristol aforesaid, this Tenth Day of January, 1714/15.

An Information against a Common Brewer, for not giving Notice of a private Store-House by him used for the Laying Beer and Ale in Cask, the said Store-House being in one Parish and the Brew-House in another.

Town and County of **B** B it Remembred, That this <sup>The Recording</sup> of the Town of **B** Second Day of May, in the Time and Nottingham, the First Year of the Reign <sup>the Informa-</sup> of our Sovereign Lord King <sup>tion.</sup> **G**eorge that now is, at the Town and County of the Town of *Nottingham*, **J**ohn *Cowley*, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty, and the Poor of the Parish of St. *Nicholas* in the said Town of *Nottingham*, as for himself, exhibith to us **A** *B*, Esq; Mayor of the said Town of *Nottingham*, and **C** *D*, Gent. one of the Aldermen of the Town aforesaid, Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Town aforesaid, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after-mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That according to the <sup>The Informa-</sup> Form of the Statute in such Case made and pro-<sup>tion.</sup>

# Inquisitions former giving Notice.

*An Office of* visted; an Office of Excise, for divers Years now last past, hath been and yet is publicly and conspicuously kept up and in the said Town of Newington, by a proper Officer of the same, therewithal duly constituted and appointed, and therefrom time to time attending, according to the

*That the Defendant is a Common-Brewer.*

Direction of the said Subtire; and that within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, in the Parish of St Peter in the Town aforesaid, one William Smith for three Months now last past and longer, hath been and yet is an Inhabitant and a Common-Brewer at a common Brew-House there belonging to and used by him; and so being such Common-Brewer as aforesaid, he

*He then make use of one private and concealed Place or Store-House for the laying and keeping in Cask his Beer, Ale, and Worts, and in the said private and concealed Place or Store-House, did then and there lay and keep in Casks, Beer, Ale, and Worts, and that the said Place or Store-House so made use of as aforesaid, being other than such as had been made use of in, his said common Brew-House or openly discovered or known before the second Day of September in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Six Hundred Sixty and Three; the said William Smith before he so used the said Place or Store-House, did not at the said Office, being the next Office of Excise to his Habitation, or at any other Office of Excise, or to any Commissioners, or Factors, or Sub-Commissioners of Excise, for the*

*The Offence.*

viz. not giving Notice therof.

f

Information in the foregoing Case.

time being, give an Notice of the said place  
or Store-House as aforesaid; as by the  
Statute in such Case made he ought to have  
done; but hath voluntarily and fraudulently re-  
lected and omitted giving such Notice, contrary  
to the Form of the Statute in such Case made;  
whereby he hath forfeited the sum of Fifty *The Forfeiture.*  
Pounds of lawfull English Money: and ther-  
upon the said John Cowley, who as well &  
humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Ju-  
stices in the Premises, and that he may have  
one Third Part of the said Forfeiture according  
to the Form of the Statute in such Case made;  
and that the said William Smith may be sum-  
moned to answer the said Premises, and to make  
Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

Note, The Words (in Cask) mentioned in the Case  
on which this Information is founded, are there-  
in intended to distinguish between such Store-Houses,  
or Cellars as are used either for the laying Up  
whilst brewing, or for the laying Stores of drink  
for Customers and such other Cellars, &c. as may  
be used only for the laying such Beer or Ale in  
Bottles as are for the private Use of Brewers.

#### A Summons on the foregoing Information.

To Mr. William Smith, Common-Brewer.

Town and County of the Town of Nottingham, ss. WE A B Esq; Mayor of the said Town of Nottingham, and C D, Gent. one of the Aldermen of the Town aforesaid, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace

## Informations for not giving Notice.

Peace for the Town aforesaid, do hereby give you Notice, That John Cowley, Gent hath exhibited an Information against you, for the Sum of Fifty Pounds by you forfeited for not giving Notice of one private and concealed Place or Store-House by you made use of for the laying and keeping your Beer, Ale, and Worts in Cask: You are therefore hereby required to appear before us, at the House of E F, being the Sign of the Crown, an Inn and publick House in the Parish of St. Nicholas in the Town of Nottingham aforesaid, on the ninth Day of May now instant, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon of the said Day, then and there to answer the said Information, and to make Defence thereto, but if you neglect so to do, we shall proceed as if you was personally present.

And we do further authorize and require Mr. G H, Officer of Excise, or any other Officer of Excise to serve this our Summons, and to attend us at the Time and Place before-mentioned, then and there to make Return thereof to us the said Justices. Given under Our Hands at Nottingham aforesaid, this second Day of May, 1715.

A Summons or the like Information.

To Mr. William Cunnon-Briscoe

An  
to the said Town of Nottingham  
and to the said C D Gent one  
of the two Justices of the Peace to  
the said Town to own his  
Passc E

in this to selfe than eit pined benn  
**An Information against the Occupation of an**  
**Houſe in which there was found a Store-Houſe,**  
**or Place made uſe of by a Common-Brewer**  
**for the laying Beer, Ale, and Worts, witho-**  
**ut Notice; the said Brewer living in one**  
**Pariſh, and the said Store-Houſe being in**  
**another Pariſh.**

Town and County of **B**E it Remembred, &c. (as  
the Town of Nottingham, &c. in the Information next heare) <sup>and</sup> **in** <sup>the</sup> **Year;** and for ſuch the Keeping  
of an Office of Excife by an Officer  
thereof, as in the foregoing Information.) And that  
within Three Months now laſt past, that is to <sup>A private</sup> <sup>Store-Houſe</sup> <sup>founder, &c.</sup>  
say, on the Teath Day of April now laſt past, <sup>Being part of</sup> <sup>the Message in</sup> <sup>the Defendant's</sup> <sup>Occupation.</sup>  
and within the Limits of the ſaid Office, that is  
to say, at the Parish of St. Nicholas in Nottingham  
aforeſaid, there was found and discovered a pri-  
uate and concealed Place or Store-houſe, then  
and there uſed by William Smith, then and there  
a Common-Brewer of Beer and Ale, for the laying  
and keeping Beer and Ale in Casks; and that  
the ſaid private and concealed Place or Store-  
houſe then and there was part of, or belonging to a  
Meſſage-houſe and Out-houſe ſituate in the  
Pariſh of St. Nicholas aforesaid, then and there in  
the Occupation of one John Roberts, and being  
other than ſuch as had been made uſe of in the  
Common-Brew-houſe of him the ſaid William Smith,  
or openly discovered or known before the ſecond <sup>The Office;</sup>  
Day of September, 1663; the ſame was ſo found <sup>viz. Not giv-</sup>  
out and discovered as aforesaid, before any Notice <sup>ing Notice</sup>  
therof had been given at the Office before men- <sup>thereof.</sup>

copiae

tioned,

24

# Information for my going to North.

tioned, being the next Office of Excise, or at any other Office of Excise, or to any Commissioner or Factor, or Sub-Commissioner of Excise, for the Time being, as it such Case ought to have been given; and that the giving such Notice thereto, was voluntarily and fraudulently neglected and omitted, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made: Whereby, the said John Roberts, being as aforesaid Occupier of the said Messuage-houle and Out-house before-mentioned, he, by reason of the Premises, and according to the Statute in such Case made, hath forfeited Fifty Pounds of lawful English Money; And whereupon the said John Cowley, who as well, & verily prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Third part of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, and that the said John Roberts may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

## A Summons on the foregoing Information.

To Mr. John Roberts: you his son  
of late going unprovided to the place where he was born, and alio-  
ni Town and County of W. Esq; Mayor of  
the Town of North. In the said Town of North-  
inghain, at the King's Bench and Old Gaol, One  
o'clock to the Aldermen of the Town  
aforesaid, Two of His Majestys Justices of the  
Peace for the Town aforesaid, do hereby give  
you Notice, That John Cowley, Gentleman, hath exhib-  
ited an Information against you for the sum of  
Fifty Pounds by you forfeited as being the Owner  
cupier

*Information against Richard*

75

cripted of a Melford House and Garthwaite  
which there was found and discovered a private  
and concealed Place of Storehouse, which had  
been and was made use of by William Smith  
Coffin-Brewer, for laying and keeping Beer,  
Ale, and Worts in Cask, without giving due  
Notice thereof at the next Office of Excise. You  
are therefore hereby required to appear before  
us at the House, ~~as in the Summons were before~~  
~~now come to this Court to and be ready~~

*An Information against a Vintner for not  
giving Notice of a Bush-Garden and Privates  
Store-house.*

~~Item this thirtieth instant in the Year of Our Lord  
Anno Domini M. D. C. L. X. and in the Reign of our Sovereign  
King James the Second, by the Grace of God King of Great Britain  
Ireland and of the British Islands, &c. &c.~~

*B*E it Remembred That this Tenth Day the <sup>10th</sup> ~~Twenty~~ <sup>13th</sup> ~~Year~~ <sup>of the</sup> ~~Reign~~ <sup>Year</sup> <sup>of the</sup> ~~Time~~ <sup>of the</sup> ~~Place~~ <sup>of laying</sup> <sup>the</sup> ~~Informa-~~ <sup>tion.</sup>  
the Thirteenth Year of the Time and Place of laying the Information.  
the Reign of our Sovereign Lady Queen Anne, then now is, at Ilford, in the said County of Essex, John Wood, Gent. in his proper Person, as well  
for Her said Majesty and for the Poor of the  
Parish of Walthamstow, in the said County of  
Essex, has for Himself established and set up  
C. D. B. Two of Her said Majesty's Justices  
of the Peace for the said County of Essex, Resid-  
ing near to the Place where the Offence herein  
after mentioned was committed; a Complaint  
and Information; and thereby informed us, The Infor-  
That according to the Form of the Statute in this  
such Case made and provided, an Office of Ex-  
cise for diverse Years now past hath been estab-  
lished and ever is publicly and constantly kept  
king in the said County, by a proper Officer, by  
the said Sheriff duly constituted and appointed  
and these from time to time attending, ac-  
cording to the Direction of the said Statute; and  
that

Injunctions for not giving Notice.

that within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Walshamew aforesaid, one Claudius Scot for Three Months now last past and longer, hath been an Inhabitant and a Victualler, Retailer,

*That the De  
fendant is a  
Vintner, Retailer,  
and Seller, &c.*

and a Tapper-out, and Seller of Beer and Ale brewer having a Brew-house, or Place of Brewing there belonging to, and used by him the said Claudius Scot, and so being there such Victualler, Retailer, and Seller as aforesaid, he the said Claudius Scot at one or more time or times within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Fourteenth Day of February now last past, within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Walshamew aforesaid, did make use of one Back and one Cooler for the brewing and making of Beer and Ale, and of one private and concealed Place or Store-house for the laying and keeping in Cask his Beer and Ale, and in the said Back and Cooler, did then and there make and brew Beer and Ale, and in the said private and concealed Place or Store-house, did then and there lay and keep in Cask Beer and Ale, and that the said Back and Cooler, and the said private Place or Store-house, so made use of as aforesaid, and every of them, being other than such as had been openly made use of in his common and usual Place of brewing, or openly discovered or known before the Second Day of September in the Year of our Lord One thousand six hundred fifty and three; the said Claudius Scot before viz. Not giving he so used the said Back and Cooler, and the Notice thereof, said private Place or Store-house, did not at the said Office, being the next Office of Excise to his Habitation, or at any other Office of Excise, or to any Commissioner, or Officer or Sub-Commissioner of Excise for the Time being, give

give any Notice of the said Back and Cooler, or  
of the said private Place, or of Seven houses so used  
as aforesaid, or of any other Ale house, as by  
the Statute in such Case made, brought to have  
done in him both wilfully and fraudulently  
neglected and omitted giving such Notice, con-  
trary to the Form of the Statute aforesaid, made  
Whereby he hath forfeited the sum of *The Forfeiture.*  
Fifty Pounds of Lawfull Money of England for  
every and each the said Back, Cooler, and Ale-  
house so made use of as aforesaid, that is to say,  
in all, One Hundred and Fifty Pounds of like  
Money; and therupon the said Justices will  
as well, &c., humbly pray the Judgement of the  
said Justices in the Premises, and that he may  
have one Third Part of the said Forfeiture ac-  
cording to the Form of the said Statute, and that  
the said *Claudius Scot* may be summoned to answer  
the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto  
before us the said Justices.

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Claudius Scot, Vintner, &c.*

*Eſſex, I. W. A. B. and C. D. Esqrs. Two of His Majefty's Justices of the Peace for the faid County of Eſſex, do hereby give you Notice, That John Ward, Gentleman, hath exhibited an Information against you for the Sum of One Hundred and Fifty Pounds, by you forfeited for not giving Notice of one Back and one Cooler by you made use of for the brewing and making of Beer and Ale, and of one private Place or Store-house by you made use of for the laying and*

...*Two hours from mid-September to late October.*

An Information against a Common-Distiller,  
for selling Nitre of Three Wash-Batches,  
used for preparing Wash for Distillation.

The Recording Town of Lever-  
the Time and Place of Lay-  
ing the Informa-  
tion.

BE it Remembered, That this  
Second Day of March, in  
the Second Year of the Reign  
of His Majestie, Edward King  
of Great Britain, and  
of Ireland, &c. &c. &c.  
in his proper Person, as a Witness for His said Majestie,  
as also himselfe exhibitteth to be M B, Esq; Mayor  
of the said Town of Liverpool, and C D, Gent.  
one of the Aldermen of the Town aforesaid,  
Bearing His Majestie's Justices of the Peace for  
the

the 2<sup>d</sup> instant, aforesaid, according thereto, did Place  
within the Office of Excise at Liverpool, which was  
dominated by a Complaint and Information against  
the said Informer, whereby according to the Statute  
Book of the Statute made in such Case, and perad-  
vised from Office of Excise intituled *Wine and  
Liquor, &c. back being anoyer in practice, & was  
safely kept a board in the said Office of Excise,  
by a proper Officer of the same, or by a  
duly constituted and appointed Person, and from  
time to time attending, according to the Discri-  
ption of the said Statute ; and that within Two or Three  
Months now past, therewithal, on the 18<sup>th</sup> instant, *Henry Thring*,  
Fourteenth Day, of January, now 1609/10, and  
within the Limits of the said Office, wherein to  
say, at Liverpool, aforesaid, on the 18<sup>th</sup> instant, did make use of *Three Wash-Batches* or Vessels  
and fear the making of *Wash* for Distillation, and  
that he the said *Henry Thring*, therewithal, and before  
the Time of leaving the said Wash-Batches  
or Vessels and every one of them, having been and  
yet being a Gentleman, Distiller and Retailer of  
Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-Wines for Sale  
and Exportation, he before his Informing use  
of the said Wash-Batches or Vessels aforesaid, viz. *not giving*  
did not at the said Office, being the said Office, *Notice*,  
within the Limits and Jurisdiction whereof he then  
did and yet doth inhabit, or at any other Office  
of Excise give any Notice in Writing of the said  
Wash-Batches or Vessels, or of either of them, as  
by the Statute in such Case made by eight to have  
done ; but did willfully and fraudulently neglect  
and omit giving such Notice, contrary to the Form  
of the Statute in such Case made ; whereby he  
hath forfeited *Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money* *for every* of the said *Three Wash-Batches*.*

or

*Legal Notice for non giving Notice.*

to witness for making Informations before-said, that is to say, in such particular Town or County, or upon the said Edward Burghall or others who so will, or rashly, prayeth the Judgment to be done by the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have and hold the said Forfeitures according to the Form of the Statute in such Case, and than the said Justice Officer may be summoned to answer the said Premises and to make a Declaration thereon before us the said Justices, and to give his Reasons for not giving such Notice, whereupon the said Justice Officer shall be bound to give his Reasons, when Information shall be laid against him, Captain, Brewster, Inn-Keeper, or Victualler, or for using and/or Transacting of several Persons in such Town or County, Kellars, or Storied-Houses, &c. without due care and diligence to see that such Informations to such Persons in such particular Parish in such Town or such Village, were so used, because the Poor of such particular Parish in such Case incurred by such Person in such Part of the Town or in such particular Parish, but this especially to those particular Persons by Brewers, Inn-Keepers, and Victuallers, incurred by not giving such Notice, but the Poor are not in other Cases indebted to any particular Part of the Forfeited; and therefore it will not in any other Case be necessary to mention which particular Parish, in any Town consisting of divers Parishes, such Office was committed to, but in such other Case it will be sufficient to acknowledge and mention the Offence to have been committed at such Town, without mentioning any particular Parish in such Town, except where a Town happens to be part in one County and part in another; for in such Case it will be necessary to mention in what particular Parish or part of such Town such Offence

## Of Informations for not giving Notice.

81

Offence was committed, and the Information in such Case will be laid in the proper County.

Note, When Informations are laid against Distillers for double the Value of Duties in Arrear, it will be necessary to mention in such Informations, whether the Low-Wines and Spirits for which they are so in Arrear were drawn from Malt or from Foreign Materials, because in those Cases the Duties are different: But in Informations for using Stills, Wash-Batches, or Stone-House, without Notice, it will not be necessary to mention for what particular sort of Low-Wines or Spirits such Stills, Wash-Batches, or Stone-Houses were so used, because the Penalties are the same, whether they are used for Low-Wines and Spirits from Malt or from Foreign Materials.

### A Summons on the Information next before, against a Common-Distiller, for not giving Notice of Three Wash-Batches.

To Mr. James Jopson, Distiller.

Town of Lever-  
pool in Lan-  
cashire.

WE A B, Esq; Mayor of  
the said Town of Lever-  
pool, and C D, Gent. one of  
the Aldermen of the Town  
aforesaid, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the  
Peace for the Town aforesaid, do hereby give  
you Notice, That Edward Burghall, Gent. hath  
exhibited an Information against you for the Sum  
of Threescore Pounds by you forfeited, for  
making use of Three Wash-Batches or Vessels  
for making of Wash for Distillation, without

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giving

## Of Informations for not giving Notice.

giving due Notice thereof at the next Office of Excise; You are therefore hereby required to appear before us, at the House of, &c. (as in the Summons before.)

An Information against the Occupier of an  
Inchouse, in which were found Three Wash-  
Batches for preparing Wash for Distillation  
for a Common-Distiller, who had not given  
any Notice of the said Three Wash-Batches.

Town of Liverpool. B is Remembred, &c. as in  
the Information next before.  
Cahire, II. And set forth the keeping an Office

of Excise, as in the said foregoing  
Information.) And that within Three Months now  
last past, that is to say, on the Fourteenth Day  
of February now last past, and within the Limits  
of the said Office, that is to say, at Liverpool  
aforesaid, there were found and discovered Three  
private and concealed Wash-Batches or Vessels,  
for making Wash for Distillation, then and there  
used by one James Fopson, then and there  
a Common-Distiller and Maker of Low-Wines,  
Spirits, and Strong-Waters for Sale and Exporta-  
tion, and then and there being in an House,  
Out-House, and other Place, then and there in  
the Occupation of one John Hughes; and that  
the said Three Wash-Batches were so found out  
and discovered as aforesaid, before any Notice of  
them, any or either of them had been given at  
the Office before-mentioned, being the next  
Office of Excise, or at any other Office of Ex-  
cise, and that the giving such Notice thereof  
was voluntarily and fraudulently neglected and  
omitted

# Informations for not giving Notice.

83

bmitted contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; whereby the said *John Hughes* then and there being in the Occupation of the said House, Out-House, and Place before-mentioned; he, by Reason of the Premises, and according to the Statute in such Case made, hath forfeited Fifty Pounds of lawful English Money; and thereupon the said *Edward Burgball*, who as well, &c. humbly prayeth the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises; and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *John Hughes* may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

## A Summons on the Information next before.

To Mr. John Hughes.

Town of Liverpool in Lancashire, ss. WE A B, Esq; Mayor of the said Town of Liverpool, and C D, Gent. one of the Aldermen of the said Town, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the the Town aforesaid, do hereby give you Notice, That *Edward Burgball*, Gent. hath exhibited an Information against you for Fifty Pounds, by you forfeited, as being the Occupier of an House, Out-house, and other Place, in which there were found and discovered three private and concealed Wash-Batches, which had been and were used by one *James Topson* a Common-Distiller of Low-Wines, and of Spirits, and Strong-Waters for Sale

*Informations for not giving Notice.*

Sale and Exportation without giving due Notice thereof at the next Office of Excise : You are therefore hereby required to appear before us, at the House of, &c. (as in other Summons.)

*An Information against a Vinegar-Maker, for not giving Notice of Two private Places by him used for making, laying, and keeping Vinegar, and Liquors preparing for Vinegar.*

*The Recording of the laying the Informa-* **B**E it Remembred, That this First Day of Decem-  
ber, in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lady Queen ANNE that now is,

at the Town of Huntington in the said County of Huntington, William Feast, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for Her said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth before us A B and C D, Esqrs. Two of Her said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information ; and

*The Informa-* thereby informeth us, That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and

*An Office of Excise.* provided, an Office of Excise for divers Years now last past, hath been, and yet is publickly and constantly kept at and in the said Town of Huntington, by a proper Officer of the same, thereunto duly constituted and appointed, and there from time to time attending according to the Direction of the said Statute ; and that within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Four and Twentieth Day of September, now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office,

Office, that is to say, at the said Town of Huntington, one *William Berriffe* did make use of <sup>The Defence-</sup> Two several private Places for making, laying, <sup>dom's using a</sup> and keeping Vinegar for Sale, and Vinegar Beer, <sup>Stere-House.</sup> and Liquors preparing for Vinegar for Sale ; and in the said Two Places respectively, and in each of them, did then and there keep Vinegar for Sale, and Vinegar Beer, and Liquors preparing for Vinegar for Sale ; and that the <sup>His being a Vi-</sup> said *William Berriffe* at the time and times of his <sup>gar-maker.</sup> so making use of the said Two private Places as aforesaid, having been and yet being there a Maker of Vinegar for Sale ; he before his so making use of the said Two private Places, as aforesaid, and of each of them, did not at the said Office, being the next Office within the Limits whereof he then did and yet doth inhabit, or at any other Office of Excise, give any Notice of the said Two private Places or either of them, as by the Statute in such Case made he ought to have done ; but did willfully and fraudulently omit, neglect, and avoid giving such Notice, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made ; whereby he hath forfeited for each of the said Two private Places so made use of as aforesaid, the Sum of Fifty Pounds of lawful English Money, amounting in the whole to the Sum of One Hundred Pounds of like Money : And thereupon the said *William Feast*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeitures according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, and that the said *William Feast* may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*Information*

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*A Sum-*

*Informations for not giving Notice,*

*A Summons on the Information next before.*

*To Mr. William Berriffe, Vinegar-maker.*

*Huntingdonshire, ss.* WE A B and C D, Esqrs; Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Huntingdon, do hereby give you Notice, That William Fazb, Gent. hath exhibited an Information against you, for the Sum of One Hundred Pounds by you forfeited, for making use of Two private Places for making, laying, and keeping Vinegar for Sale, and of Vinegar-Beer, and Liquors preparing for Vinegar for Sale, without giving due Notice thereof at the next Office of Excise: You are therefore hereby required to appear before us, at the House of, &c. (as in the other Summons.)

*An Information against a Maker of Sweets for Sale, for making use of Two Steeping-Tubs for making Sweets for Sale, without Notice.*

*The Recurring Devonshire, ss.* BE it Remembered, That this Tenth of the laying the Information. Day of December, in the First Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE, that now is, at Plymouth in the County of Devon, Hartshory Brudenell, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us A B and C D, Esqrs; Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Devon, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after mentioned

mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information ; and thereby informeth us, That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, an Office of Excise for divers Years now past, hath been and yet is publickly and duly kept at Plymouth aforesaid, by a proper Officer of the same, thereunto duly constituted and appointed, and there from Time to Time attending, according to the Direction of the said Statute ; and that within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Nineteenth Day of November now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Plymouth aforesaid, one *Samuel Brown* did make use of the Steeping-Tub and Cask herein after-mentioned for the Purposes herein after-expressed; that is to say, of One Steeping-Tub for the making of Sweets for Sale, and of One Cask for the keeping of Sweets for Sale, and in them respectively did then and there make and keep Sweets for Sale ; and that at and before the said time and times of such his so making use of the said Steeping-Tub and Cask, and each of them ; he, the said *Samuel Brown* was and yet is there a Maker <sup>His being a</sup> of Sweets for Sale, and did at the Time and Place before-mentioned so as aforesaid, make use of the said Steeping-Tub and Cask in manner as aforesaid, without first giving Notice of them or either of them at the said Office, being the next Office of Excise to the said Place where the same were so made use of as aforesaid, or at any other Office of Excise ; And that the said *Samuel Brown*, did wilfully and fraudulently omit and neglect giving such Notice, contrary to the form of the Statute in such Case made, whereby he hath forfeited for the said Steeping-Tub, so made

## Informations for not giving Notice.

use of as aforesaid, Fifty Pounds of lawful English Money, and for the said Cask so made use of as aforesaid, the like Summ of Fifty Pounds of like Money, amounting in the whole to One Hundred Pounds of like Money; And thereupon the said *Hartbory Brudenel*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeitures, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, and that the said *Samuel Brown* may be summoned to answer the Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

### *A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Samuel Brown, Sweet-maker.*

*Devonshire, ss.* WE A B and C D, Esqs; Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Devon*; do hereby give you Notice, That *Hartbory Brudenell*, Gent. hath exhibited an Information against you for the Sum of One Hundred Pounds by you forfeited, for making use of One Steeping-Tub for the making of Sweets for Sale, and of One Cask for the keeping of Sweets for Sale, without giving due Notice at the next Office of Excise: You are therefore hereby required to appear before us, at the House of, &c. (*as in the other Summons.*)

An Information against a Maker of Malt for  
not giving Notice of a Cistern, Kiln, Floor,  
and Room by him used for making Malt.

Suffolk, I<sup>o</sup>. BE it Remembered, That this Twenty-  
eth Day of April, in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lady Queen ANNE that now is, at Stow Market in the County of Suffolk, John Todd, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for Her said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us A B and C D, Esq; Two of Her said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Suffolk, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after-mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information ; and thereby informeth us, That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, an Office of Excise for divers Years now last past, hath been and yet is publickly and duly kept at Stow Market aforesaid, by a proper Officer of the same, thereunto duly constituted, and there from time to time attending, according to the said Statute ; and that within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Coombs in the said County of Suffolk, one James Southgate for Three Months now last past and longer, hath been and yet is a Maker of Malt, not having compounded or agreed for the Duties of Malt to grow due and payable from him ; and that the said James Southgate so being such Maker of Malt aforesaid ; he, the said James Southgate within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Eighteenth Day of February now last past, within the Limits of the said Office,

# Informations for not giving Notice.

*The Defendant's using a  
Cistern, &c.*

fice, that is to say, at Coombs aforesaid, Did make use of the private Cistern, Kiln, Floor and Room herein after mentioned for the Purposes herein after expressed, that is to say, Did then and there make use of one private Cistern for the wetting and steeping of Corn for the making Malt, and of one private Kiln and of one private Floor for the making of Malt, and of one private Room for the keeping of Malt, and in the said Cistern did then and there wet and steep Corn for the making Malt, and on the said Kiln and Floor respectively, did then and there make Malt, and in the said Room did then and there keep Malt, and that the said private Cistern, Kiln, Floor, and Room respectively, being other than such as was or were at or before the said using thereof, respectively known or made use of in any common Malt-House belonging to him the said James Soubgate ; he, before he so made use of them, every and each of them, did not at the Office before-mentioned, being the next Office of Excise to the Place where the same and every of them were so made use of as aforesaid, or at any other Office of Excise, give any Notice in Writing of the said Cistern, Kiln, Floor, and Room, or of any or either of them, as by the Statute in such Case made he ought to have done ; but did then and there keep private and concealed the said Cistern, Kiln, Floor, and Room, and every and each of them without giving such Notice, contrary to the Form of the said Statute ; whereby for every and each of the said Cistern, Kiln, Floor, and Room so made use of as aforesaid, he hath forfeited Fifty Pounds of lawful English Money, amounting in the whole unto Two Hundred Pounds of like Money ;

*The Office,  
viz. Not giving  
Notice therof.*

## *Informations for not giving Notice.*

ney; and thereupon the said John Todd, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the laid Forfeiture according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, and that the said James Southgate may be summoned to answer the said Premises and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

### *A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. James Southgate, Maker of Malt.*

Suffolk, ss. WE A B and C D, Esqrs; Two  
of Her Majesty's Justices of  
the Peace for the said County of Suffolk, do  
hereby give you Notice, That John Todd, Gent.  
hath exhibited an Information against you for the  
Sum of Two Hundred Pounds by you forfeited,  
for making use of one Cistern for the Wetting  
and Steeping of Corn for the Making of Malt,  
and of one Kiln and Floor for the Making of  
Malt, and of one Room for the Keeping of  
Malt, without giving due Notice at the next  
Office of Excise: You are therefore hereby re-  
quired to appear before us, at the House of, &c.  
(as in the other Summons.)

## Informations for not giving Notice.

*An Information against a Maker of Malt for  
not giving Notice of Two private and con-  
cealed Vessels by him used for the Steep-  
ing Corn to be made into Malt.*

*The Recording County of Warwick, &c. BE it Remembred, That  
of the laying the Infor-  
mation.*

February, in the Second Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE, that now is, at Atherton in the said County of Warwick, Philip Bamford, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us A B and C D, Esqs; Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Warwick, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after-mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information; and

*The Informa-  
tion.* thereby informeth us, That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, an Office of Excise for divers Years now last past, hath been and yet is publickly and duly kept at Atherton aforesaid, by a proper Officer of the same, thereunto duly constituted, and there from time to time attending, according to the Direction of the said Statute; and that within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Merevale in the said County of Warwick, in a common Malt-House there belonging to one

*An Office of  
Excise.* John Brown; he, the said John Brown for Three Months now last past, hath been and yet is a Maker of Malt, and not a Compounder for the Duties on Malt; and that the said John Brown so being a Maker of Malt as aforesaid; he, the said John Brown within Three Months now last past,

*The Defen-  
dant's being a  
Maltster.*

past, that is to say, on the Sixteenth Day of December now last past, within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at *Berwick* aforesaid, did make use of two several private Vessels for *His using Two*  
*the wetting and steeping Corn for the making Malt,*  
Malt, and in the said several private Vessels, did then and there wet and steep Corn for the making Malt; and that the several private Vessels aforesaid, and either of them, being other than such as were or was at or before the using thereof respectively, openly known or made use of in his said Common Malt-house; he the said *John Brown* before he so made use of the said several private Vessels, or of either of them, in manner aforesaid, did not at the said Office, being *The Office*,  
*the next Office of Excise to the Place where the viz. Not giving*  
*same were so made use of as aforesaid, or at any Notice.*  
other Office of Excise, give any Notice in writing of the said two several Vessels, or of either of them, as by the Statute in such Case made, he ought to have done; but did then and there keep private and conceal the said Vessels, and each of them, without giving such Notice as aforesaid, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby he hath forfeited for each of the said private or concealed Vessels so made use of as aforesaid, Fifty Pounds of lawful English Money, amounting in the whole unto One Hundred Pounds of like Money; and thereupon the said *Philip Bampford*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeitures, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, and that the said *John Brown* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

A Sum-

94. **Informations for not giving Notice.**

To you I do assize, at no. viii of iiij. term, for  
not giving Notice of a Room used for  
making and keeping Candles, and of another  
Room for keeping Materials to be made into  
**Candles;** and of a Vessel used for melting  
Tallow to be made into Candles.

**A Summons, on the foregoing Information.**

To Mr. John Brown, Maker of Malt.

**County of Warwick, ss. W** E A. B. and C. D. Esqrs.

Two of His Majesty's  
Justices of the Peace for the said County of War-  
wick, do hereby give you Notice, That Philip  
Bamford, Gent. hath exhibited an Information  
against you for the Sum of One Hundred Pounds,  
by you forfeited, for making use of two private  
Vessels for the wetting and steeping Corn for the  
making Malt, without giving due Notice at the  
next Office of Excise: You are therefore hereby  
required to appear before us at the House of, &c.  
(as in the other Summons.)

**An Information against a Maker of Candles**  
for not giving Notice of a Room used for the  
making and keeping Candles, and of another  
Room for keeping Materials to be made into  
Candles; and of a Vessel used for melting  
Tallow to be made into Candles.

**Tb: Recording Cornwall, s. B** E it Remembred, That this Seventieth  
of the laying  
the Information Day of January, in the Second  
Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord  
King GEORGE that now is, at Launceston in  
the County of Cornwall aforesaid, Tb: mas Broughton,  
Gent. in his proper Person, as well for  
His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to  
us AB and CD, Esqrs. Two of His Majesty's  
Justices

Justices of the Peace for the said County of Cornwall, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after mentioned was committed; a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, an Office of Excise for divers Years now last past, hath been, and yet is publickly and duly kept at *Lanceston* aforesaid, by a proper Officer of the same thereunto duly constituted and appointed, and therefrom time to time attending, according to the Direction of the said Statute; and that within three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Sixteenth Day of December now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at *Lanceston* aforesaid, one *Richard Beard*, not having compounded or agreed for the Duties of any Candles to be by him made, Did make use of one Room for the making and keeping Tallow-Candles, and in the said Room did then and there make and keep Tallow-Candles, and did make use of one other Room for the keeping Tallow, and other Materials proper to be made into Tallow-Candles, and in the said last-mentioned Room, did then and there keep Tallow, and other Materials to be made into Tallow-Candles, and did make use of one Vessel for the melting Tallow to be made into Tallow Candles, and in the said Vessel did then and there melt Tallow to be made into Tallow-Candles; and that before his so making use of the said Rooms and Vessel in manner aforesaid, he the said *Richard Beard* did not at the said Office of Excise at *Lanceston* The Offense; aforesaid, which Office was during the said three viz. Not giving Notice. Months, and all the time aforesaid, the next Office of Excise to the Place where the same were

## Informations for not giving Notice.

were so made use of as aforesaid, or at any other Office of Excise, give any Notice in writing of the Rooms aforesaid, or either of them, or of the said Vessel, as by the Statute in such Case made, he ought to have done; but did wholly neglect and omit giving such Notice, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; Whereby he hath forfeited for every of the Offences aforesaid, the Sum of Fifty Pounds of lawful Money of England, amounting in the whole to One Hundred and Fifty Pounds of like Money; and thereupon the said *Thomas Broughton*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeitures, according to the Form of the said Statute, and that he the said *Richard Beard* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

### *A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Richard Beard, Maker of Candles.*

*Cornwall, &c.* WE AB and CD, Esqrs. Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Cornwall, do hereby give you Notice, That *Thomas Broughton*, Gent. hath exhibited an Information against you for the Sum of One Hundred and Fifty Pounds by you forfeited for making use of one Room for the making and keeping Tallow-Candles, and of one other Room for the keeping Tallow, and other Materials proper to be made into Tallow-Candles, and of one Vessel for the melting Tallow

# Informations for not giving Notice.

97

low to be made into Candles, without giving due Notice at the next Office of Excise: You are therefore hereby required to appear before us at the House of, &c. (as in the other Summons.)

An Information against a Soap maker for not giving Notice of a Room by him used for making and keeping of Soap, and of three Boxes by him used for making Soap.

Devonshire, &c. BE it Remembered, &c. (as in the Information next before against a Maker of Candles.)

Maker of Candles.) That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, an Office of Excise, and for the Duties laid upon Soap made in Great Britain, in and by several Statutes in such Case lately made and provided, hath for divers Years now last past, been, and yet is publickly and duly kept at Totnes, in the said County of Devon, by a proper Officer of the same, thereunto duly constituted and appointed, and there from time to time attending, according to the Direction of the said Statute; and that within three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Six and twentieth Day of April now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Totnes in the said County of Devon, one Peter Cockey, a Maker of Soap, did make use of one Room for the making and keeping of Soap, and in the said Room did then and there make and keep Soap; and did also then and there make use of three Troughs or Boxes for the making Soap, and in the said three Troughs or Boxes respectively, did then and there make Soap before any Notice in Writing of the said Room and Troughs,

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*Informations for not giving Notice.*

Troughs, or of any or either of them, had been given, and without giving any such Notice thereof at the said Office, being the next Office of Excise, and for the said Duties on Soap, &c. to the Place where the said Room and Troughs respectively, were so made use of as aforesaid; and that the said Peter Cockey (before his said making use of the said Room and Troughs respectively aforesaid) did not give any such Notice in Writing of them, or of any or either of them, as by the said Statute in such Case made he ought to have done; but did wholly neglect and omit giving such Notice, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; whereby (the said Peter Cockey at and during all the said time of so using the said Room and Troughs respectively as aforesaid, and yet being a Maker of Soap) he the said Peter Cockey hath forfeited for every and each of the Offences aforesaid, Fifty Pounds of lawful English Money, amounting in the whole to Two hundred Pounds of like Money; and thereupon the said *Hertford Brudenel*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeitures, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said Peter Cockey may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*The*

## Informations for not giving Notice.

99

The Summons against a Maker of Soap, must be in the like Form as the Summons next before, against a Maker of Candles, changing only such Words as are necessary to be changed, viz. instead of Maker of Candles, it must be Maker of Soap; instead of One hundred and Fifty Pounds, it must be Two hundred Pounds; and instead of For making use of one Room, for the making and keeping Tallow-Candles, and of, &c. it must be, For making use of one Room, for the making and keeping of Soap, and of three Troughs or Boxes for the making of Soap, &c.

## An Information against a Maker of Paper, for not giving Notice of a Place by him used for making Paper.

Midd. J. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in other Informations) That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided, an Office of Excise, and for the Duties laid upon Paper made in Great Britain, in and by several Statutes in such Case made and provided, hath for divers Years now last past, been and yet is publickly and duly kept at Staines, in the County of Middlesex by a proper Officer of the same thereunto duly constituted and appointed, and there from time to time attending, according to the Direction of the said Statute; and that one William Thomas, within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Staines aforesaid, having for three Months now last past been a Maker of Paper, for which Duties ought to be paid accord-

An Office of  
Excise, &c.

*the Difc.  
dent's being a  
Maker of Pa-  
per.*

G 2 ing

*Of Informations for not giving Notice.*

*His using a  
Place for mak-  
ing Paper.*

*The Offence,  
viz. Not giv-  
ing Notice.*

ing to the Statute in such Case made; he the said *William Thomas* within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Tenth Day of April now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at *Stains* aforesaid, did make use of one Place for the making of such Paper, and in the said Place did then and there make such Paper as aforesaid, for which such Duties ought to have been paid as aforesaid, before any Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him used as aforesaid, had been given at the said Office, being the Office of Excise, and for the said Duties upon such Paper, next to the said Place which was so made use of as aforesaid, and that (before he so made use of the said Place as aforesaid) he did not at the said Office or at any other Office of Excise, or for the said Duties give any such Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him used as aforesaid, as by the said Statute in such Case made he ought to have done, but did wholly neglect to give such Notice, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby he hath forfeited Thirty Pounds of lawful Money of England: And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*The Informer in this Case is to have a Moiety of the Forfeiture.*

*The Summons on the Information next before him must be thus, viz. For the Sum of Thirty Pounds by you forfeited, for making use of a Place for the making Paper without giving due Notice thereof at the next Office of Excise, and for the Duties upon Paper: You are therefore, &c. (the rest of the Summons as in other Summons.)*

An Information against a Maker of Paper  
for not giving Notice of Two Places by him  
used for drying his Paper and making it fit  
for use.

Middlesex, &c. BE it Remembred, &c. (as before  
laying the keeping of an Office, &c.  
by an Officer, &c.) And that one *Henry Mason* The Defendant's being a Maker of Paper. having within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at *Stains* aforesaid, for Three Months now last past and longer, been a Maker of Paper; he, the said *Henry Mason* within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the first Day of *June* now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at *Stains* aforesaid, did make use of one Place for drying His using a Place for drying Paper. Paper by him there made, and did make use of one other Place for making fit for use Paper by him there made, and in them respectively did then and there dry and make fit for use Paper by him there made, and that the said respective Places by him so made use of as aforesaid, being other than such common Place and Places whereof he had before given or left Notice in Writing at the said Office, or at any other Office, to be the Place or Places for his drying or finishing such his Paper; he the said *Henry Mason* before he so respectively made use of the said several Places and of each of them as aforesaid, did not at the said Office or at any other Office The Offence; for the said Duties give such Notice in Writing of viz. *Not giving Notice.* the said Places or of either of them, as by the said Statute in such case made he ought to have done, but did wholly neglect to give such Notice con-

## Informations for not giving Notice.

trary to the Form of the said Statute ; whereby he hath forfeited for every and each of the said Offences Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money, amounting in the whole to Forty Pounds of like Money : And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*The Informer is to have a Moiety of these Forfeitures.*

*The Summons on the Information next before must be this, viz. For the Sum of Forty Pounds by you forfeited, for not giving due Notice at the next Office of Excise, and for the Duties upon Paper, of Two Places by you made use of for the drying Paper and making it fit for Use : You are therefore, &c. (the rest of the Summons as in other Summons.)*

## An Information against a Printer, &c. of Paper, to serve for Hangings, &c. for not giving Notice of a Place by him used for Printing, &c. such Paper.

*Surry, ff. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in other Informations, and lay an Office of Excise, and for the Duties upon Paper, &c. as in the first foregoing Information against a Paper-Maker ; )*

*The Defendant And that one John Thompson within the Limits being a Printer of the said Office, that is to say at A. aforesaid, of Paper. having for Three Months now last past and longer, printed, painted, and stained Paper to serve for Hangings, &c. for which Duties ought to be paid according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made ; he the said John Thompson within*

## *Informations for not giving Notice.*

103

within the said Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Fifth Day of July now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say at A. aforesaid, did make use of one Place for the printing, painting, and staining such Paper as aforesaid; and in the said Place did then and there print, paint, and stain such Paper as aforesaid, for which such Duties ought to have been paid as aforesaid, before any Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him used as aforesaid had been given at the said Office, being the Office of Excise and for the said Duties upon Paper next to the said Place so made use of as aforesaid, and that (before he so made use of the said Place as aforesaid) he did not at *The Offence;* the said Office or at any other Office of Excise, or viz. *Not giving Notice.* for the said Duties give any such Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him used as aforesaid, as by the Statute in such Case made he ought to have done, but did wholly neglect to give such Notice, contrary, &c. (as before in the Information against a Paper-Maker.)

*The Forfeiture for every Offence of this kind is Thirty Pounds, of which the Informer is to have one Moiety.*

## *A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

(As in other Summons.) For the Sum of Thirty Pounds by you forfeited, for not giving due Notice at the next Office of Excise, and for the Duties upon Paper of a Place by you made use of for printing, painting, and staining Paper to serve for Hangings, &c. You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

Given

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An

# Informations for not giving Notice.

*An Information against a Printer, &c. of Calicoes, &c. for not giving Notice of a Place by him used for Printing, &c. Calicoes and Linens.*

*An Office of  
Excise, &c.*

*The Defen-  
dant's being a  
Printer, &c.  
of Calicoes.*

*His using a  
Place for  
Printing, &c.*

*Surry, &c. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in other Informations.) That according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided, an Office of Excise and for the Duties laid upon Silks, Calicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, printed, painted, stained, and dyed in Great-Britain, in and by several Statutes in such Case made and provided, hath for divers Years now last past been and yet is publickly and duly kept at Guilford in the said County of Surry, by a proper Officer of the same, thereunto duly constituted and appointed, and there from time to time attending, according to the Direction of the said Statute; and that one James Andrews within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Guilford aforesaid, having for Three Months now last past and longer, been a Printer, Painter, Strainer, and Dyer of Calicoes and Linens, for which Duties ought to be paid according to the Statute in such Case made; he the said James Andrews within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Ninth Day of May, now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Guilford aforesaid, did make use of one Place for the Printing, Painting, Staining, and Dying of such Calicoes and Linens, and in the said Place did then and there print, paint, stain, and dye such Calicoes and Linens as aforesaid, for which such Duties ought to have*

have been paid as aforesaid, and did then and there work as aforesaid, before any Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him used and worked in as aforesaid had been given at the said Office, being the Office of Excise and for the said Duties upon such Calicoes and Linen next to the said Place so by him worked in and made use of as aforesaid, and that (before he so made use of the said Place as aforesaid,) he did not at the said Office or at any other Office of Excise, or for the said Duties give any such Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him worked in and used as aforesaid, as by the said Statute in such Case made he ought to have done, but did wholly neglect to give such Notice, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby he hath forfeited Thirty Pounds of lawful Money of England: And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*The Informer is to have a Moiety of this Forfeiture.*

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*The Summons on the Information must before must be thus, viz. For the Sum of Thirty Pounds by you forfeited for making use of a Place for the Printing, Painting, Staining, and Dying of Calicoes and Linens without giving due Notice thereof at the next Office of Excise, and for the Duties on Silks, Calicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, printed, painted, stained, and dyed: You are therefore, &c. (the rest of the Summons as in other Summons.)*

*An*

*Informations for not giving Notice.*

In such case his Statute as direct need stand

*An Information against a Printer, &c. of Calicoes, &c. for not giving Notice of a Place by him used for drying Calicoes and Linens which had been printed, painted, stained, and dyed as aforesaid.*

*The Defen.  
sor's being a  
Shop for dry-  
ing Calicoes,  
&c.*

(As in the Information next before) — Did make use of one Place for the Drying of Calicoes and Linens which by him had been so printed, painted, stained, and dyed as aforesaid, and in the said Place did then and there dry Calicoes and Linens which by him had been so printed, painted, stained, and dyed as aforesaid, before any Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him used as aforesaid had been given at the said Office, being the Office of Excise and for the said Duties on printing, painting, staining, and dyeing Calicoes and Linens, &c. next to the said Place where the said Calicoes and Linens were so dried as aforesaid ; and that (before he so made use

*The Offence ;  
viz. Not giv-  
ing Notice.*

of the said Place for such drying as aforesaid,) he did not at the said Office or at any other Office of Excise, or for the said Duties, give any Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him used for drying as aforesaid, as by the Statute in such Case made he ought to have done, but did wholly neglect to give such Notice, contrary to the Form of the said Statute ; whereby he hath forfeited Thirty Pounds of lawful English Money : And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*The Informer in this Case is to have a Moiety of the Forfeiture.*

*A Sum-*

A Summons on the foregoing Information.

(As is other Summons) — For the Sum of Thirty Pounds by you forfeited, for making use of a Place for the drying Callicoes and Linens which by you had been printed, painted, stained, and dyed without giving due Notice thereof at the next Office of Excise, and for the Duties upon Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, printed, painted, stained, and dyed, &c. You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons)

An Information against a Maker of Starch, for not giving Notice of a Place by him used for making Starch.

Essex, &c. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in other Informations) That according to the Office of the Statute in such Case made and provided, an Office of Excise, and for the Duties laid upon Starch made in Great-Britain, in and by several Statutes in such Case made and provided, hath for divers Years now last past been and yet is publickly and duly kept at Dedham in the said County of Essex by a proper Officer of the same, thereunto duly constituted and appointed, and there from time to time duly attending according to the Direction of the said Statute; and that one John Stevens within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Dedham aforesaid, having for Three Months now last past been a Maker of Starch, for which Duties ought to be paid according to the Statute in such Case made;

The Defendant's being a Maker of Starch.

## Informations for not giving Notice.

*Using a  
Place for making Starch.*

*The Offence ;  
viz. Not giving Notice.*

made ; he the said John Stevens within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Tenth Day of May now last past, and within the Limits of the said Office, that is to say, at Dedham aforesaid, did make use of one Place for the making and keeping such Starch, and in the said Place did then and there make and keep such Starch as aforesaid, for which such Duties ought to have been paid as aforesaid, before any Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him used as aforesaid had been given at the said Office, being the Office of Excise and for the said Duties upon such Starch next to the said Place within the time aforesaid, so made use of as aforesaid ; and that (before he so made use of the said Place as aforesaid) he did not at the said Office or at any other Office of Excise or for the said Duties give any such Notice in Writing of the said Place so by him used as aforesaid, as by the said Statute in such Case made he ought to have done ; but did wholly neglect to give such Notice, contrary to the Form of the said Statute ; whereby he hath forfeited Fifty Pounds of lawful Money of England : And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*The Informer in this Case is to have a Moiety of the Forfeiture.*

*The Summons on the Information next before must be thus, viz. For the Sum of Fifty Pounds by you forfeited, for making use of a Place for the making and keeping of Starch without giving due Notice thereof at the next Office of Excise, and for the Duties on Starch : You are therefore, &c. (the rest of the Summons as in other Summons.)*

C H A P,

## C H A P. VI.

Of Offences and Forfeitures by Hiding  
and Concealing.

When Manufactures liable to any of the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise are hidden and concealed to defraud the Crown of the Duties thereof, it frequently happens that they are hidden and concealed in Rooms or Places of which no Notice hath been given by the Offenders: In all which Cases the Offenders are liable to be prosecuted either for the respective Penalties for not giving due Notice of such Rooms or Places, or for the respective Penalties for such hiding and concealing; and as the Informer may in such Cases proceed either for the one or the other of the said Penalties, so he may lay Informations for both the said Penalties; but though he so doth, yet if in Fact an Offender hath hid and concealed but one Parcel, or Quantity there must not in such Case be Judgments against him for both Penalties, because none ought to be twice punished for the same Offence, which would be the Case if such Offender was to pay both the said Penalties; for though the not giving Notice of such Room or Place, and such hiding and concealing are Offences of different Denominations, yet if they are both done and used as the Means to defraud the Crown of the Duties of one and the same Parcel of Manufactures, there is really but one Fraud intended, though the same is branched out into Offences of different Denominations: And therefore in all such Cases where there are two or more Informations against a Defendant for so endeavouring to defraud the Crown of the Duties

## Of Informations for Hiding and Concealing.

of one and the same Quantity, if Judgment be given against him on such Information, the other Information or Informations must for the Reasons before be withdrawn, or the Defendant must be acquitted there-of; and the only use that can fairly be made of exhibiting two or more Informations in such Case is, that the Informer may at the Time of Hearing proceed upon such one of them as he then finds can be maintained by the Proof and Evidence which shall be then produced; but if the Proof then produced be sufficient to maintain the Information for the highest Penalty, the Informer may then proceed upon that, and if thereupon be obtainable Judgment, the other or others must then be drop or withdrawn.

The respective Penalties for not giving Notice of Rooms and Places used for the laying and keeping any Manufactures chargeable with these Duties (except Malt) are higher than the Penalties for biding and concealing such Manufactures: and therefore when any Manufactures (except Malt) are found bid or concealed in Rooms or Places of which no Notice hath been given, it will be advisable to proceed for the Penalty for not giving Notice of such Rooms or Places; but if at the Hearing on such Information it doth appear that Notice hath been given of such Room or Place, the Defendant upon that Information must in such Case be acquited of that Penalty; but though the Offender is so acquited of such Information for not giving Notice, yet he may be convicted on such Information for biding and concealing, and therefore the Informer may in such Case proceed for such biding and concealing, it being possible so to hide and conceal even in a Room or Place of which Notice has been given, as may subject the Offender to the Penalty for biding and concealing. For if the Clauses in these Acts of Parliament against such biding and concealing were

## Of Informations for Hiding and Concealing. FEE

to be construed to extend to such hiding and concealing only as should be discovered in Rooms and Places of which no Notice had been given, the inserting those Clauses against hiding and concealing would then have been altogether unnecessary.

The Penalty against Maltsters, for not giving Notice of a Room or Place used for the making or keeping Malt is Fifty Pounds, and the Penalty for hiding and concealing Malt is Ten Shillings per Bushel; if therefore the Quantity found hid and concealed does exceed One Hundred Bushels, the Penalty for hiding and concealing will in such Case be higher than the Penalty for not giving Notice; therefore where the Quantity of Malt found hid and concealed does exceed One Hundred Bushels, it may be advisable to proceed for such hiding and concealing rather than for not giving Notice of such Room or Place where such Malt happens to be so hid and concealed.

## CHAP.

**C H A P. VII.****Informations and Summons for Hiding and Concealing.****An Information against a Maltster for Hiding and Concealing one Parcel of Malt.**

*The Recording County of Southampton, &c.* BE it Remembred, That  
*of the laying the Information.* this Thirteenth Day  
 of February, in the Second Year of the Reign  
 of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE, that  
 now is, at Whitchurch in the said County of Sou-  
 thampton, Thomas Broughton, Gent. in his proper  
 Person, as well for His said Majesty, as for  
 himself, exhibiteth to us A B and C D, Esqs;  
 Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace  
 for the said County, residing near to the Place  
 where the Offence herein after-mentioned was  
 committed, a Complaint and Information; and  
 thereby informeth us, That one John Reeves du-  
 ring Three Months now last past and longer,  
 having been and continued to be, and yet being  
 a Maltster and Maker of Malt, and not having  
 compounded for the Duties of the Malt herein after-  
 mentioned; he the said John Reeves within Three  
 Months now last past, that is to say, on the  
 Eighteenth Day of December now last past, at  
 Long Parish in the said County of Southampton,  
 did fraudulently hide, conceal, and convey away  
 Malt by him made, that is to say, Twelve  
 Bushels of Malt so by him made as aforesaid,  
 from the Sight and View of one William Arnold,  
 being

*The Informer.**The Offense.*

being at the said Time of the said Hiding and Concealing thereof, and long before, and ever since, the Gager appointed to take an Account of the same, and then and there endeavouring to take such Account, which is contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided; whereby he the said *John Reeves* for every Bushel of the said Malt so hid and concealed, hath forfeited Ten Shillings of lawful English Money, amounting in the whole to Six Pounds of like Money: And thereupon the said *Thomas Broughton*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises; and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made, and that the said *John Reeves* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. John Reeves, Maltster.*

**County of South'ton, ss.** WE AB and CD, Esqrs; Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Southampton, do hereby give you Notice, That *Thomas Broughton*, Gent. hath exhibited before us an Information against you for the Penalty of Six Pounds by you forfeited, for hiding, concealing, and conveying away Twelve Bushels of Malt from the Sight and View of the Gagers appointed to take an Account of the same, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided:

## Of Informations for Hiding and Concealing.

provided. You are therefore hereby required, &c. (as in other Summons) to consider upon the Cause or Account of this, the General Occasion of this Information against a Maltster for Hiding and Concealing Two Parcels of Malt, so issued versus John Peet, in the Isle of Ely, before the **B**eauteous Remembred, That this County of Cambridgeshire, Second Day of April, in the bridge, anno. The Second Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King George the second, now is, at Littleport in the Isle of Ely, in the County of Cambridge, John Peet, Gentleman in His proper Person, as well for His said Majesty's use for himself, exhibith to us A and C D, Esqrs, Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace, for the said Isle of Ely, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That one Mary Smith during Three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continued to be, and yet being a Maltster and Maker of Malt, and not having compounded for the Duties of the Malt herein after mentioned, the said Mary Smith within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Fifteenth Day of March now last past, at Littleport in the Isle of Ely aforesaid, did fraudulently hide, conceal, and convey away Malt by her made, that is to say, one Parcel of such Malt so made by her containing Two Hundred and Thirty-four Bushels, and another Parcel of such Malt so by her made containing Two Hundred and Seven Bushels from the Sight and View of one Thomas Brown, being at the said Time of the said Hiding behoveth and

and Concealing thereof, and of every Part thereof, there the Gauger duly appointed to take an Account of the same, and then and there endeavouring to take such Account thereof, which is contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided; whereby the said *Mary Smith* for every Bushel of the said Malt so hid and concealed as aforesaid, hath forfeited Ten Shillings of lawful English Money, amounting in the whole to Two Hundred and Twenty Pounds and Ten Shillings of like Money; and thereupon the said *John Peale*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises; and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeitures, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *Mary Smith* may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

**4 Summons on the foregoing Information.**

To *Mrs. Mary Smith, Maltster.*  
Isle of Ely in the County of Cambridgeshire Two of His Majesty's  
Justices of the Peace for the  
Isle of Ely aforesaid, do hereby  
give you Notice, That *John Peale*, Gentleman  
exhibited before us an Information against you  
for the Penalty of Two Hundred and Twenty  
Pounds and Ten Shillings, by you forfeited, for  
Hiding and Concealing Two several and respe-  
ctive Parcels of Malt, the whole consisting of  
Four

116 Of Informations for Hiding and Concealing.

Four Hundred and Forty one Bushels of Malt from the Sight and View of the Gauger appointed to take an Account of the same, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made: You are therefore hereby required, &c. (as in the foregoing Summons.)

*There is not any express Clause for the Penalty against Makers of Mead for not giving Notice of their Cells or Places for keeping of Mead, and therefore the proper way to proceed against them will be for the Penalty for biding, &c. according to the following Information.*

An Information against a Mead-maker for biding Mead.

Surry, S. BE it Remembred, That this Fourth Day of June, in the First Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE that now is, at Kingston in the County of Surry, Charles Parry, Esq; in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us A B and C D, Esqrs; Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after-mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That one Giles Harris during Three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continued to be, and yet being a Maker of Mead for Sale; he the said Giles Harris within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Seven and Twentieth Day of May now last past, at Kingston aforesaid, did fraudulently hide, conceal,

ceal, and convey away Mead by him made, that is to say, Ten Gallons of Mead from the Sight and View of one *James Allen*, being at the said Time of the said Hiding and Concealing thereof, and of every Part thereof, the Gauger duly appointed to take an Account of the same, and then and there endeavouring to take such Account thereof, which is contrary to the Form of the Statute in such case made; whereby the said *Giles Harris* hath forfeited Five Shillings of lawful English Money for every Gallon of the said Mead so hid, concealed, and conveyed away as aforesaid, amounting in the whole to Fifty Shillings of like Money; and thereupon the said *Charles Parry*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeitures according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made, and that the said *Giles Harris* may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

By the *Act of 3 & 4 W. & M. Cap. 15. Sect.*

2. Excise-Book, Fol. 118, & 119. the Penalty for Hiding and Concealing Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-Waters is 5 s. per Gallon, of which no Part being by the said Act given to the Informer; and the said Act not having appointed any other Distribution of the said Penalty, the whole belongs to the Crown; and therefore Informations for this Offence must be on the Behalf of the King only, and not on the Behalf of the King and of the Informer.

An Information against a Common-Distiller  
for Hiding and Concealing Low-Wines, and  
for Hiding and Concealing Spirits, and  
Strong Waters.

Kent, &c. BE it Remembered, That this Thir-  
tieth Day of May, in the Second  
Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King  
GEORGE that now is, at Maidstone in the Coun-  
ty of Kent, Philip Bamford, Gent. in his proper  
Person, for and on the Behalf of His said Majesty,  
exhibiteth to us, &c. (as in other Informations)  
That within Three Monchs now last past, that  
is to say, on the Eight and Twentieth Day of  
May now Instant, at Maidstone in the said Coun-  
ty of Kent, one Thomas Smith being all that time  
and ever since a Common-Distiller, did hide,  
conceal, and convey away certain Low-Wines,  
Spirits, and Strong-Waters made by him the said  
Thomas Smith for Sale, that is to say, Forty Gal-  
lons of Low-Wines so by him made for Sale, and  
Twenty Gallons of Spirits and Strong-Waters so by  
him made for Sale, from the Sight and View of  
one Jasper Downes at that Time, and long be-  
fore, and ever since, there the Gauger duly ap-  
pointed to take an Account of the same, and  
then and there endeavouring to take such Ac-  
count thereof, whereby His Majesty might  
have been defrauded of the Duties due for the  
said Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-Waters so  
hid, concealed, and conveyed away, contrary  
to the Form of the Statute in such Case made  
and provided; whereby the said Thomas Smith  
hath forfeited Five Shillings of lawful English  
Money

Money for every Gallon of the said Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-Waters so hid, concealed, and conveyed away as aforesaid, amounting in the whole to Fifteen Pounds of Current Money; and thereupon the said Defendant doth further stand on His said Majesty's Behalf, humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that the said Thomas Smith may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices, need giv-  
en won at no M<sup>t</sup> 1691 anno 1691 a bish ond on salb  
to The Penalties against Makers of Canaries, Soap, Perf-  
ume and Starch, and against Printers and Painters  
selb<sup>t</sup> of Paper for Hanging, and against Printers  
on Ringers, &c. of Silk, in Colloquy Linens or  
no[n]e Stuff, and against Blowers and Owners of  
Hops, for Hiding and Concealing any of the said  
Manufactures or Commodities, as the Materials  
for making the said respective Manufactures, are  
brought Sum certain in each of the said respective Cases,  
viz. Twenty Pounds in each Case, and not more  
or less in Proportion to the Quantity hidden and  
concealed; and therefore in Informations against  
any of them, for hiding and concealing, it will  
not be necessary to mention any particular Quan-  
tity; but it will be sufficient in such Informati-  
on to mention that the Defendant did hide and  
conceal either Canaries, Soap, Paper, &c. or  
Materials for the making thereof, without parti-  
cularly expressing the Quantity which is so hid  
and concealed, in the following manner, viz.  
An

## Of Informations for Hiding and Concealing.

*An Information against a Maker of Candles, for hiding and concealing Candles and Materials for making Candles.*

**C. II. BE it Remembred, &c. (as before in the Information against a Mafster.)** That *A B* for three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continued to be a Maker of Candles, he the said *A B* within three Months now last past, that is to say, on the fifth Day of June now instant, at *B* in the County of *C* aforesaid, did fraudulently hide and conceal Candles by him made, which were chargeable by the several Statutes made for laying Duties upon Candles, and also Materials for the making such Candles, to the Intent to deceive his said Majesty of his just Duties, to him granted by the said Statute upon Candles, contrary to the said Statute in such Case made, whereby he hath forfeited Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money; And thereupon &c. (as in the Information against a Mafster.)

## AN INFORMATION AGAINST AN OWNER OF HOPS, FOR HIDING AND CONCEALING HOPS.

**Kent, ff. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in the Information before against a Mafster.)** That *A B* being at the Time of the hiding and concealing hereinafter mentioned, Owner of the Hops hereinafter mentioned, he the said *A B* within three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Thirtieth Day of September now last past, at *C.* in

C. in the said County of Kent, did fraudulently hide and conceal, and did cause to be so hid and concealed Hops belonging to him the said A B which were chargeable by the Statute for laying Duties on Hops, to the Intent to deceive his said Majesty of his just Duties to him granted by the said Statute, contrary to the said Statute in such Case made, whereby he hath forfeited Twenty Pounds, &c. (as in the Information against a Maltster.)

*An Information against a Maker of Soap, for Hiding and Concealing Soap, &c.*

Devon. ¶ B E it Remembred, &c. (as in the Information before against a Maltster,) That A B for Three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continued to be, and yet being a Maker of Soap; he the said A B within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Second Day of October now instant, at L. in the County of D. aforesaid, did fraudulently hide and conceal, and did cause to be so hid and concealed, Soap by him made which was chargeable by the Statute for laying Duties on Soap, and also Materials for the making such Soap, to the Intent to deceive His said Majesty of His just Duties to him granted by the Statute for laying Duties upon Soap, contrary to the said Statute in such Case made; whereby he hath forfeited Twenty Pounds of lawful Money of England, &c. (as in the foregoing Information against a Maltster.)

(A certain w<sup>t</sup> when soe many  
bars foyr tyl w<sup>t</sup> adiuton sonit vij & xij An  
regno)

*Of Informations for Hiding and Concealing.*

*Information against a Maker of Paper, & for Hiding, &c. Paper by him made, and Materials for the Making of Paper.*  
*Surry, ss. BE it Remembered, &c. (as in the Information before against a Maltster.) That A B for Three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continued to be, and yet being a Maker of Paper; he the said A B within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Thirteenth Day of April now last past, at D in the said County of Surry, did fraudulently hide and conceal, and did cause to be so hid and concealed Paper by him made which was chargeable by the Statute for laying Duties on Paper, and also Materials for making such Paper, to the Intent to deceive His said Majesty of his just Duties to Him granted by the Statute for laying Duties upon Paper, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made; whereby he hath Forfeited Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money, &c. (as in the foregoing Information against a Maltster.)*

*An Information against a Printer and Painter of Paper to serve for Hangings or other Uses, for Hiding, &c. Paper by him printed and painted to serve for the Uses aforesaid.*  
*Sussex, ss. BE it Remembered, &c. (as in the Information before against a Maltster,) That A B for Three Months now last past and longer,*

## Of Informations for Hiding and Concealing,

123.

longer having been, and continued to be, and yet being a Printer and Painter of Paper to serve for Hangings or other Uses; he the said A B within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Tenth Day of May now last past at D. in the said County of Essex, did fraudulently hide and conceal, and did cause to be so hid and concealed Paper by him printed and painted to serve for Hangings or other Uses, which was chargeable by the Statute for laying Duties on such Paper, to the Intent so deceive His said Majesty of His just Duties to him granted by the Statute for laying Duties upon Paper, contrary to the Form of the said Statute in such Case made; whereby he hath forfeited Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money, &c. (as in the foregoing Information against a Maltster.)

## An Information against a Printer and Painter of Callicoes and Linens, for Hiding, &c.

Callicoes and Linens before the same had been printed or painted.

**B**E it Remembered, &c. (as in the Information before against a Maltster,) That A B for Three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continued to be, and yet being a Printer and Painter of Callicoes and Linens; he the said A B within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the First Day of June now last past, at C. in the said County of Essex, did fraudulently hide and conceal, and did cause to be so hid and concealed Callicoes and Linens before the same had been by him printed or painted, which were chargeable by the

154

## Of Informations for Hiding and Concealing.

the Statute for laying Duties on such Callicoes and Linens, to the Intent to deceive His said Majesty of His just Duties to Him granted by the said Statute, contrary to the said Statute in such Case made; whereby he hath forfeited Twenty Pounds of lawful Money of England, &c.  
*(as in the foregoing Information against a Master.)*

If for Hiding, &c. Callicoes and Linens after the same have been printed and painted, then thus.

— Did fraudulently hide and conceal, and did cause to be so hid and concealed, Callicoes and Linens, after the same had been by him printed and painted, which were chargeable by the Statute for laying Duties on such Callicoes and Linens, to the Intent to deceive His said Majesty, &c. *(as before)*.

An Information against a Maker of Starch, for Hiding and Concealing Starch by him made, and Materials for making Starch.

County of Hertford, &c. BE it Remembred, &c. *(as in the Information before against a Master.)* That A B for Three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continued to be, and yet being a Maker of Starch; he the said A B within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Twentieth Day of April now last past, at C. in the said County of Hertford, did fraudulently hide and conceal, and did cause to be so hid and concealed, Starch by him

## *Of Informations for Hiding and Concealing:*

105

made, which was chargeable by the Statute for laying Duties on Starch, and also Materials for making such Starch, to the Intent to deceive His said Majesty of His just Duties to Him granted by the Statute for laying Duties on Starch, contrary to the said Statute in such Case made; whereby he hath forfeited Twenty Pounds of lawful Money of England, &c. (as in the foregoing Information against a Malster.)

all are now (O purchased to the Burf).

mission to the Indians at credit.

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13-18-22-20 23 May 1938

Answers to the following questions by DSA, says H. J. Muller, as will be found in the "Commemoration of the First World War," the Committee on War

People power in the Philippines of a Congress of

be submitted to our editor who will be glad to receive it.

such houses belonging to or at any particular place.

against which the first Dailies, like those of the  
Globe and Standard, were to be levelled.

**CHAP.**

*Leslie's New Companion Magazine Monthly*

the present set of letters. The author of the  
last group is the same person as M. de la Guérinière.

**R**esults from Ocular Sialography Groups of 10 to 1500  
monads from Monachus monachus

220 of those kept by companies in the United States in  
1900 were held in New York.

*High Class Subpoena*

Please send me 10 suggestions. I'll be pleased to have them.

# CHAP.

228

**C H A P. VIII.**

*Of Offences and Forfeitures by refusing to permit Officers to enter, &c. or to gauge and take Accounts, &c. And by obstructing or hindering Officers in the Execution of the Powers, &c. given them by several Acts of Parliament.*

BY several Clauses in the several and respective Acts of Parliament relating to all and every the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise, the Officers at all Times, as well by Night as by Day, and if by Night then in the Presence of a Constable, or other lawful Officer, are upon their Request to be permitted to enter and go into all Houses and Places belonging to or used by the respective Manufacturers of the several Manufactures charged with the said Duties, and are likewise to be permitted there to gauge, take Accounts, and measure the several and respective Manufactures and Commodities charged with those Duties, and of the Materials for making and working such Manufactures; and if upon such Request the Officers are refused either so to enter or to take such Accounts, the Manufacturer so refusing is liable to the respective Penalties in such Cases appointed.

But you are to understand, That besides verbally refusing or telling the Officer that he shall not

## Of Officers by Refusing &c.

157

not enter, or that he shall not take an Account there may be an actual refusing; as where a Manufacturer having his Doors, &c. shut, lock'd, and made fast, doth not upon Demand open them, or cause them to be opened, and yet perhaps doth not then tell the Officer that he will not open those, or that he shall not enter, &c. though this is not a verbal, yet this is an actual refusing to permit such Officer to enter. Or if a Manufacturer having contrived the Utensils and Places used for his Manufacture so that an Officer cannot take an Account of the Manufactures there found; and if upon Demand in such Case fairly made by the Officer such Manufacturer refuseth to do or suffer to be done, or doth not do such Act or Acts as may make it practicable for an Officer to take an Account of the Manufacture there found; this also is an actual refusing to permit such Officer to take such Account, (&c. for Instance). If a Maltster hath his Cistern wall'd and block'd up, leaving but only one particular part where an Officer can come to gauge a small part only of the Corn in such Cistern, (as some have done) so that no Officer can take a true Gauge of the Quantity of such Corn in such Cistern: And if the Maltster, tho' requested to make it practicable for the Officer to take a true Gauge of all the Corn in such Cistern for as to take a true Account thereof, doth refuse so to do, such refusing or keeping such Cistern so block'd up after such Demand as aforesaid, is refusing to permit such Officer to take an Account. So much as beforew<sup>t</sup> writs of admonition. Or if (as in other Instances it hath happened) a Maltster stoppeth up the Windows and Lights so that it is not possible even in the Day-time

to

*Of Offences by Refusing and*

to see into all Parts of his Cistern, and if after Demand in such Case made, such Master refuseth to unstop such Windows or Lights, or doth not unstop or open the same, such refusing to unstop such Windows or Lights, or keeping the same so stopped up as aforesaid, is an actual refusing to permit such Officer to take an Account; for when a Law requires and enjoyns any thing to be done, the necessary Means for the doing thereof, and without which such Thing cannot be done, are implied, though perhaps not expressed in such Law.

And as verbally refusing to permit the Officer either to enter or to take such Accounts is an Offence against the Letter, so the before-mentioned Methods are Offences against the plain Sense and Meaning of the before-mentioned Clauses; the Intent thereof being, that all such Persons as are liable to these Duties should be obliged to order and dispose their Houses, Places, and Practices so, and in such manner that these Laws may be complied with, and may be put in Execution, and that it may be possible and practicable for the Officers to perform their respective Duties; and if the respective Persons liable to these Duties after Demand made, refuse so to do, they in such Cases may be prosecuted for the before-mentioned Penalties.

But here it is to be understood, That every Difficulty which an Officer may happen to meet with won't be a just Cause of Prosecution; for it will happen that some Houses and Places cannot be so easily surveyed as some others, and therefore the Officers must be content at some Places to take more Pains and be at more Trouble than will be necessary at others, and must not

in all such Cases immediately lay Informations; for as Persons liable to these Duties must not either by Design or want of due Foresight and Care put Impossibilities or unnecessary Difficulties upon the Officers, so the Persons liable to these Duties must not be prosecuted on these Clauses, for and upon Account of every Difficulty which an Officer may meet with; but if their Houses or Places are so contrived that it is impracticable for Officers there to take the Gauges and Accounts, and if upon Request and Demand they will not alter them, they then may be prosecuted on these Clauses.

For though in such Cases the Manufacturers will perhaps pretend, That such Impracticability of taking such Accounts happens from what they alledge, they cannot help, or from what they call Necessity, *viz.* from the Situation, Straitness, want of Room or other Circumstances of their Houses and Places, yet such Allegations when rightly considered won't prove to be true.

For if a Maltster at every Time of Wetting his Corn will wet more Corn than can be conveniently worked in his Malt-House, and if thereby it happens that his several Couches and Floors do lie so close that they cannot be gauged and taken an Account of separately, (as they ought to be,) he may perhaps alledge that this is not his Fault, but is only the Consequence of the Straitness and Want of more Room in his Malt-House; but this or the like Pretences are only Evasions and are not really true, for his Couches and Floors lying so close is not the Effect of Necessity, but of his own Choice; for such Maltster may and ought in such Case at

## Of Offences by Refusing and

every Weeding to wte only somach Cottas as can be wrought in his Malt-House, so as also the Last may be comphied with, and then the Officer may take one Ganges and Accoynes of each Cobbin and Floor separately and distinctly sound though perhaps he can't make them all as large; yet he may make his weeding-sheets about his weeding more Corn than can be so managed; is his own voluntary Act; and therefore ought not to be admitted as an Excuse of any Consequences thereby happening which are contrary to the Law in such Case made.

And if the Conveniences of his Malt-House are no longer enough for his Trade, he may take a bigger or another Malt-House, but in the mean Time he must so work his Malt as not to break the Law.

If one by Contrivance or for want of Contrivance bring himself under a seeming Necessity of Breaking a known Law, such seeming Necessity won't excuse the Breaking such Law.

If a Waggoner so load his Waggon that he is under a Necessity to use more Horses than are allowed by the Statute, such seeming Necessity won't excuse his acting against that Law; the Heaviness of his Load may make it necessary to use more Horses than he ought s'il but it was not Necessity but his own Choice that the Load was so heavy. A Master for his own Sake won't have his Cistern situated in such manner that he or his Servants can't fill and empty it, and for the Sake of Complying with the Law he ought not to have it so that the Officers can't gauge all Parts of it; and if he hath and keeps it so, especially after being admonished thereof, it is in Reality the

the same Thing as if he verbally refused to permit the Officer to gauge his Cistern, for it is his own willfull Act and Choice to set up or to take or keep a Cistern that is so situate, and therefore he ought to be liable to Penalties and Forfeitures as often as the Officer finds Corn in a Cistern so situate that it is impracticable for any Officer to take true Gauges and Accounts of the Corn in such Cistern.

To prevent Complaints of frivolous and vexatious Prosecutions in these Cases, it will be necessary, That the Officers do in the first Place acquaint the Offenders with the particular Obstacles, Thing or Things which hinder and prevent them from doing their respective Duties, and do likewise request that such Thing or Things may be removed or altered so that it may be possible and practicable for them to do and perform their respective Duties; and that the Officers do also acquaint such Offenders that unless they order their Affairs accordingly, they will be prosecuted for the Penalties in such Cases; and if after all, such Offenders refuse so to do, they then may be prosecuted on the before-mentioned Clauses for refusing to permit the Officers to take such Accounts.

It may be further observed, That if when Officers in the Execution of their Offices are actually going, or entering or endeavouring to enter into Houses or other Places belonging to Manufacturers, there to do and perform their Duty, or if after they are entered and are actually taking or endeavouring to take such Accounts, they are either assaulted or beaten; or thereby Goode holder, and if thereby or by any other Means they are hindered from so doing, such Assaulting,

## Of Offences by Refusing and

Beating, Holding, or Hindring is Refusing to permit them to enter or take such Accounts.

But besides the said Clauses for Penalties for refusing to permit Officers to enter and to take such Accounts, there are also other Clauses for inflicting Penalties on such as shall obstruct or hinder Officers in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities given them by the several Acts of Parliament in such Case made, and particularly in the Act of 8 Anne for laying Duties upon Candles, Excise Book, Fol. 366. is the following Clause, viz. And be it Enacted, That if any Maker or Makers of Candles shall obstruct or hinder any of the said Officers in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities given to him or them by this Act for ascertaining and securing the said Duties upon Candles, the Person or Persons offending therein shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

There is the like Clause in the Malt Act of GEORGI Regis, but the Penalty there is but Ten Pounds: And in the several Acts for laying Duties on Soap and Paper, and on printing, painting, &c. Silks, Calicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, and on Starch, and on Gilt or Silver Wire; there are the like Clauses each for the Penalty of Twenty Pounds.

If therefore when an Officer is entering or endeavouring to enter the Houses, &c. of any of these Manufacturers last-mentioned, or when he is taking or endeavouring to take Accounts of any of the said Manufactures he is assaulted or beaten, or forcibly holden, or by any other Methods or Means is hindred from so doing, the Offender in such Case may be prosecuted for the said respective Penalties on the said respective Clauses: But in all such Cases it will

## *Obstructing Officers.*

433

be necessary to prove that such Officer was at that Time actually in the Execution of his Office, and performing or endeavouring to perform the Duty thereof.

But the Words *obstruct* and *hinder* being of a general Import and Signification, it will be proper in such Information particularly to mention the manner of such Obstruction or Hindering, viz. Whether it was by Assaulting and Beating, or by forcibly holding or laying Hands on such Officer; and where by any special or uncommon Method an Officer is obstructed or hindered in the taking an Account, it will be proper in such Information to mention something of the manner of such special Method of obstructing or hindring the Officer in the taking such Account.

In all such Cases it will be proper for the Officer to admonish and caution the Offender of the Consequences of such Actions and Behaviour of such Offender,

## I 3 CHAP.

je new resell O nch met stote or visitation ad  
O oint to no man by any officer or constable sent to such  
improvement or gauger or officer to make such visitation

## C H A P. IX.

*Informations and Summons for refusing  
to permit Officers to Enter, or to take  
Accounts.*

*An Information against a Maltster, for Refusing  
to permit an Officer in the Day-time to  
Enter his Malt-house.*

*The Recording  
of the laying  
the Informa-  
tion.*

*City of York, s. B. E. is Remembred, That on the  
Third Day of June, in the  
Thirteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign  
Lady Queen Anne, that now is, at the City of  
York, T. M. Gent, in his proper Person, as well  
for Her said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth  
to us A B and C D, Esqrs. two of Her said Ma-  
jesty's Justices of the Peace for the said City and  
County of the same, residing near to the Place  
where the Offence herein after mentioned, was  
committed, a Complaint and Information; and  
thereby informeth us, That Francis Gregg for three  
Months now last past and longer, hath been and  
yet is a Gauger and an Officer of Excise, and  
for the Duties granted to Her said Majesty upon  
Malt, duly constituted, appointed and qualified,  
according to the Form of the Statute in such  
Case made; and that he so being such Gauger  
and Officer as aforesaid, he within the said three  
Months now last past, that is to say, on the Fifth  
Day of May now last past, in the Day-time of the  
said Day, at the Parish of St. Hellen by the Wall,*

in

in the said City of York, at a Malt-house then  
and there belonging to and used by one *Adam Williams* (who then was, and during the said  
three Months now last past and longer, hath  
continued to be, and yet is there a Makker and  
Maker of Malt, and had not, nor hath com-  
pounded for the Duties on Malt by him during  
that time there made, or to be made) Did in the  
Execution of his said Office, duly request and *Request to the Officer*  
desire the said *Adam Williams* to permit him the  
said *F. G.* (such Officer then and there being) in  
the Execution of his said Office, then and there  
to enter into the Malt-house aforesaid, in order  
to do and perform his Office therin: But notwithstanding such Request so made as aforesaid,  
yet the said *Adam Williams*, neither did nor would  
permit him the said *Francis Gregg*, (such Officer  
then and there being) to enter or go into the  
said Malt-house, as by the Statute in such Case  
made and provided, he ought to have done; but *The Offence*  
to permit him so to do, did then and there utterly  
refuse, contrary to the Form of the said Statute;  
Whereby the said *Adam Williams* hath forfeited *Forfeiture*.  
the Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful English  
Money: And whereupon the said *T. M.* who as  
well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the  
said Justices in the Premises, and that he may  
have one Moietie of the said Forfeiture, accord-  
ing to the Form of the Statute in such Case made,  
and that the said *Adam Williams* may be summoned  
to answer the said Premises, and to make Dif-  
ference thereto before us the said Justices; and to the end  
of perceiving what sum of Money he may be  
bound to pay to us, or to whom he may be  
bound to pay, we do by these Presents command  
that he be sent to the next Day, in the said Day  
of the Month of September, to the said *Adam Williams*, in the said City  
of York, to be present before the said Justices.

**A Summons on the foregoing Information.****To Mr. Adam Williams, Maltster.****City of York, &c. WE A B and C D, Esqrs.**

**Two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said City of York and County of the said City, do hereby give you Notice, That T. M. Gent. hath exhibited before us an Information against you for the Sum of Twenty Pounds by you forfeited, for refusing to permit Francis Gregg, an Officer of Excise, in the Day-time, to enter into a Malt-house belonging to, and used by you, to do and perform his Office therein; you are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons before.)**

**If a Maltster permits the Officer to enter his Malt-house, but after refuse to permit him to enter some particular Room or Part of his House; then tbus, viz.**

**City of York, &c. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in the foregoing Information) That**

**Francis Gregg for three Months now last past and longer, hath been, and yet is a Gauger and an Officer of Excise, and for the Duties granted to His said Majesty upon Malt, duly constituted, appointed and qualified, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that he so being, he within three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Fifth Day of May now last past, in the Day-time of the said Day, at the Parish of St. Hellen by the Wall, in the said City**

*The Informa-  
tion.*

City of York, being then and there lawfully entered into a Malt-house then and there belonging to and used by one Adam Williams (who then was, and during the said three Months now last past and longer, hath continued to be, and yet is there a Maltster and Maker of Malt, and had not, nor hath compounded for the Duties on Malt by him during that time there made or to be made) Did then and there, in the Execution ~~of his Office~~ <sup>in his Office</sup>, of his said Office, duly request and desire the said Adam Williams to permit him the said Francis Gregg (such Officer then and there being) in the Execution of his said Office, to enter into a Room then and there belonging to, and used by the said Adam Williams, in order to do and perform his Office therein; but notwithstanding such Request so made as aforesaid, yet the said Adam Williams neither did nor would permit him the said Francis Gregg (such Officer then and there being) to enter or go into the said Room, as by the Statute in such Case made and provided he ought to have done; but to permit him so to do, did then and there utterly refuse, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; Whereby the said Adam Williams hath forfeited the Sum of ~~Twenty Pounds~~ <sup>Perf. 20s.</sup> ~~of lawful English Money~~ <sup>in the sum of</sup> ~~and thereupon, &c.~~ <sup>as in the foregoing Information.</sup>

The Summons on this Information in the same Form as on the Information next before; only instead of the Word (Malt-house), insert the Word (Room).

An Information against a Maltster for Refusing  
to permit the Officer in the Night-time, in  
the Presence of a Constable, to Enter his  
Malt-house.

**BE it Remembered,** &c. (as in the foregoing Information) That **Francis Gregg**, for three Months now last past and longer, hath been and yet is a Gager and an Officer of Excise, and for the Duties granted to His said Majesty upon Malt, duly constituted, appointed and qualified, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that he so being, he within three Months now last past, that is to say, in the Night-time between the Twelfth and Thirteenth Days of April now last past, in the Presence of a Constable at the Parish of St. Helen by the Wall in the said City of York, at a Malt-house then and there belonging to and used by one **Adam Williams** (who then was, and during the said three Months now last past and longer, hath continued to be, and yet is a Maltster and Maker of Malt, and had not, nor hath compounded for the Duties on Malt by him during that time made, or to be made) Did in the Execution of his said Office, and in the Presence of the said Constable, duly request and desire the said **Adam Williams**, to permit him the said **Francis Gregg** (such Officer then and there being) in the Execution of his said Office, and in the Presence of the said Constable, then and there to Enter into the Malt-house aforesaid, in order to do and perform his Office therein; but notwithstanding such Request so made in the Presence of the

## Refusing Offers to Enter, &c.

135

the said Constable, as aforesaid, yet, &c. (as in  
the foregoing Information for refusing entrance into a  
man's house.)

୬୩ ଶିଳ୍ପାଳ  
କୁଣ୍ଡଳ

*A Summons on the foregoing information.*

To Mr. Adam Williams, in Melrose,  
Mass., October 25, 1863.

*See also the Accounts of certain Beer Ales*

City of York, S. W. E. A. B. and C. D. Eldrs. two

and by John Wright Esq. (as in the foregoing Sum-

mons on the Information against a Member) for refusing

to permit Francis Gregg, an Officer of Excise, in

the Night-time, and in the Presence of a Com-

stable, to enter into your Malt-house, and to

perform his Office therein; you are therefore, &c.

(as in other Summons.)

17. The following table gives the results of the experiments made by Mr. J. C. D. B. on the effect of different methods of treatment on the growth of the plant.

### An Information against a Christian Brother, for

any information regarding a Commandant, or refusing to permit an Officer in the Executive

refusing to permit an Officer in the Day-time,

To Gage and take an Account of his Beer,  
11<sup>th</sup> / 17<sup>th</sup>

## Ale and Worts.

**City of Exeter, S. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in  
Bretton Information) and then**

*Other Informations, and there- The Informa-*  
by informeth us, That John Jones for three Months  
now last past and longer, hath been and yet is a  
Gauger and Officer of Excise, duly constituted,  
appointed and qualified, according to the Form  
of the Statute in such Case made; and that he so  
being, he within three Months now last past,  
that is to say, on the First Day of November now  
Instant, in the Day-time of the said Day, at the  
said City of Exeter, at and in a Brew-house and  
Place of Brewing, then and there belonging to,  
and

340  
Request to  
conge.

The offence.

## Informations and Summons for

and used by *William Symonds* (who then was, during the said three Months now last past and longer, hath continued to be, and yet is there a Common-Brewer) Did in the Execution of his said Office, request and desire the said *William Symonds* to permit him the said *John Jones* (such Gauger and Officer then and there being) in the Execution of his said Office then and there to gauge and take an Account of certain Beer, Ale and Worts, by him then and there found; but notwithstanding such Request so made, yet the said *William Symonds* neither did nor would permit him the said *John Jones* (such Gauger and Officer then and there being) to gauge and take an Account of the said Beer, Ale and Worts then and there being, as by the Statute in such Case made and provided he ought to have done; but to permit him so to do, did then and there utterly refuse, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby the said *William Symonds* hath forfeited the Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money; and thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

## A Summons on the foregoing Information.

To Mr. *William Symonds*, Common-Brewer,

City of Exeter. WE A B and C D, Esqrs.  
Two, &c. (as in the foregoing Summons against a Maltster) for refusing to permit *John Jones*, Officer of Excise, in the Day-time, to gauge and take an Account of certain Beer, Ale and Worts by him found at your Brew-house or Place of Brewing; you are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

An

## Refusing Officers to Enter, &c.

An Information against a Common-Distiller,  
for Refusing to permit an Officer in the Day-  
time to Gauge and take an Account of the  
same

**C**ity of Bristol, &c. BE it Remembered, &c. (as in other Informations,) and hereby informeth us, That James Hughes for Three Months now last past and longer, hath been and yet is a Gauger and Officer of Excise duly constituted, appointed, and qualified according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that he so being, he within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the First Day of January now instant, in the Day-time of the said Day at the said City of Bristol, at and in a Distilling-House and Place of Distilling then and there belonging to and used by Henry Freeman, (who then was, and during the said Three Months now last past hath continued to be and yet is there a Common-Distiller of Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-Waters for Sale and Exportation,) did in the Execution of his said Office Request to take an Account of certain Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-Waters by him then and there found; but notwithstanding such Request so made, yet the said Henry Freeman neither did nor would permit the said James Hughes (such Officer then and there being) to Gauge and take an Account of the said Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong-Waters, as by the Statute in such case made he ought to have done;

142  
The Offense.

Forfeiture.

done, but to permit him so to do, did then and there utterly refuse, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby the said Henry Freeman hadst falsified the Sum of Fifteen Pounds of lawfull English Money: And therupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

To the Henry Freeman, Common-Distiller,

In the City of Bristol, W E A B and C D Esqrs; Two  
Summons against me, Master, for refusing to per-  
mit James Hughe Officer of Excise in the Day-  
Time, to gauge and take an Account of certain  
Low-Wines, Spirits, and Strong Waters by him  
found at your Distilling-House or Place of Di-  
stilling; You are therefore, &c. (as in other Sum-  
mons, changing only such Words as are necessary to be  
changed.)

The like Information and Summons will serve a-  
gainst Makers of Vinegar, Spices, Mithoglin, or  
Mead, or against Retailers of Cider, against  
each of whom the Penalty is Fifteen Pounds for  
not permitting an Officer to enter, &c. or to gauge  
or take Account, &c.

By Clauses in the respective Acts for laying Duties  
upon Candles, Soap, and Paper, and upon prints  
of Silks, Calicoes, Linens, and Suff's,  
and upon Starch, Officers are so to be permitted to  
enter all Places used by or belonging to the said  
respecting Manufacturers; but the Penalties for  
refusing to permit them so to doe are not particularly  
mentioned

assigned in the said Inspection Clerks; but in  
the said Clerks of each of the said respective Acts  
nithin the Clerks whereby all the Powers, Qualities,  
etc. of Clerks is declared to be in full force in refer-  
rence to the said respective Duties by Law, &c.  
By virtue whereof Makers of Candles, Soap,  
to others, or Printers of Calicoes, Linen, &c.  
but of Makers of Search engines, &c. Officers to  
such or take Accounts. They for such refusing  
will may respectively be prosecuted for the Penalties  
as of Twenty Pounds or Fifteen Pounds, as  
the Informer shall think fit, for the said Informer  
to make Execution of his Office and in the said

*An Information against a Maltster, for refusing  
to permit an Officer in the Night-time and  
in the Presence of a Constable to take an  
Account of Corn there making into Malt.*

Whereas the said Councillor did return said Informer  
Bucks, &c. it is Remembered, &c. (as in other In-  
formations) That C. H. for Three <sup>The Informa-</sup>  
Months now last past, and longer, hath been  
and yet is a publick Maltster and Maker of Malt  
for sale, and not having compounded for the  
Duties on Malt by him made and to be made  
at and in a Malt-House, and Place of making  
Malt belonging to and used by him the said  
C. H. situate and being at West Wycombe, in the  
said County of Bucks; and that Samuel Duxbury  
for Three Months now last past, hath been and  
yet is a Gauger and Officer of Excise, and for the  
Duties granted to His said Majesty upon Malt, duly  
constituted, appointed, and qualified, according  
to the Statute in such Case made and provided;  
and

144

*Informations and Summons for*

and that they the said C H and S D so respectively being such Maltster and such Gauger and Officer as aforesaid, he the said S D within Three Months now last past, that is to say, in the Night-time between the Twelfth and Thirteenth Days of April now last past, in the Execution of his said Office, and in the Presence of a Constable was at and in the said Malt-House of the said C H in West Wycombe aforesaid; and then and there finding Corn which before that Time had been wetted and steeped by the said C H to be made into Malt, and was then and there making into Malt; he the said S D in the Execution of his Office and in the Presence of the said Constable did then and there request him the said C H, to permit him the said S D, such Gauger and Officer then and there being, to Gauge and take an Account of the said Corn which had been wetted and steeped, and was then and there found as aforesaid: But notwithstanding such Request so made as aforesaid, yet the said C H neither did nor would permit the said S D (such Officer then and there being,) to Gauge and take an Account of the Corn aforesaid, then and there found as aforesaid, as by the Statute in such Case made he ought to have done but to permit him so to do did then and there utterly refuse, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; whereby the said C H hath forfeited the Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money: And therupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

A Sum  
of twenty Pounds in the said Case.

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. C H, Maltster.*

Bucks, ss. WE, &c. (as in other Summons,) For  
Refusing to permit Samuel Downes  
Officer of Excise in the Night-time, and in the  
Presence of a Constable, to gange and take an  
Account of Corn found in your Malt-House, by  
you wetted and steeped in order to be made into  
Malt, and then and there making into Malt:  
You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

**K CHAP.**

## C H A P. X.

Informations and Summons for Ob-  
structing, &c. Officers.

*An Information against a Maker of Candles,*  
for Obstrudging an Officer in taking an Acc-  
count of his Candles, and of his Materials  
for making Candles, by assaulting and beat-  
ing the said Officer.

Sarry, &c. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in other In-  
formations,) And thereby informeth  
*The Informati-* us, That within Three Months now last past,  
that is to say, on the Tenth Day of April now  
last past, at Guilford, at an House and Place for  
making Candles, then and there belonging to  
and used by one *Thomas Saunders*, who then and  
there was, and for and during the said Three  
Months now last past and longer, hath been,  
and continued to be, and yet is there a Maker of  
Candles, he not having compounded according  
to the Form of the Statute in such Case made,  
for the Duties due, and to grow due to his said  
Majesty for Candles there made and to be made  
by him the said *Thomas Saunders*; one *John Ste-  
vens* (who then and there was, and for and during  
the said Three Months now last past, hath been,  
and continued to be, and yet is there a Gauger  
and Officer of Excise, and for the said Duties  
granted to His said Majesty upon Candles, duly  
constituted, appointed, and qualifiyed according  
to

to the Form of the Statute in such case made,) pursuant to and in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities to him as such Officer given, did attempt and endeavour then and there to *The Officer en- deavoured to take an Ac-*  
*Candles there made by the said Thomas Saunders,*  
*and of the Quantity of some Tallow and other*  
*Materials for the making of Candles then*  
*and there found ; but whilst he was endeavouring*  
*and attempting so to do, the said Thomas*  
*Saunders did then and there assault and beat him *The Officer.**  
the said John Stephens, such Officer and in the Execution of the said Powers and Authorities then and there being ; and thereby did then and there obstruct and hinder him the said John Stephens then and there being such Officer as aforesaid, in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities for the Ascertaining and Securing the said Duties upon Candles to such Officer given in and by the said Statute, that is to say, in the taking the said Accounts of the said Candles, and of the said Materials for making Candles, contrary to the Form of the said Statute ; whereby the said Thomas Saunders hath forfeited *Forfeiture.*  
Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money : And thereupon, &c. (as in other like Informations.)

A Summons on the foregoing Information.

To Mr. Thomas Saunders, Chandler.

Surrey, ss. WE, &c. (as in other Summons,) and Information against you for the sum of Twenty Pounds, by you forfeited, for obstructing and hindering Mr. John Stephens Gauger

## Informations and Summons for

Gauger and Officer of Excise in taking an Account of your Candles and Materials to be made into Candles: You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

**An Information against a Maltster, for Obstructing an Officer in Gauging, &c.** Corn in a Couch, by throwing Corn at and upon the gauging Rod and Tape wherewith he was then gauging and measuring the said Corn.

*The Recording Town of Andover in the County of Southampton, in the Second Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE that now is, at the Town of Andover in the County of Southampton, Thomas Broughton, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us A B and C D, Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said Town of Andover, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Eleventh Day of June now instant, at Andover aforesaid, at and in a Malt-House then and there belonging to and used by one Andrew Phillips, who then and there was, and for and during the said Three Months now last past, hath been, and continued to be, and yet is there a Maltster and Maker of Malt for Sale; one John Michell (who then and*

*and used by) a Malt-House then and there belonging to and used by one Andrew Phillips, who then and there was, and for and during the said Three Months now last past, hath been, and continued to be, and yet is there a Maltster and Maker of Malt for Sale; one John Michell (who then and*

## Obstructing, &c. Officers.

149

there was, and for and during the said Three Months now last past, hath been, and continued to be, and yet is there a Gauger and Officer of Excise, and for the Duties granted to His said Majesty on Malt, duly constituted, appointed, and qualified, according to the Form of the Statute in such case made and provided, pursuant to and in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities to him as such Officer given by the said Statute, did attempt and endeavour to take an Account of the just Quantity of a Parcel of Corn then and there found, which had been wetted and steeped by the said *Andrew Phillips*, in some Cistern or other Vessel, and then and there was lying in a Couch, that is to say, the said *John Michell* in the due Execution of the said Powers and Authorities, did then and there thrust a gauging Rod into several Parts and Places of the said Parcel of Corn, thereby to gauge and measure the Depth thereof; and in the due Execution of the said Powers and Authorities, did then and there lay a Piece of Tape on the said Parcel of Corn, thereby to measure the Length and Breadth thereof; but that whilst he was so doing, the said *Andrew Phillips* did then and there throw and cause to be thrown part of the said Parcel of Corn against the said gauging Rod, and upon the Parts and Places in and of the said Parcel of Corn, into which the said *John Michell* had put the said gauging Rod, and also upon the said Piece of Tape whilst the same was lying upon the said Parcel of Corn, so and in such manner that the said *John Michell* could not gauge and measure the said Corn; and thereby did then and there obstruct and hinder him the said *John Michell* then and there being

*The Officer en-  
deavoured to  
take an Ac-  
count.*

*The manner of  
Obstructing.*

*The offence.*

*Informations and Summons for*

such Officer as aforesaid, in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities for the ascertaining and securing the Duties upon Malt to such Officer given in and by the Statute in such case made, that is to say, in and from taking an Account of the just Quantity of the said Corn then and there found as aforesaid, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; whereby he hath forfeited Ten Pounds of lawful English Money: And whereupon the said *Thomas Broughton*, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises; and that he may have one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said *Andrew Philips* may be Summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Andrew Philips, Maltster.*

*Town of Andover,* WE AB and CD, Esqrs;  
*in the County of* Two of His Majesty's  
*Southton, ff.* Justices of the Peace for the  
*Town of Andover* in the  
*County of Southton*, do hereby give you Notice,  
 That *Thomas Broughton*, Gent. as well for his  
 said Majesty, as for himself, hath exhibited be-  
 fore us an Information against you for the Sum  
 of Ten Pounds, by you forfeited, for Obstru-  
 cting and Hindring Mr. *John Michell Gager* and  
 Officer of Excise, and for the Duties granted  
 to His said Majesty on Malt, in Gaging and  
 taking

taking an Account of a Parcel of Corn which had been by you wetted and steeped, and was then lying in a Couch : You are therefore, &c.  
(as in other Summons.)

An Information against a Maltster, for Obstructing an Officer in Two several Instances, viz. in Gauging Corn in a Cistern, and in Gauging, &c. Corn in a Couch.

Kent, S. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in other Informations,) and thereby informeth us, That for and during the Space of Three Months now last past and longer, one John Thompson hath been, and continued to be, and yet is a Gauger of Excise, and an Officer for the Duties granted to His said Majestie upon Malt, duly constituted, appointed, and qualified, according to the Form of the Statute in such case made ; and that he so being such Gauger and Officer as aforesaid, he within the said Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Second Day of February now instant, at Maidstone aforesaid, in the due Execution of the Powers and Authorities to him as such Gauger and Officer given, in and by the Statute in such case made, did then and there attempt and endeavour to Gauge and take an Account of the just Quantity of a Parcel of Corn which had been wetted and steeped by one William Thomas, and which was then and there found in a Cistern belonging to and used by him the said William Thomas, who then and there was, and for and during the said Three Months now last past, hath been, and continued to be there a Maltster and maker

*The information  
against John Thompson  
in his capacity as a Gauger  
and Officer for the Duties  
granted to His Majestie upon  
Malt, in the due Execution  
of the Powers and Authorities  
given to him in such capacity,  
in and by the Statute in such  
case made.*

## Informations and Summons for

maker of Malt for Sale, and that the said *John Thompson* in order to take such Account of the said Parcel of Corn, did then and there several Times put his gauging Rod into the said Corn; but whilst he was so doing, the said *William Thomas*

*The manner of mas* did move and cause to be removed Part of Obstru~~ting~~.

*The f<sup>t</sup> of* *Offence.* the said Corn from one Part of the said Cistern to another, so and in such manner that the said *John Thompson* could not take an Account thereof; and thereby did then and there obstruct and hinder him the said *John Thompson*, then and there being such Gauger and Officer as aforesaid, in the due Execution of the Powers and Authorities for the ascertaining and securing the Duties upon Malt to such Officer given, in and by the Statute in such case made, that is to say, in and from taking an Account of the just Quantity of the said Corn then and there found in the said

*Forfeiture for that Offence.* Cistern contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby he hath forfeited Ten Pounds of lawful English Money: And the said *Philip Bamford* further informeth us the said Justices, That the said *John Thompson* so being such Gauger and Officer as aforesaid, he within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Third Day of February aforesaid, at *Maidstone* aforesaid, in the due Execution of the Powers and Authorities to him as such Gauger and Officer given, in and

*Officer ordered to take an Account of Corn in a Couch.* by the Statute in such case made, did then and there attempt and endeavour to Gauge and take an Account of the just Quantity of a Parcel of Corn which had been wetted and steeped by the said *William Thomas*, and which was then and there found in a Couch belonging to and used by him the said *William Thomas*, who then and there was, and for and during the said three Months now past.

last past, hath been and continued to be there a Maltster and maker Malt for Sale ; but whilst he was so doing, the said *William Thomas* did throw <sup>The manner of</sup> Obstructing, and cause to be thrown part of the said Corn, at and upon him the said *John Thompson*, so and in such manner that he could not take an Account of the said Corn last mentioned ; and thereby did then and there obstruct and hinder <sup>The Second Of-</sup> him the said *John Thompson*, then and there being such Officer as aforesaid, in the due Execution of the Powers and Authorities for the ascertaining and securing the Duties upon Malt to such Officer given, in and by the Statute in such case made, that is to say, in and from taking an Account of the just Quantity of the said Corn then and there found in the said Couch, contrary to the Form of the said Statute ; whereby he hath forfeited Ten Pounds more of like lawful Money, which said several and respective Forfeitures do in the whole amount unto the Sum of Twenty Pounds of like Money : And thereupon the said *Philip Bamford* who as well, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*Forfeiture for  
that Offence.*

### A Summons on the foregoing Information.

To Mr. William Thomas, Maltster.

Kent, ss. WE, &c. (as in other Summons,) hath exhibited an Information against you, for Two several Penalties, each of Ten Pounds, in the whole amounting to Twenty Pounds, for obstructing and hindring Mr. *John Thompson* Gauger and Officer of Excise in Two several Instances in the Gauging and taking an Account of your Corn which had been steeped for the making Malt : You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

CHAP.

## C H A P. XI.

## Informations and Summons for Removal.

20 Jan 22 AM John has had no signs of his yester  
mg, etc.

Note, The Clause against Distillers removing their Law-Wines lays the Penalty for removing thereof without Distilling them a Second Time.

An Information against a Common Distiller,  
for removring Low Wines before they had  
been Distilled a Second Time.

*Information.*

**C**ity of Bristol, &c. **B**E it Remembered, &c. (as in  
other Information,) That one *Luke Brown* for Three Months now last past  
and longer, having been and continued to be  
a Common Distiller of Low-Wines, and of Spi-  
rits, and Strong-Waters for Sale and Exporta-  
tion, that is to say, at the City of *Bristol* aforesaid ; he the said *Luke Brown* within Three  
Months now last past, that is to say, on the  
Second Day of *September* now instant, at the  
City of *Bristol* aforesaid, did sell and remove  
Low-Wines by him there Distilled, that is to say,  
Farey Gallons of Low-Wines so by him there  
Distilled as aforesaid, after an Account of the  
Quantity whereof had been taken by the Gauger,  
and without distilling or drawing off the said  
Low-Wines a Second Time, contrary to the  
Form of the Statute in such case made and pro-  
vided ;

## *Informations and Summons, &c.*

155

vided; whereby the said Luke Brown for every Gallon of the said Low-Wines so sold and removed as aforesaid, hath forfeited Five Shillings of lawful English Money, amounting in the whole to the Sum of Ten Pounds of like Money: And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*Forfeiture.*

### *A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Luke Brown, Common Distiller.*

City of Bristol, ss. WE, &c. (as in other Summons) for the Sum of Ten Pounds by you forfeited, for selling and removing Forty Gallons of Low-Wines by you Distilled, before they had been Distilled a Second Time: You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

*Note. The Penalties for Removing, &c. Candles, Soap, Paper, Calicoes, Linens, &c. and starch, are by those respective Acts particularly limited and expressed for the Removing, &c. the said respective Manufactures without Notice, &c. And therefore in Informations in those Cases it will be proper to mention that such Removing, &c. was done without Notice.*

*An Information against a Maker of Candles,  
for Removing Candles before an Account ta-  
ken, and without Notice.*

The Informer Kent, &c. BE it Remembered, &c. (as in other In-  
formations,) That one James Mills  
for Three Months now last past and longer, hav-  
ing been, and during all that time continuing  
to be a Maker of Candles at Bromley in the said  
County of Kent, and not having compounded  
for the Duties on Candles by him made and to  
be made; he the said James Mills within Three  
Months now last past, that is to say, on the  
Twentieth Day of March now last past, at  
*The Offense.* Bromley aforesaid, did remove, carry, and send  
away, and did suffer to be removed, carried, and  
sent away Candles by him made, that is to say,  
Twenty Pounds Weight of Candles, (of which  
said Candles so removed, carried, and sent away  
as aforesaid, no Account had been first taken  
by the proper Officer appointed to take an Ac-  
count of the same,) and that before the said re-  
moving, carrying, and sending away thereof,  
there was not any Notice given to the proper  
Officer of any Intention to remove, carry, or  
send away the same, as by the Statute in such  
Case made there ought to have been, and that  
the said James Mills did wholly omit to give such  
*The Forfeiture* Notice, contrary to the Form of the Statute in  
such Case made; whereby he hath forfeited  
Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money: And  
thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

A Sum-

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. James Mills, Maker of Candles.*

Kent, ff. WE, &c. (as in other Summons,) for the Sum of Twenty Pounds by you forfeited, for removing, carrying, and sending away Candles by you made, whereof no Account had been taken, and without giving any Notice of your Intention to remove, carry, or send away the same : You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

The like Information and Summons will serve for Removing Soap, changing such Words as are necessary to be changed.

*An Information against a Maker of Paper, for Removing Two Parcels of Paper before an Account was taken thereof, and without Notice.*

County of Monmouth, ff. BE it Remembred, &c.  
(as in other Informa-

tions,) That one Thomas Phillips for Three Months the Informa-  
now last past and longer, having been, and du-  
ring all that Time continuing to be a Maker of  
Paper at Ifton in the said County of Monmouth ;  
he the said Thomas Phillips within Three Months  
now last past, that is to say, on the several and  
respective Days herein after mentioned at Ifton  
aforesaid, did remove, carry, and send away, the office,  
and did suffer to be removed, carried, and sent  
away

*Informations and Summons*

away Paper by him there made, that is to say, one Parcel thereof containing seventeen Reams, on the Two and Twentieth Day of April now last past, and one other Parcel thereof containing Two Reams and an half on the Twelfth Day of May now last past, (of which said Parcels of Paper so removed, carried, and sent away as aforesaid, or of either of them, no Account had been first taken by the proper Officer appointed to make an Account of the same,) and that before the said removing, carrying, and sending away thereof there was not any Notice given to the proper Officer of any Intention to remove, carry, and send away the same, as by the Statute in such Case made there ought to have been; and that the said Thomas Phillips did wholly omit to give Notice, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and ~~the Forfeiture.~~ provided; whereby he hath forfeited the Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money for each of the said Offences, amounting in the whole to Forty Pounds of like Money: And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

To M<sup>r</sup>. Thomas Phillips, Maker of Paper.

County of Monmouth, I<sup>o</sup>. W<sup>e</sup>, &c. (as in other Summons,) for the Sum of Forty Pounds, by you forfeited, for removing, carrying, and sending away Two several and respective Parcels of Paper, of which No Account had been taken, and without giving any Notice of your Intention to remove, carry, or

for Remaving, &c.

or send away the same: You are therefore, &c.  
(as in other Summons.)

An Information against a Printer of Callicoes and Linens, for Remaving Callicoes and Linens before an Account taken, and before marked with a Stamp, &c.

Middlesex, II. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in other Informations,) That one Andrew Roberts for Three Months now last past and longer, having been, and during all that Time continuing to be a Printer and Painter of Callicoes and Linens at Staines in the said County of Middlesex; he the said Andrew Roberts within three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Second Day of May now last past, at Staines aforesaid, did remove, carry, and send away, and did suffer to be removed, carried, and sent away *The Offense.* Callicoes and Linens by him there printed, painted, stained, and dyed, that is to say, Twenty Yards of Callicoes and Ten Yards of Linens so printed, painted, stained, and dyed, which were liable to certain Duties imposed by the Statute in such case made and provided, before any Account had been taken of the said Callicoes and Linens so removed, carried, and sent away by the proper Officer appointed to take an Account of the same, and before the same had been duly marked with a Stamp or Seal to denote the Charging of the Duties thereupon, which is contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided; whereby the said Andrew Roberts hath forfeited the Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money: And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*The Forfeiture.*

A Sum-

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*  
*To Mr. Andrew Roberts, Printer of Calicoes  
 and Linens.*

Middlesex, ss. WE, &c. (as in other Summons,) for the Sum of Twenty Pounds, by you forfeited, for removing, carrying, and sending away Calicoes and Linens by you printed, painted, stained, and dyed, before any Account had been taken thereof, and before the same had been duly marked with a Stamp or Seal, to denote the Charging the Duties thereupon: You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

**CHAP.**

## C H A P. XII.

*Informations and Summons against  
Malsters.**An Information against a Malster, for tread-  
ing, &c., in a Couch Corn which had been  
steeped for the making Malt.*

*Surrey, ss.* BE it Remembred, That this Nine-  
teenth Day of *Janu*, in the Second of the laying  
Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King  
G E O R G E that now is, at Croydon in the County  
of *Surrey*, *Penneton Astry*, Gent. in his proper  
Person, as well for His said Majesty, as for him-  
self, exhibiteth to us *A B* and *C D*, Esqrs; Two  
of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for  
the said County, residing near to the Place  
where the Offence herein after mentioned was  
committed, a Complaint and Information; and  
thereby informeth us, That one *James Atwood* The Informer.  
for and during Three Months now last past  
and longer, having been, and continued to be,  
and yet being at *Streham* in the said County of  
*Surrey*, a Malster and maker of Malt for Sale;  
he the said *James Atwood* within the said Three  
Months now last past, that is to say, on the  
Thirtieth Day of *May* now last past, at *Streham*  
aforesaid, in a Couch then and there belonging  
to and used by him, did tread, ram, and other-  
wise force together a Quantity, that is to say,  
one Hundred Bushels of Corn which had by  
him been there steeped for the making thereof  
*(Locutus est in toto)*

## *Informations and Summons*

into Malt ; and thereby did then and there make the said Corn to lye so closer in the said Couch that the Rife and Swelling thereof was thereby prevented, and thereby it was rendred very difficult for any Officer or Officer for the Duties upon Malt to know the true Quantity of the said Corn then and there being in the said Couch, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such case made and provided ; whereby he the said <sup>James</sup> Atwood for every Bushel of the "said Corn so trodden, rammed, and otherwise forced to re-

*The Forfeiture.* ther as aforesaid, hath forfeited Two Shillings  
and Six Pence of lawful English Money, amounting in the Whole to the Sum of Twelve  
Pounds and Ten Shillings of like Money: And  
thereupon the said Peniston Wemyss, who as well,  
as humbly prays the Judgement of us the said  
Justices in the Premises, and that he may have  
one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to  
the Form of the Statute in such Case made,  
and that the said James Anwood may be summon-  
ed to answer the said Premises, and to make  
Defence thereto before us the said Justices.

## **Summons on the foregoing Information**

To Mr. James Atwood, Maltster.  
Sentry, &c. WE, &c. (as in other Summons) an  
Information against you for the  
Sum of Twelve Pounds and Ten Shillings, by  
you forfeited, for treading, ramming; and other  
wise forcing together one Hundred Bushels of  
Corn which had been by you steeped for the  
making thereof into Malt. You are therefore  
&c. (as in other Summons.) An

An Information against a Maltster for tread-  
ing, &c. Two Parcels of Corn steeped for  
making Malt.

Suffex, st. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in the Infor-  
mation next before), That one John Wilkins, for and during three Months now last  
past and longer, having been, and continuing to  
be, and yet being at Horsham in the said County of  
Suffex, a Maltster and Maker of Malt for Sale, he  
the said John Wilkins within the said three Months  
now last past, that is to say, on the Twentieth  
Day of February now last past, at Horsham aforesaid,  
did tread, ram and otherwise force together, two <sup>The Offences.</sup>  
several and respective Parcels of Corn, which by  
him had respectively been there wetted and stee-  
ped for the making thereof respectively into  
Malt, and which then and there respectively  
were in Couches belonging to and used by him.  
that is to say, on the Fifteenth Day of February, <sup>First Offence.</sup>  
now last past, one Parcel of such Corn as afore-  
said, containing One hundred Bushels, and on  
the Twentieth Day of February aforesaid, one  
other Parcel of such Corn as aforesaid, contain-  
ing Fifty Bushels; and thereby did then and  
there make the said respective Parcels of Corn co-  
ke so close in the said respective Couches, that  
the Rise and Swelling of every and each of the  
said respective Parcels of Corn was thereby pre-  
vented, and thereby it was rendred very difficult  
for any Officers or Officer for the Duties upon  
Malt, to know the true Quantities of the said re-  
spective Parcels of Corn then and there being in the  
said respective Couches as aforesaid, contrary to  
the Form of the said Statute in such Case made and

## Informations and Summons

*The Forfeiture.*

provided ; whereby the said John Wilkins for every Bushel of the said respective Parcels of Corn so trodden, rammed and otherwise forced together, as aforesaid (the whole consisting of One hundred and Fifty Bushels) hath forfeited Two Shillings and Six Pence of lawful English Money, amounting in the whole to the Sum of Eighteen Pounds and Five Shillings of like Money ; and thereupon, &c. (as in the Information next before.)

### *A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. John Wilkins, Maltster.*

Sussex, sc. WE, &c. (as in other Summons) an Information against you for the Sum of Eighteen Pounds and Five Shillings by you forfeited, for treading, ramming, and otherwise forcing together two several and respective Parcels of Corn in two several and respective Couches, which had respectively been wetted and steeped for the making thereof into Malt ; you are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

*An Information against a Maltster for mixing Corn of two several Wettings, before the same had been put on the Kiln.*

*The Informa-  
tion.*

County of Hertford, sc. BE it Remembered, &c. (as in the foregoing Informations), That one Daniel Collier, for and during three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continuing to be, and yet being at

*Royston* in the said County of *Hertford*, a Maltster and Maker of Malt, and not having compounded for the Duties on Malt from him due, and to grow due to his said Majesty, he the said *Daniel Collier*, in order to the defrauding of his said Majesty of and in his said Duty upon Malt, and for preventing the Officers for the said Duty from taking and keeping a true Account of the Corn herein after mentioned, by him there steepled and making into Malt, at and in a Malt-house in *Royston* aforesaid, belonging to and used by him the said *Daniel Collier*; he the said *Daniel Collier*, within the said three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Twelfth Day of *January* now last past, at *Royston* aforesaid, in his said Malt-house, did mix and cause to be mixed *The Offence.* two or more Parcels of Corn there making into Malt, part thereof being of one Wetting and Steeping, and other part thereof being of a former Wetting and Steeping; the Corn so mixed, amounting in the whole to One Hundred sixty and one Bushels; and that the same were then and there mixed so and in such manner, that the Officer for the said Duties could not distinguish one Wetting from the other; and that the said Corn was then and there so mixed as aforesaid, before the same had been put on the Kiln for drying; which is contrary to the Form of the Statute, in such Case made and provided; whereby the said *Daniel Collier*, for every Bushel of the said Corn so mixed as aforesaid, *Perfeiture.* hath forfeited Five Shillings of lawful *English* Money, amounting in the whole to the Sum of Forty Pounds and Five Shillings of like Money; and thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

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*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Daniel Collier, Maltster.*

*County of Hertford, &c. WE, &c. (as in other Summons) an Information against you for the Sum of Forty Pounds and Five Shillings by you forfeited, for mixing One hundred sixty one Bushels of Corn, which had been wetted and steeped, and was then making into Malt (some part thereof being of one Wetting or Steeping, and other part thereto being of a former Wetting or Steeping) before the same had been put on the Kiln for drying; you are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)*

*An Information against a Maltster for Two Mixtures, each consisting of Corn of several Wettings and Steepings.*

*County of Southampton, &c. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in other like Informations) That one Thomas Rogers for and during three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continuing to be, and yet being at Basingstoke, in the said County of Southampton, a Maltster and Maker of Malt, and not having compounded for the Duties on Malt from him due and so grow due to his said Majesty, he the said Thomas Rogers, in order to the defrauding of his said Majesty of and in his said Duty upon Malt, and for preventing the Officers for the said Duty from taking and keeping true Accounts of the*

*The Information.*

*Corn*

Corn herein aforesaided, by him there steeped and making into Malt, at and in a Malt-house in Basingstoke aforesaid, belonging to and used by him the said Thomas Rogers, he the said Thomas Rogers at divers Days and Times within three Months now last past at Basingstoke aforesaid in his said Malt-house, did mix and cause to be mixed, several Parcels of Corn there making into Malt of several and respective Wettings and Steepings, that is to say, on the Fourth Day of October now last past, did there, mix and cause to be mixed several Parcels of Corn then and there making into Malt, containing together One hundred Bushels of Corn then and there making into Malt, part thereof being of one Wetting or Steeping, and other part thereof being of a former Wetting and Steeping, and that the same were then and there mixed so and in such manner, that the Officer for the said Duties could not distinguish one Wetting from the other, and that the said Corn was then and there so mixed as aforesaid, before the same had been put on the Kiln for drying: And that on the Twentieth Day of October aforesaid, he the said Thomas Rogers, at his Malt-house aforesaid, did mix and cause to be mixed, several other Parcels of Corn then and there making into Malt, containing together Eighty Bushels of Corn then and there making into Malt, part thereof being of one Steeping, and other part thereof being of a former Wetting and Steeping, and that the same were then and there mixed so and in such manner, that the Officer for the said Duties could not distinguish one Wetting from the other; and that the said Corn last-mentioned was likewise so mixed as aforesaid,

*The Officer.*

*The First Mixture.*

*The Second Mixture.*

before the same had been put on the Kiln for drying, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; whereby the said *Thomas Rogers*, for every Bushel of the said respective Parcels of Corn so mixed as aforesaid (the whole consisting of One hundred and Eighty Bushels) hath forfeited Five Shillings of lawful English Money, in the whole amounting to Forty five Pounds of like Money; and thereupon, &c. (*as in other like Informations.*)

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

To Mr. Thomas Rogers, Maltster.

County of Southampton, ss. WE, &c. (*as in other Summons*) an Information against you for the Sum of Forty five Pounds by you forfeited, for mixing at one time One hundred Bushels of Corn, which had been wetted and steeped, and was making into Malt, and at another time Eighty Bushels of Corn, which likewise had been wetted and steeped, and was making into Malt; some part of the said One hundred Bushels, and also of the said Eighty Bushels respectively being of one Wetting and Steeping, and other part thereof respectively being of some former Wettings and Steepings; you are therefore, &c. (*as in other Summons.*)

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## C H A P. XIII.

### Informations and Summons against Makers of Candles.

#### An Information against a Maker of Candles, for not declaring the Number of Sticks of a Making of Candles, not being Mould- Candles.

Sussex, ss. BE it Remembred, That this Ninetenth Day of June, in the Second Year of the laying <sup>the Information</sup> of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE that now is, at Lewes in the County of Sussex, Benjamin Everard, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty as for himself, exhibited to us A B and C D, Esqrs. two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information, and thereby informeth us, That one James Miles for three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continuing to be, and yet being at Lewes in the said County of Sussex, a Chandler and Maker of Candles for Sale, he the said James Miles, within the said three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Thirtieth Day of May now last past, at Lewes aforesaid, did make a Course or Making of Tallow Candles for Sale, not being Mould-Candles; and that before he began to make and dip the said Making or Course of Candles (alther' <sup>The Information</sup> before

## Informations and Summons

before the beginning of the before-mentioned Making or Course, a proper Officer had been and then was duly appointed from time to time to take Accounts of such Makings or Courses of Candles, as should from time to time be there made by the said James Miles, and for that purpose was daily attending at the Place where the said Candles were made) he the said James Miles did not declare to the said Officer, or to any other Officer appointed to take an Account of the same, the Number of Sticks which he designed to make at the said Making or Course, and also the Sizes of the Candles wherof each Stick was to consist, as by the Statute in such case made he ought to have done; but did wholly omit and neglect to make such Declaration, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby

*The Forfeiture.* he hath forfeited the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful English Money; and thereupon the said Benjamin Edward, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises, and that he may have one Moety of the said Forfeiture, according to the Form of the said Statute, and that the said James Miles may be summoned to answer the said Premises, and to make Defence thereto before us the said Justices,

### *A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

To Mr. James Miles, maker of Candles. WE &c. (as in other Summons) an Information against you for the Sum of Ten Pounds by you forfeited, for making a Course of Candles (not being Mould Candles) without

against Makers of Candles.

c. 71

without declaring the Number of Sticks and Sizes of the Candles contained in the said Course; You are therefore summoned to appear at the Court of King's Bench in the City of London on the 21<sup>st</sup> day of June next, to give your Answer to the said Summons.)

An Information against a maker of Candles, for increasing the Number of Sticks above his Declaration.

Kent, ss. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in the foregoing Information,) That one Henry Davis for Three Months now last past and longer, having been and continuing to be, at Westerham in the said County of Kent, a Chandler and maker of Candles for Sale in the said Henry Davis within Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Sixth Day of April now last past, at Westerham aforesaid, did make a Making or Course of Tallow Candles for Sale, not being mould Candles; and that the said Henry Davis having before his began to make the said Course or Making of Candles declared to a proper Officer appointed to take an Account of the same, that he the said Henry Davis designed to and at that Making or Course to make one Hundred and Fifty Sticks of Candles; he the said Henry Davis after the said Declaration so made as aforesaid, that is to say, on the said Sixth Day of April aforesaid, at Westerham aforesaid, did make an increase of the Number of the Sticks of Candles in the said Making or Course over and above the Number of Sticks so declared as aforesaid, that is to say, did then and there make Ten Sticks of Tallow Candles over and above the Number of Sticks so declared)

The Defendant's Declaration.

*Informations and Summons.*

*The Perpetrator.* as aforesaid, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided; whereby he hath forfeited the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful English Money: And thereupon, &c. (as in the foregoing Information.)

*Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Henry Davis, Maker of Candles.*

*Kent, &c.* WE (as in other Summons,) an Information against you for the Sum of Ten Pounds, by you forfeited, for making an increase of the Number of Sticks of Candles above the Number of Sticks by you declared: You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

*An Information against a Maker of Candles, for not declaring a Making of Mould Candles.*

*The Information.* BE it Remembered, &c. (as in other Informations,) That one Thomas Andrews for Three Months now last past and longer, having been, and continuing to be, and yet being at Maidstone in the County of Kent aforesaid, a Chandler and Maker of Candles for Sale; he the said Thomas Andrews within the said Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Ninth Day of January now last past, at Maidstone aforesaid, did make a Course or Making of Tallow Candles for Sale, being Mould Candles; and that before he began to fill any

*against Makers of Candles.*

153

of the said Moulds, (altho' long before the <sup>the</sup> Beginning of the before-mentioned Making or Course, a proper Officer had been, and then and there was daily appointed from Time to Time to take Accounts of such Makings or Courses of Candles as should from Time to Time be there made by the said *Thomas Andrews*, and for that Purpose was daily attending at the Place where the said Candles were made;) he the said *Thomas Andrews* did not declare to the said Officer, or to any other Officer appointed to take an Account of the same, how many Moulds he intended to fill at the said making, and how often he intended at the said Making to draw the said Moulds, as by the Statute in such Case made he ought to have done; but did wholly omit and neglect to make such Declaration, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby he hath forfeited the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawfull English Money: And *The Perpetuator* thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*A Summons on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. Thomas Andrews, Maker of Candles.*

WE, &c. (as in other Summons,) for the Sum of Ten Pounds, by you forfeited, for making a Course or Making of Candles, being Mould Candles, without declaring how many Moulds you intended to fill at the said Making, and how often you intended to draw the same: You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

An

## *Informations and Sanctions*

*As Information against Masters of Candles,*

*of filling a greater Number of Moulds than*

*were declared.*

### *The Informa- tion.*

*Sixty, &c. Be it Remembered &c. (as in other In-  
formations,) That one William Jones  
for Three Months now last past and longer, ha-  
ving been, and continuing to be, and yet being  
at Rygate in the said County of Surrey, a Chandler  
and maker of Candles for Sale; he the said  
William Jones, within the said Three Months  
now last past, that is to say, on the Sixth Day  
of March now last past, at Rygate aforesaid, did  
make 2 Courses or Making of Candles for Sale  
being Mould Candles; and that the said William  
Jones having before he began to fill any of the  
said Moulds declared to a proper Officer appoint-  
ed to take an Account of the same, that he the  
said William Jones intended in and at the said  
Making to fill Sixty Moulds, and to draw the  
same Three Times, by the said William Jones  
after the said Declaration so made as aforesaid,  
that is to say, on the said Sixth Day of March  
aforesaid, at Rygate aforesaid, did fill a greater  
Number of Moulds than were declared as afore-  
said, that is to say, did then and there fill Six  
Moulds more than the Number of Moulds so  
declared as aforesaid, contrary to the Form of  
the Statute in such Case made, whereby he  
*hath forfeited the Sum of Ten Pounds of Lawful  
English Money; And thereupon, &c. (as in  
other Informations.)**

### *The Offence.*

### *The Forfeiture.*

*A Sum-*

*against Makers of Candles.*

County of Hertford, &c. BE it Remembred, &c. (as  
in other Informations,) That one James Price for Three Months now past

Summons on the foregoing Information.

To Mr. William Jones, maker of Candles,

*W*EBE it remembred, &c. (as in other Summons,) That you have given us Information against you for having sold Sum of Ten Pounds, being your forfeited, for filing a greater Number of Moulds than were by you declared. You are therefore charged with drawing Moulds more than declared; then this, viz. ten Pounds to the per cent upon the weight of the Candles, &c. (as in other Informations.)

— Did draw the said Moulds oftner than he had declared to draw the same, as aforesaid, that is to say, did then and there draw the said Moulds Four Times, contrary, &c.

To Mr. James Price, maker of Candles.

And in the Summons thus, viz.

*W*EBE it remembred, &c. (as in other Summons,) That you, forfeited, for drawing a Number of Moulds oftner than you did declare to draw the same. You are charged with drawing Moulds more than declared; then this, viz. ten Pounds to the per cent upon the weight of the Candles, &c. (as in other Informations.)

An Information against a maker of Candles for Re-Dipping Candles after Weighed.

County of Hertford, &c. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in other Informations,) That one James Price for Three Months now past

last past and longer, having been, and continuing to be, and yet being, at Ware in the said County

## *Informations and Summons, &c.*

*The Re-Dipping.*  
County of Hertford, a Chandler and maker of Candles for Sale; he the said James Price within the said Three Months now last past, that is to say, on the Second Day of June now last past, at Ware aforesaid, did re-dip certain Candles, that is to say, Three Sticks of Tallow Candles after the same Candles so as aforesaid re-dipped had been there made by him, and weighed by a proper Officer appointed to take an Account of the same, and thereby after the said Candles had been so weighed as aforesaid, did then and there increase the Weight thereof, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such case made; whereby he hath forfeited the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful English Money: And thereupon, &c. (as in other Informations.)

*The Officer.*

*The Forfeiture.*

## *A Summon on the foregoing Information.*

*To Mr. James Price, Maker of Candles.*

County of Hertford, ss. WE, &c. (as in other Summons,) an Information against you for the Sum of Ten Pounds, by you forfeited, for increasing the Weight of Three Sticks of Candles, by re-dipping thereof after the same had been weighed: You are therefore, &c. (as in other Summons.)

**CHAP.**

## CHAP. XIV.

## Informations and Summons against Witnesses.

An Information against a Witness, for not attending according to a Summons.

Norfolk, &c. BE it Remembred, That this Ninth Day of June in the Second Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE that now is, at Thetford in the said County of Norfolk, John Todd, Gent. in his proper Person, as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibiteth to us A B and C D, Esq's; Two of his said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, residing near to the Place where the Offence herein after mentioned was committed, a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That at a Time now past, that is to say, on the First Day of this present Month of June, he the said John Todd did exhibit an Information in Writing before us the said Justices, against one James Richardson a Maltster and maker of Malt for Sale, at Thetford aforesaid, for an Offence against the Statute for laying Duties on Malt, that is to say, for fraudulently hiding, concealing, and conveying away, contrary to the Statute in such case made, Fifty Bushels of Malt by him made; and that upon the said Information so exhibited before us for the Offence aforesaid, We the said Justices, according to the Form of the Statute in such

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## Informations and Summons

That a Summons was  
shewn upon  
granted.

case made, did grant and issue out our Precept and Summons in Writing, bearing Date the said First Day of June now instant, to summon and require one *Thomas Freeman* of *Tbetford* aforesaid, a material Witness to give Evidence for the Discovery of the Truth of the matter in Controversie before us, in and upon the said recited Information, personally to be and appear before us at the Place and Time by us then appointed, to hear and determine the Matters contained in the said Information, that is to say, at the House of one *William Tims*, being the Sign of the Red Lyon, an Inn and publick House in *Tbetford* aforesaid, on the Eighth Day of this present Month of June, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon of the said Day, there and then to give Evidence for the Discovery of the Truth of the Matter in Controversie before us, and contained in the said recited Information, as in and by the said Proceedings remaining of Record before us may appear ; and the said *John Todd* further informeth us the said Justices, That notwithstanding serving with the said Summons, he the said *Thomas Freeman* was duly served with the said Summons, (as in Fact he was,) yet he did not appear before us the said Justices at the said Time and Place so as aforesaid, appointed by our said Summons, as by the Statute in such case made he ought to have done ; but so to appear before us according to the said Summons, the said *Thomas Freeman* did then and there wholly neglect and refuse, contrary to the Form of the Statute in such case

*The Offence.* made ; whereby he hath forfeited the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful English Money : And there-

*The Forfeiture.* made ; whereby he hath forfeited the Sum of

against Witnessess.

17

thereupon the said John Todd, who as well, &c.  
humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Ju-  
stices in the Premises; and that he may have  
one Moiety of the said Forfeiture, according to  
the Form of the said Statute; and that the  
said Thomas Freeman may be Summoned to an-  
swer the said Premises, and to make Defense  
thereto before us the said Justices.

A Summons on the foregoing Information.

To Mr. Thomas Freeman.

Norfolk, ss. WE A B and C D, Esqs; Two of  
His Majesty's Justices of the  
Peace for the County of Norfolk do hereby  
give you Notice, That John Todd, Gent. hath  
before us exhibited an Information against you  
for the Sum of Ten Pounds, by you forfeited,  
for refusing and neglecting to appear and give  
Evidence according to a Summons issued out  
by us the said Justices, and with which you was  
duly served: You are therefore, &c. (as in other  
Summons.)

If the Information be for refusing to be sworn  
and to give Evidence, then thus, &c.

Norfolk, ss. BE it Remembred, &c. (as in the  
foregoing Information,) and the  
said John Todd further informeth us the said Ju-  
stices, that the said Thomas Freeman having after-  
wards, that is to say, on the Second Day of this  
present Month of June, at Thetford aforesaid,

M 2 been,

## Informations and Summons

been duly served w<sup>i</sup>th the said Summons; he the said *Thomas Freeman* did appear before us the said Justices at the said Time and Place so as aforesaid, appointed by our said Summons; but that the said *Thomas Freeman* being then and there duly required by us the said Justices, to be duly Sworn and give Evidence for the Discovery of the Truth of the Matter in Controversie before us, and contained in the said recited Information then depending before us, as by the Statute in such case made he ought to have done; he the said *Thomas Freeman* so to be Sworn and to give Evidence, did then and there wholly refuse, contrary to the Form of the said Statute; whereby he hath forfeited the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful English Money: And thereupon, &c. (as in the foregoing Information.)

*And in the Summons thus, viz.*

—For the Sum of Ten Pounds, by you forfeited, for refusing to be Sworn and give Evidence, having been duly summoned so to do: You are therefore, &c.

**CHAP.**

## CHAP. XV.

### Forms for JUDGMENTS in several Cases.

*A Judgment against a Defendant who doth not appear according to the Summons, with a Mitigation of the Penalty.*

AT the Time and Place appointed by our Summons on the within written Information, that is to say, this Thirteenth Day of May, Anno Domini, 1716, at Maidstone in the County of Kent, sufficient Proof being made before, that the Defendant within named hath had due Notice of the within written Information, and that he was duly summoned to appear before us here this Day; and he in Contempt of the said Summons, neglecting now to appear, and making Default therein, and the Fact and Offence in the within written Information being now fully proved before us, we do convict him thereof: It is therefore now here considered and adjudged by us the said Justices, that the said Defendant hath forfeited the within mentioned Sum of Fifty Pounds, which we mitigate and lessen to the Sum of Thirty Pounds, to be distributed as the Law directs. Given under our Hands at Maidstone aforesaid, this Thirteenth Day of May, Anno Domini, 1716,

152 Forms of Judgments in several Cases.

If the Justices don't think fit to mitigate the Penalty, then these Words, viz. (which we mitigate and lessen to the Sum of Thirty Pounds,) must be left out.

A Judgment against a Defendant who appears and confesseth the Facts in the Information.

AT the Time and Place appointed by our Summons on the within written Information, that is to say, this Thirtieth Day of June, Anno Domini, 1716. at Guilford in the said County of Surrey, the within named Defendant appeareth and confesseth the Fact and Offence within written, of which we thereupon convict him: It is therefore now here considered and adjudged by us the said Justices, that the said Defendant hath forfeited the within mentioned Sum of Thirty Pounds, which we mitigate and lessen to the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be distributed as the Law directs. Given under our Hands at Guilford aforesaid, this Thirteenth Day of June, Anno Domini, 1716.

If the Penalty is not mitigated, then these Words (which we mitigate and lessen to the Sum of Twenty Pounds,) must be left out.

A Judgment against a Defendant who appears  
and pleadeth.

AT the Time and Place appointed by our  
Summons on the Information within writ-  
ten, that is to say, this Eighth Day of April,  
Anno Domini, 1716. at Ipswich in the County of  
Suffolk, the within named Defendant appear-  
eth and pleadeth, That he is not Guilty of the Of-  
fence within mentioned; but the same being now  
fully and duly proved, we do convict him there-  
of; It is therefore now here considered, and ad-  
judged by us the said Justices, that the said De-  
fendant hath forfeited the within mentioned Sum  
of Fifty Pounds, which we mitigate and lessen  
to the Sum of Fifteen Pounds, to be distributed  
as the Law directs. Given under our Hands at  
Ipswich aforesaid, this Eighth Day of April, Anno  
Domini, 1716.

If the Penalty is not mitigated, then these Words,  
viz. (which we mitigate and lessen to the  
Sum of Fifteen Pounds,) must be left out.

If the Defendant is convicted of two or more Offi-  
ces in one Information, then instead of Offence  
insert the Word Offences.

*A Judgment against a Defendant convicted of one and acquitted of another Offence, in the same Information.*

Two yeare before this day was committed T A  
**A**t the Time and Place appointed by our Summons on the Information within written, viz. this Tenth Day of July, Anno Domini, 1715. at Hertford in the County of Hertford, the within named Defendant appeareth and pleadeth, that he is not guilty of the Offences within mentioned; but the first of the said Offences being now fully and duly proved, we do convict him thereof: It is therefore now here considered and adjudged by us the said Justices, that the said Defendant, for and by reason of the said first Offence, hath forfeited the within mentioned Summ of Twenty Pounds, which we mitigate and lessen to Twelve Pounds, to be distributed as the Law directs: And the Second of the said Offences not being fully proved, we do acquit him thereof. Given under our Hands at Hertford aforesaid, this Tenth Day of July, Anno Domini, 1715.

*If no Mitigation is made, then the Words, viz. (which we mitigate and lessen to Twelve Pounds,) must be left out.*

A Judgment against a Defendant committed of  
not giving Notice of one of the Vessels men-  
tioned in the Information, and acquited of  
the rest.

AT the Time and Place appointed by our  
Submons on the Information within writ-  
ten, viz: this Tenth Day of January, Anno Domini,  
1715, at Basingstoke in the County of South-  
ampton, the within named Defendant appeareth and  
pleadeth that he is not guilty of the Offence  
within mentioned; but it now being fully proved  
that he did make use of one of the Vessels within  
mentioned in the manner within expressed,  
and did not give any Notice thereof, as in the  
within written Information is alleged, we do  
convict him thereof: It is therefore now here  
considered and adjudged by us the said Justices,  
that the said Defendant for that Offence hath  
forfeited Fifty Pounds, which we mitigate and  
lessen to Twenty Pounds, to be distributed as  
the Law directs; and it appearing that he had  
given due Notice of all the other brewing Ves-  
sels within mentioned, we do acquit him as for  
and concerning the said other brewing Vessels  
within mentioned. Given under our Hands at  
Basingstoke aforesaid, this Tenth Day of January,  
Anno Domini, 1715 and I of gauges, having  
but gaibid sibi gnuis et his solam parte  
If no Mitigation is made, then these Words, viz  
(which we mitigate and lessen to Twenty  
Pounds,) must be left out.

**A Judgment against a Maltster convicted of Hiding and Concealing One Hundred and Seventy Bushels, being part of the Malt mentioned in the Information, and acquitted of the rest.**

At the Time and Place appointed by our Summons on the Information within written, viz. this Sixth Day of February, Anno Domini, 1715, at Greenwich in the County of Kent; the within named Defendant appeareth and pleadeth, that he is not guilty of the Offence within mentioned; but it now being fully proved that he did hide and conceal One Hundred and Seventy Bushels of Malt, being part of the Malt mentioned in the within written Information; we do convict him of Hiding and Concealing the said One Hundred and Seventy Bushels: It is therefore now here considered and adjudged by us the said Justices, that the said Defendant for that Offence hath forfeited Eighty Five Pounds, which we mitigate and lessen to Fifey Pounds, to be distributed as the Law directs: And there not appearing unto us any sufficient Proof of his hiding and concealing the residue and remainder of the said Two Hundred Bushels of Malt in the said Information mentioned, amounting to Thirty Bushels; we do acquit him as for and concerning the hiding and concealing the said Thirty Bushels Given under our Hands at Greenwich aforesaid this Sixth Day of February, Anno Domini, 1715.

If no Mitigation is made, then these Words, viz.  
(which we mitigate and lessen to Fifty  
Pounds,) must be left out.

In all other like Cases where the Penalty is more or  
less in proportion to the Quantity of any Manu-  
facture, if the Defendant is convicted of part  
only, and is acquitted of the rest, the Judgment  
may be as next before.

**A** Judgment against a Defendant, convicted  
as to part of the Arrears mentioned in the  
Information, (as to so much) being laid  
before the Time for paying thereof was fully  
expired.

**A**t the Time and Place appointed by our  
Summons on the within written Informa-  
tion, viz. this Ninth Day of March, Anno Do-  
mini, 1715. at Kingston upon Thames in the  
County of Surry, the within named Defendant  
appeareth and pleadeth, that he is not guilty  
of the Matters within mentioned; but upon  
good and sufficient Proof we now convict him  
of not having duly paid the Duties of Ten Bar-  
rels of Strong-Beer, and of Twenty Barrels of  
Small-Beer, (part of the strong and small Beer  
mentioned in the Information) at the Time by  
the Statute appointed for Payment thereof: It is  
therefore now here considered and adjudged by  
us the said Justices, that the said Defendant for that  
Offence hath forfeited double the Value of the  
Duties of the said Ten Barrels of strong and  
Twenty Barrels of small Beer, amounting to  
seven

Seven Pounds thirteen Shillings and four Pence :  
But as to the rest of the strong and small Beer  
mentioned in the said Information, the Time for  
Paying the Duties thereof not being now fully ex-  
pired ; we for the present do acquit the said Defen-  
dant of having forfeited the double Duties thereof.  
Given under our Hands at Ringham aforesaid, this  
Ninth Day of March, Anno Domini, 1711.

hebbiorum, inchoatis a Nigro in megal  
est in hibernatione et in se tunc et in  
hinc genit (hunc et in ea) connotatio  
vix non leviter diversa est sicut et alii

Many people of West Bend swamming to  
Dunes of the big Cu Braggs of front say  
Oceans very bottom of bottom people the value of the  
precious water here could easily say advantage  
the same time it is hard to find Dunes of the  
same kind here as the first sand and small hills  
will pass in the horizon for the second  
the same time the water here is good  
the same time the water here is good  
**CHAP.**

## CHAP. XVI.

### DIRECTIONS concerning Warrants to Seize Goods, &c. on Judgments given by Justices of the Peace.

IT will be sufficient in these Warrants to mention generally, That the Money to be levied thereby was recovered for an Offence or Offences against the Laws of Excise, or for an Offence or Offences against the Laws relating to the Duties on Candles, Soap, or the like, (as the Case may happen to be,) without expressing particularly the Species or kind of the Offence, which having been particularly described and ascertained in the Information on which the Judgment is given, and in the Summons thereupon: And the Defendant having thereby had Notice thereof, it will be altogether needless again to repeat any Thing thereof in the Warrant to the Person who is to levy the Money, who acting therein only as the Minister and Servant of the Justices, need not be informed of the particular Offence committed by the Defendant; but if the Warrant containeth full and plain Directions to him what he is to do, and how and in what manner he is to act, that will be all that will be necessary for him to be informed of.

The Warrants in the next following Chapter are all calculated for Cases where the Justices have mitigated the Penalties; but will likewise serve in Cases where no such Mitigation is made,

that

## Directions concerning Warrants, &c.

that is, in Cases where no Mitigation is made you must leave out the Words following, viz. (*by us mitigated and lessened from the Sum of Fifty Pounds of like Money.*)

It hath already been observed, That where an Information is laid for double Duties forfeited by not duly paying single Duties, the Justices cannot in their Judgment make any Mitigation of those Penalties, and that the Warrant thereupon must be pursuant to and must agree with such Judgment; and for that Reason there must not in such Case be any Mitigation expressed in such Warrant; and therefore these Words, *viz.* (*by us mitigated and lessened from the Sum of Twenty Pounds of like Money,*) must in all such Cases be left out of all such Warrants; but that such Warrants may not be executed according to the full Extent thereof, (as they ought not to be unless in special and particular Cases,) the Justices may on the Back of such Warrant make an Indorsement to this or the like Effect, *viz.*

*A Direction to  
be indorsed on  
Warrants for  
double Duty.*

Levy on the within written Warrant only the single Duties remaining unpaid, and for the Charges of the Prosecution in this Case Ten Shillings, *viz.* inserting here such Sum more or less as the Justices shall think fit to allow for the Charges of such Prosecution.

The following Warrants are calculated for Cases where the Judgments are for one Penalty and for one Offence only; but in Cases where the Judgment is for Two or more Offences and Penalties, instead of the Word *Offence* insert the Word *Offences.*

*See* [Article 100](#) *for Cases where the Judgment is for Two or more Offences and Penalties;* [Article 101](#) *for Cases where the Judgment is for One Offence and Penalties;* [Article 102](#) *for Cases where the Judgment is for One Offence and Penalties, and the Offence is a Felony.*

## Directions concerning Warrants, &c.

See before in Chapter the 12th in the First Part hereof, Reasons why the directing those Warrants to Officers of Excise is better and more proper than directing them to Constables, &c.

These Warrants may bear Date the same Day when the Judgments is given or any Day after (not being on Sunday,) as is already mentioned in the said 12th Chapter in the First Part.

Where there is no Danger of the Defendant carrying off his Goods and Effects, it will be adviseable for the Officer before he executes the Warrant to demand the Money of the Defendant, and to try by fair Means to prevail with him to pay the Money; but if perswasion won't do, the Officer may then execute the Warrant, but should always do it in the best and civilest manner that may be. See the said 12th Chapter in the First Part hereof, about Warrants.

## CHAP.

## CHAP. XVII.

**Warrants to seize Goods, &c. on Judgments given by Justices of the Peace,**

**A Warrant against a Victualler to levy Ten Pounds.**

**To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and either of them, and to such other Person and Persons as they or either of them shall sake to their Assistance.**

**Devonshire, ss.** **W**E whose Hands and Seals are hereunto set, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Devon, do in His said Majesty's Name authorize and command you, every or any of you, that upon the brewing Vessels and Utensils for Brewing used by *Edward Francis* of *Tiverton* in the Car. II. Cap. County of *Devon*, Victualler in the Brew-House and Place where he usually brews, at *Tiverton* aforesaid; and upon the Goods and Chattels of the said *Edward Francis*, you or any of you do levy the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful English Money, by us mitigated and lessened from the Sum of Fifty Pounds of like Money, recovered against him by *J C*, Gent. who prosecuted as well for our Sovereign Lord the King, as for himself, for a certain Offence committed by the said *Edward Francis* against the Laws and Statutes of Excise, whereof he is convicted before us; and

and for the levying thereof, you are to seize, take, and carry away the said brewing-Vessels and Utensils of Brewing, and also the Goods and Chattels aforesaid; and if in Fourteen Days next after such Seizure the same shall not be redeemed, then and in such Case (after the Expiration of the said Fourteen Days,) you are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof as shall be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Ten Pounds, which when levied, you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Excise, for the Collection called *Tiverton Collection*, for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered according to the Statute in such made and provided: And if after levying thereof any overplus shall remain of the said brewing Vessels, or of the said Goods or Chattels, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such overplus to the said *Edward Francis*; and all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County are hereby required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof; but in Case there cannot be found sufficient to raise the Sum last mentioned, then and in such Case you by a Return to this our Warrant are forthwith to certifie the same to us the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals at *Tiverton*, in the said County of *Devon*, this six and twentieth Day of *June*, in the second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, *Annoq; Dom. 1716.*

*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter  
next before.*

**N. B.** *A War-*

*A Warrant against a Distiller to levy Fifteen Pounds.*

To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to either of them, and to such other Person and Persons as they or either of them shall take to their Assistance.

*County of South'ton, S.* WE whose Hands and Seals are hereunto set, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Southampton, do in His These Words said Majesty's Name authorize and command are used in 7 you, every or any of you, that upon the Stills, & 8 W. III. Cap. 30. Sect. 83. Worms, Still Heads, and all other Vessels and Utensils for Distilling, used by Jasper Smith of Basingstoke in the County in South'ton, common Distiller, in the Distilling-House and Place where he usually Distills, at Basingstoke aforesaid, and upon the Goods and Chattels of the said Jasper Smith, you or any of you do levy the Sum of Fifteen Pounds of lawful English Money, by us mitigated and lessened from the Sum of Forty Pounds of like Money, recovered against him by T B, Gent. who prosecuted as well for our Sovereign Lord the King, as for himself, for a certain Offence committed by the said Jasper Smith, against the Laws and Statutes of Excise, whereof he is convicted before us ; and for the levying thereof you are to seize, take, and carry away the said Stills, Worms, Still Heads, and other Vessels and Utensils for Distilling, and also the Goods and Chattels aforesaid ; and if in Fourteen Days next after such Seizure the same shall not

not be redeemed, then and in such case you (after the Expiration of the said Fourteen Days) are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof as shall be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Fifteen Pounds, which when levied you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Excise, for the Collection called *Hent*: Collection for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered according to the Statute in such case made and provided ; and if after levying thereof any overplus shall remain of the said Stills, Worms, Still Heads, Vessels, or Utensils for Distilling, or of the said Goods and Chattels, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such overplus to the said *Jesper Smith* ; and all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County are hereby required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof : But in case there cannot be found sufficient to raise the Sum last mentioned, then and in such case you by a Return to this our Warrant are forthwith to certify the same to us the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals at *Basingstoke* in the said County of *Sussex*, this second Day of *July*, in the second Year of His said Majesty's Reign,  
*Annoq; Domini, 1716.*

*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter next before.*

N<sup>o</sup>. 2 A Warrant

*for the said sum of Two and twenty Pounds.*

**A Warrant against a Vinegar Maker, to levy Twenty Pounds.**

**To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to either of them, and to such other Person and Persons as they or either of them shall take to their Assistance.**

**Kent, ff.** **W**E whose Hands and Seals are hereunto set, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Kent,

*These Words do in His said Majesty's Name authorize and are in 15. Car. command you, every or any of you, that upon II. Cap. 30. the Brewing-Vessels and Utensils for Brewing*

**Sect. 13.**

Vinegar Beer, used by Peter Andrews of Greenwich in the said County of Kent, Vinegar-Maker, and upon the Goods and Chattels of the said Peter Andrews, you or any of you do levy the Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money, by us mitigated and lessened from the Sum of Fifty Pounds of like Money, recovered against him by P B, Gent. who prosecuted as well for our Sovereign Lord the King, as for himself, for a certain Offence committed by the said Peter Andrews against the Laws and Statutes of Excise, whereof he is convicted before us; and for the levying thereof you are to seize, take, and carry away the said Brewing-Vessels and Utensils for Brewing, and also the Goods and Chattels aforesaid; and if in Fourteen Days next after such Seizure the same shall not be redeemed, then and in such case you (after the Expiration of the said Fourteen Days,) are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof as shall

be

be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Twenty Pounds, which when levied you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Excise, for the Collection called Rochester Collection for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered according to the Statute in such case made and provided; and if after levying thereof any overplus shall remain of the said Brewing-Vessels and Utensils for Brewing, or of the said Goods or Chattels, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such overplus to the said Peter Andrews; and all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County are hereby required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof, but in case there cannot be found sufficient to raise the Sum last mentioned, then and in such Case you by a Return to this our Warrant are forthwith to certify the same to us the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals at Greenwich in the said County of Kent, this Sixth Day of April, in the second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, Annoq; Domini, 1716.

*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter next before.*

**N 3 A War-**

viewT is much his sdv. of ov inscriv'd  
**A Warrant against a Retailer of Cyder, to levy  
 Five Pounds.**

**To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to  
 either of them, and to such other Person and  
 Persons as they or either of them shall take  
 to aboode to their Assistance,**

**Surrey, S. W.** E whose Hands and Seals are here-  
 unct set, Two of His Majesty's  
 Justices of the Peace for the said County of  
 Surrey, do in His said Majesty's Name Authorize  
 and Command you, every or any of you, that  
 upon the Goods and Chattels of John White of  
 Kington in the said County of Surrey, Retailer of  
 Cyder, you or any of you do levy the Sum of  
 Five Pounds of lawful English Money, by us  
 mitigated and lessened from the Sum of Ten  
 Pounds of like Money, recovered against  
 him by P A, Gent. who prosecuted as well  
 for our Sovereign Lord the King, as for him-  
 self, for a certain Offence committed by the  
 said John White against the Laws and Statutes of  
 Excise, whereof he is convicted before us; and  
 for the levying thereof you are to seize, take,  
 and carry away the Goods and Chattels afore-  
 said; and if in Fourteen Days next after such  
 Seizure the same shall not be redeemed, then and  
 in such case you (after the Expiration of the said  
 Fourteen Days,) are to make Sale thereof, or of  
 so much thereof as shall be sufficient to levy the  
 said Sum of Five Pounds, which when levied,  
 you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Ex-  
 cise, for the Collection called Surrey Collection  
 for

for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered according to the Statute in such case made and provided; and if after levying thereof any overplus shall remain of the said Goods or Chattels, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such overplus to the said *John White*; and all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County are hereby required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: But in case there cannot be found sufficient to raise the Sum last mentioned, then and in such case you by a Return to this our Warrant are forthwith to certify the same to us the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals at *Kingston* in the said County of *Surrey*, this First Day of *May*, in the second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, Annoq; Domini, 1716.

*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter next before.*

#### A Warrant against a Mead-Maker, to levy Five Pounds.

To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to either of them, and to such other Person and Persons as they or either of them shall take to their Assistance.

*Sussex, &c.* WE whose Hands and Seals are hereunto set, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Sussex*, do in His said Majesty's Name Authorize and Command you, every or any of you, that upon the Goods and Chattels of *Thomas Price* of *Horsham* in the County of *Sussex*, Maker and Seller of Mead, you or any of you do levy the Sum of Five Pounds of lawful English Money, by

*Warrants to seize Goods, &c.*

usmitigated and lessened from the Sum of Ten Pounds of like Money, recovered against him by *B E*, Gent. who prosecuted as well for our Sovereign Lord the King, as for himself, for a certain Offence committed by the said *Thomas Price*, against the Laws and Statutes of Excise, whereof he is convicted before us, and for the levying thereof you are to seize, take, and carry away the said Goods and Chattels; and if in Fourteen Days next after such Seizure the same shall not be redeemed, then and in such case you (after the Expiration of the said Fourteen Days,) are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof as shall be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Five Pounds, which when levied you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Excise, for the Collection called *Sussex Collection* for the Timebeing, to be by him distributed and answered according to the Statute in such case made and provided: And if after levying thereof any overplus shall remain of the said Goods or Chattels, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such overplus to the said *Thomas Price*; and all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County are hereby required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: But in Case there cannot be found sufficient to raise the Sum last mentioned, then and in such case you by a Return to this our Warrant are forthwith to certifie the same to us the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals at *Hersham* in the said County of *Sussex*, this Eighth Day of June, in the second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, Annoq; Domini, 1716.

*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter next before.*

A Warrant against a Maltster to Levy Thirty

Pounds.

To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to  
either of them, and to such other Person and  
Persons as they or either of them shall take to  
use of their Assistance.

County of Hertford, II. WE whose Hands and  
Seals are hereunto  
set, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace  
for the said County of Hertford, do in His said  
Majesty's Name Authorize and Command you,  
every or any of you, that upon the Malt found These Words in  
the Custody of George Simpson of Standon in the the Malt ~~in~~  
said County of Hertford, Maker of Malt, and  
upon the Utensils used by the said George Simpson  
for making Malt in the Place where he usually  
makes Malt at Standon aforesaid, and upon  
his Goods and Chattels, you or any of you do  
levy the Sum of Thirty Pounds of lawful English  
Money, by us mitigated and lessened from  
the Sum of One Hundred Pounds of like Money,  
recovered against him by R B, Gent. who  
prosecuted as well for our Sovereign Lord the  
King, as for himself, for a certain Offence com-  
mitted by the said George Simpson against the Laws  
and Statutes of Excise, and for granting Duties  
upon Malt, &c. whereof he is convicted before  
us: and for the levying thereof you are to seize,  
take, and carry away the said Malt and Utensils  
for making Malt, and also the Goods and Chat-  
tels aforesaid; and if in Fourteen Days next af-  
ter such Seizure the same shall not be redeemed,  
then

then and in such case you (after the Expiration of the said Fourteen Days,) are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof as shall be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Thirty Pounds, which when levied you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Excise and Malt, for the Collection called *Hertford* Collection for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered according to the Statute in such case made and provided; and if after levying thereof any overplus shall remain of the said Malt, Utensils, Goods, or Chattels aforesaid, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such overplus to the said *George Simpson*; and all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County are hereby required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: But in case those cannot be found sufficient to raise the Sum last mentioned, then and in such case you by a Return to this our Warrant are forthwith to certify the same to us the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals at *Standon* in the said County of *Hertford*, this six and twentieth Day of *March*, in the second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, *Annoq; Domini*, 1716.

*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter  
preceding before this.*

A War-

A Warrant against a Maker of Candles, to pay  
Twenty Pounds.

To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to  
either of them, and to such other Person and  
Persons as they, or either of them, shall  
take to their Assistance,

County of Oxon, II. WE whose Hands and

Seals are hereunto set,  
Two of his Majesties Justices of the Peace for  
the said County of Oxon, Do in his said Ma-  
jesty's Name, Authorize and Command you,  
every or any of you, That upon the Candles, and The Words in Materials and Utensils for the making of Candles the first Com-  
do not found in the Custody of James Baker of Healey,  
in the said County of Oxon, Maker of Candles;  
And upon the Goods and Chattels of the said  
James Baker, you, or any of you, do levy the  
Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful English Mo-  
ney, by us mitigated and lessened from the Sum  
of Fifty Pounds of like Money, recovered against  
him by J. P. Gent. who prosecuted as well for  
our Sovereign Lord the King, as for himself, for  
a certain Offence committed by the said James  
Baker, against the Laws and Statutes relating to  
the Duties due to his said Majesty on Candles,  
whereof he is Convicted before us; And for the  
levying thereof, you are to seize, take and car-  
ry away the said Candles, Materials and Utensils,  
for making Candles, and also the Goods  
and Chattels aforesaid; and if in fourteen Days  
next after such Seizure, the same shall not be  
redeemed, then, and in such Case, you (after  
the

## Warrants to seize Goods, &c.

the Expiration of the said Fourteen Days) are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof, as shall be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Twenty Pounds, which when levied, you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Excise, for the Collection, called O<sup>m</sup>n Collection, for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered, according to the Statute in such Case made and provided: And if after levying thereof, any Overplus shall remain of the said Candles, and Materials, and Utensils, for making Candles, or of the said Goods or Chattels aforesaid, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such Overplus to the said James Baker. And all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County, are hereby required to be Aiding and Assisting to you, in the due Execution hereof: But in Case there cannot be found sufficient to raise the Sum last mentioned; then and in such Case, you, by a Return to this our Warrant, are forthwith to Certifie the same to Us the said Justices. Given under Our Hands and Seals, at Henley, in the said County of Oxon, this Thirtieth Day of April, in the Second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, anno Domini, 1715.

*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter next before.*

A War-

A Warrant against a Planter of Hops for  
Fifteen Pounds.

To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to  
either of them, and to such other Person and  
Persons, as they, or either of them, shall take  
to their Assistance.

Kent, S. WE whose Hands and Seals are,  
hereunto set, Two of his Ma-  
jesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County  
of Kent, Do in His said Majesties Name, An-  
thorize and Command, you, every or any of  
you, That upon the Hops, found in the Custody The Words in  
of John Mitchell of Dartford, in the said County the First Hop  
of Kent, Planter of Hops, or of any to the Use <sup>of</sup> ~~the~~.  
of, or in Trust for him, and upon the Goods  
and Chattels of the said John Mitchell, you, or  
any of you, do levy the Sum of Fifteen Pounds  
of lawful English Money, by us mitigated and  
lessened, from the Sum of Fifty Pounds, of like  
Money, recovered against him, by P. B. Gent.  
who prosecuted as well for our Sovereign Lord  
the King, as for himself, for a certain Offence  
committed by the said John Mitchell, against  
the Laws and Statutes, relating to the Duties  
due to his Majesty on Hops grown in Great-Bri-  
tain, whereof he is Convicted before us, and  
for the levying thereof, you are to seize, take,  
and carry away, the said Hops, Goods, and  
Chattels, and if in fourteen Days next after  
such Seizure, the same shall not be redeemed,  
then, and in such Case, you (after the Expi-  
ration of the said fourteen Days) are to make

Sale

## Warrants to seize Goods, &c.

Sale thereof, or of so much thereof as shall be sufficient, to levy the said Sum of Fifteen Pounds, which when levied, you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Excise, for the Collection called Rochester Collection, for the Time Being, to be by him distributed and answered, according to the Statute in such Case made and provided: And if after levying thereof, any Overplus shall remain of the said Hops, Goods, or Chattels, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such Overplus to the said John Mitchell; And all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County, are hereby required to be Aiding and Assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: But in case there cannot be found sufficient to raise the Sum last mentioned, then, and in such Case, you, by & Return to this our Warrant, are forthwith to Certifie the same to Us the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals, at Dartford, in the said County of Kent, this First Day of June, in the second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, Annoq; Domini, 1716.

*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter  
next before.*

A Warrant against a Maker of Soap for  
Thirty Pounds.

To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to  
either of them, and to such other Person and  
Persons as they, or either of them, shall take  
to their Assistance.

Sussex, ff. WE whose Hands and Seals are  
hereunto set, Two of his Ma-  
jesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of  
Sussex, do in his said Majesties Name, Author-  
ise and Command you, every or any of you,  
that upon the Soap, and Materials and Utensils for the Work in  
the making of Soap, found in the Custody of the first Sup  
Thomas Powell of Cuckfield, in the said County.  
of Sussex, Maker of Soap, and also upon the  
Goods and Chattels of the said Thomas Powell,  
you, every, or any of you, do levy the Sum of  
Thirty Pounds of lawful English Money, by no  
mitigated and lessened, from the Sum of One  
Hundred Pounds of like Money, recovered  
against him, by B. E. Gema who prosecuted  
as well for our Sovereign Lord the King, as for  
himself, for a certain Offence committed by  
the said Thomas Powell, against the Laws and  
Statutes relating to the Duties due to his Ma-  
jesty on Soap made in Great-Britain, whereof  
he is Convicted before us: And for the levying  
thereof, you are to seize, take, and carry away, the  
said Soap, and Materials and Utensils for making  
Soap, and also the said Goods and Chattels afore-  
said, and if in fourteen Days next after such  
Seizure, the same shall not be redeemed, then,  
and

*Warrants to seize Goods, &c.*

and in such Case, you (after the Expiration of the said fourteen Days) are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof, as shall be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Thirty Pounds, which when levied, you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Excise, for the Collection called *Sussex Collection*, for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered, according to the Statute in such Case made and provided; And if after levying thereof, any Overplus shall remain of the laid Soap, Materials, Utensils, Goods or Chattels aforesaid, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such Overplus, to the said *Thomas Powell*; And all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County, are hereby required to be Aiding and Assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: But in Case there cannot be found sufficient to levy the Sum last mentioned, then and in such Case, you (by a Return to this our Warrant) are forthwith to certify the same to us, the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals at *Cuckfield*, in the said County of *Sussex*, this eighth Day of *June*, in the second Year of his laid Majesties Reign, *Anno Domini*, 1716.

*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter before.*

A War-

*Warrant against a Maker of Paper for Twenty Pounds a Month for*

*To A B and C D Officers of Excise and to either of them, and to such other Person and Persons as they or either of them, shall take to their assistance.*

**WE** whose Hands and Seats are hereunto set, Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Middlesex, do in His said Majesty's Name Authorize and Command you, every or any of you, that upon the Paper and Materials, and Utensils for the making thereof, found in the Custody of Henry Mason of Brentford, in the said County of Middlesex, Maker of Paper, or of any other or others, to the use of, or intrusted for him, and also upon the Goods and Chattels of the said Henry Mason, you, every or any of you do levy the Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful English Money, by us mitigated and lessened from the Sum of Sixty Pounds of like Money recovered against him by P A, Gent, who prosecuted as well for our Sovereign Lord the King, as for himself, for a certain Offence committed by the said Henry Mason, against the Laws and Statutes relating to the Duties due to His Majesty on Paper made in Great-Britain, whereof he is convicted before us; and for the levying thereof you are to seize, take, and carry away the said Paper, and Materials and Utensils for the making Paper, and also the said Goods and Chattels aforesaid; and if in Fourteen Days next after such Seizure the same shall not be redeemed,

*The Words in  
the First Paper  
AB.*

*Warrants to seize Goods, &c.*

ed, then and in such case you (after the Expiration of the said Fourteen Days,) are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof as shall be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Twenty Pounds, which when levied, you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Excise, for the Collection called *Surrey Collection* for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered according to the Statute in such case made and provided; and if after levying thereof any overplus shall remain of the said Paper, Materials, Utensils, Goods, or Chattels aforesaid, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such overplus to the said *Henry Mason*; and all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County are hereby required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: But in case there cannot be found sufficient to raise the Sum last mentioned; then and in such case you by a Return to this our Warrant are forthwith to certify the same to us the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals at *Brentford* in the said County of *Middlesex*, this Thirtieth Day of *May*, in the Second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, Annoq; Domini, 1716.

*See Directions about Warrants in the Chapter next before.*

**A W A R**

A Warrant against a Painter, &c. of Callicoes and Linens for Ten Pounds.

To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to either of them, and to such other Person and Persons as they or either of them shall call for. To their Assistance.

Surrey, ss. WE whose Hands and Seals are hereunto set, Two of His Majesty's

Justices of the Peace for the said County of Surrey, do in His said Majesty's Name, Authorize and Command you, every or any of you, that

upon the Utensils and Instruments for the printing, staining, or dying of Silks, Callicoes, Linens, or Stuffs found in the Custody of James Hosier of Guilford in the said County of Surrey, Painter, Painter, Strainer, and Dyer of Callicoes and Linens, or of any other or other to the use of, or in trust for him, and also upon the Goods and Chattels of the said James Hosier, you or any of you do levy the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful English Money, by us mitigated and lessened from the Sum of Thirty Pounds of like Money, recovered against him by P A, Gent who prosecuted as well for our Sovereign Lord the King, as for himself, for a certain Offence committed by the said James Hosier, against the Laws and Statutes relating to the Duties due to His said Majesty, upon printing, painting, staining, and dying Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, whereof he is convicted before us; and for the levying thereof you are to seize, take, and carry away the said Utensils and Instruments, Goods and Chattels aforesaid, and if

*Warrant to seize Goods, &c.*

if in Fourteen Days next after such Seizure the same shall not be redeemed, then and in such case you (after the Expiration of the said Fourteen Days,) are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof as shall be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Ten Pounds, which when levyed you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Excise, for the Collection called *Surry Collection* for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered according to the Statute in such case made and provided; and if after levyng thereof any overplus shall remain of the said Utensils or Instruments, or of the Goods or Chattels aforesaid, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such overplus to the said *James Hysler*; and all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County are hereby required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: But in case there cannot be found sufficient to levy the Sum last mentioned, then and in such case you by a Return to this our Warrant are forthwith to certifie the same to us the said Justices: Given under our Hands and Seals at Guilford aforesaid, this Eighth Day of April, in the second Year of His said Majesty's Reigning, Anno Domini 1716.

*Note.* See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter next before this, till the 3d of November, or till the 31st of December, or till the 1st of January.

*Note.* There is not in the first Act for laying Duties on the Printing of Silks, Calicoes, and Linens, any particular Words to make Silks, Calicoes, or Linens found in the Custody of such Printers liable to be recovered of such Printers, that has for making such Silks, Calicoes, and Linens to be

the proper Goods of such Printer; they cannot be seized on a Warrant against such Printer, &c.

But by a Clause at the End of the last Act  
of 1<sup>o</sup> GEORGE, Silk, Calicoes, Linens, &c.  
in the Hands of Travelling Printers, vizt such  
as print, &c. at any other Place than their usu-  
al Place of Residence, or usual Places of work-  
ing, may be seized for the Duties due for printing,  
&c. thereof, if the said Duties are not paid down  
before such Printing thereof.

*A Warrant against a Maker of Starch for  
Twenty Pounds.*

To A B and C D Officers of Excise, and to  
either of them, and to such other Person and  
Persons as they, or either of them shall take  
to their Assistance.

Devonshire, ss. WE whose Hands and Seals are  
hereunto set, Two of His  
Majesties Justices of the Peace, for the County  
of Devon, Do in his said Majesties Name, Au-  
thorize and Command you, every or any of  
you, That upon the Starch and Materials, and  
Utensils, for the making Starch, found in the  
Custody of Andrew Jones of Axminster, in the said  
County of Devon, Maker of Starch, or of any  
bother or others, to the use of, or in trust for him,  
and also upon the Goods and Chattels of the  
said Andrew Jones, you, or any of you, do levy the  
Sum of Twenty Pounds of lawful English Mo-  
ney, by us mitigated and lessened from the Sum  
of Fifty Pounds, of like Money, recovered  
against him, by T B Gent. who prosecuted us  
well for our Sovereign Lord the King, as for  
himself, for a certain Offence committed by the  
said

*The Words in  
the First Starch*

## *Warrants to seize Goods, &c.*

said Andrew Jones, against the Laws and Statutes, relating to the Duties due to his Majesty on Starch, made in Great Britain, whereof he is Convicted before us; and for the levying thereof, you are to seize, take and carry away, the said Starch, and Materials, and Utensils, for making Starch, and also the said Goods and Chattels aforesaid; And if in fourteen Days next after such Seizure, the same shall not be redeemed, then, and in such Case, you (after the Expiration of the said fourteen Days) are to make Sale thereof, or of so much thereof, as shall be sufficient to levy the said Sum of Twenty Pounds, which when levyed, you are forthwith to pay to the Collector of Excise, for the Collection called Tiverton Collection for the Time being, to be by him distributed and answered according to the Statute in such Case made and provided; and if after levying thereof, any Overplus shall remain of the said Starch, Materials, Utensils, Goods, or Chattels aforesaid, or of the Money arising by Sale thereof, you are to render such Overplus to the said Andrew Jones; and all Constables and Headboroughs of the said County are hereby required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: But in case there cannot be found sufficient to levy the Sum last mentioned, then and in such case you by a Return to this our Warrant are forthwith to certify the same to us the said Justices. Given under our Hands and Seals at Axminster in the said County of Devon, this Twelfth Day of April, in the second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, Anno Domini, 1716.  
*See Directions concerning Warrants in the Chapter above written before a constable named a Notary Public.*

CHAP.

## C H A P. X V I I I.

*Directions concerning Warrants to Seize  
and Imprison the Persons of Defendants.*

BY the First Act for the Hereditary Excise, viz. 12 Car. II. Cap 24. Sect. 44. Excise-Book, fol. 45. the Justices of Peace are impowered and required to issue out Warrants for levying Forfeitures, Penalties, &c. on the Goods of Defendants; and for want of sufficient Distress to imprison the Party offending, until Satisfaction be made.

But you are to know, That in all Cases there must first be a Warrant to seize the Goods and Utensils, &c. and a Return made thereto, before any Warrant can regularly be made, to seize or imprison the Person and Body of the Defendant.

And therefore, though it should be proved never so fully, before Justices of the Peace, that a Defendant hath not any Utensils, Goods, or Effects; or that he hath removed and carried off all his Goods and Effects, &c. or though the Justices themselves should know the Fact so to be; yet notwithstanding the same be never so true; yet in all cases there ought first to be a Warrant to seize the Utensils and Goods, &c. and if in Fact there are no Utensils, Goods, or Effects, or if none can be found so as to be seized, the Officer in such case must under his Hand make.

a Return and Certificate thereof, to the Justices who then and not before may regularly grant a Warrant to seize the Body and Person of the Defendant; but a Warrant to seize the Body and Person of the Defendant must not in any case be made out until such Return is made to such Warrant for seizing the Goods.

If there happen to be some Utensils, Goods, or Effects which are not sufficient to raise the Sum for levying, whereof such Warrant is granted, the Officer after the Expiration of the Fourteen Days, to be computed from the Day when he seized such Goods or Effects, must sell and dispose thereof for the best Price he can get for the same; and having so done must return and certify, That by Virtue of such Warrant he hath levyed so much Money as such Utensils and Goods, &c. are sold for; and that there are no other Utensils, Goods, or Effects whereby to levy the Remainder of the said Sum; and after such Return is duly made and not before, the Justices may in such case also grant a Warrant to seize and imprison the Body of the Defendant, till Satisfaction be made for the residue and remainder of such Sum.

When an Officer by Virtue of such Warrant hath seized and arrested the Body of such Defendant, he must conduct such Defendant to the next Gaol or Prison, and there deliver him into the Custody of the Keeper or Gaoler of such Prison, who cannot receive such Person into his Custody without having a proper Warrant empowering him so to do.

Therefore when a Warrant is made to arrest and imprison any Defendant, it will be proper that a Duplicate thereof be made, because the

the Officer who arrests such Defendant, ought for his own Justification, to keep the Warrant whereby he doth arrest him, so ought the Jaylor or Keeper of the Prison to have a Warrant for his Justification also, but if such Duplicate be at first made, (as before is proposed) and if both are delivered to the Officer who is to Arrest the Defendant, he may then keep one for his own Justification, and may deliver the other to the Jaylor, when he delivers to him the Prisoner.

When the Officer who arresteth such Defendant doth deliver him to such Jaylor or Keeper, it will be proper for such Officer, on the Back of the Warrant which he designs to keep, to take a Receipt under the Hand of such Jaylor or Keeper, acknowledging his receiving into his Custody such Prisoner.

If no Utensils or Goods can be found, a Return may in such Case forthwith be made in the following Form, viz.

*The Form of a Return to be made on a Warrant where no Utensils or Goods can be found.*

Devonshire ss. I John Brown, one of the Officers of his Majesties Duties of Excise, do humbly certify to A B and C D Esqrs; Two of his said Majesties Justices of the Peace, for the County of Devon, That by Virtue of a Warrant from the said Justices, to levy the Sum of Ten Pounds upon the Brewing-Vessels and Utensils for Brewing, used by E F in his usual Place of Brewing, and upon his Goods and Chattels, I have made diligent Search for such Vessels,

Vessels, Utensils, Goods, and Chattels; and that I cannot find out or discover any such Vessels, Utensils, Goods, or Chattels; and that I do not know, or can find that the said E. F. hath any Goods or Chattels whatsoever. Witness my hand hereunto set, at B. in the said Country of D. this Seven and Twentieth Day of June, anno Domini 1716.

*Such Return as this being duly made, a Warrant to seize the Body may be made out, according to the Form, in the Chapter next following.*

## C H A P.

C H A P. XIX.

A Warrant to Arrest the Body of the Defendant, upon a Return of the first Warrant that he hath no Goods, &c.

To John Brown and William Hill, Officers of Excise, and to either of them, and to such other Person and Persons, as they or either of them, shall take so their Assistance. And

To the Taylor or Keeper of such Prisons, to whom these Presents shall come.

Devonshire. W<sup>H</sup>ereas, We whose Hands and Seals are hereunto set, Two of his Majesties Justices of the Peace for the said County of Devon, by our Warrant, under our Hands and Seals, bearing Date the Six and twentieth Day of June now instant, Did Require and Command you, the said John Brown and William Hill, or either of you, to levy the Sum of Ten Pounds therein mentioned, on the Brewing-Vessels and Utensils for Brewing, used by Edward Francis of Tiverton, in the said County of Devon, Victualler, and upon the Goods and Chattels of the said Edward Francis: And whereas, you the said John Brown, by a Return and Certificate under your Hand, bearing Date the Seven and twentieth Day of June now instant, have certified to us, that having made diligent Search

250

## Warrants against the

Search for such Brewing-Vessels and Utensils for Brewing, and for such Goods and Chattels, you cannot find any, whereon to levy the said Ten Pounds or any Part thereof, and that no such Vessels, Utensils, Goods or Chattels can be found; We therefore the said Justices, Do in his said Majesties Name, hereby Authorize, Require, and Command you, every, or any of you, to take and arrest the Body of the said *Edward Francis*, and forthwith to carry the same to the Gaol or Prison of and for the County or Place where you shall so take and arrest the same, and the same, together with a Duplicate of this our Warrant, there to deliver into the Custody of the Gaoler or Keeper of the said Gaol or Prison of and for the said County or Place, there to remain in safe Custody, until he shall satisfie and pay the said Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful English Money, by us mitigated and lessened from the Sum of Fifty Pounds of like Money, by us the said Justices, adjudged against him, upon an Information exhibited against him before us, by *J.C.*, Gent. as well on the Behalf of his said Majesty, as of himself, for a certain Offence committed by the said *Edward Francis* against the Laws and Statutes of *Extis*, whereof he stands convicted before us the said Justices. And all Constables, and other His Majesties Officers, are hereby Authorized and Required, to be Aiding and Assisting to you, in the due Execution hereof; and the Gaoler and Gaolers, Keeper and Keepers of such Gaol or Prison to which you shall so carry the Body of the said *Edward Francis*, is and are, hereby Authorized and Required to receive into his or their Custody, the Body of the said *Edward*

## Persons of Defendants.

222

Edward Francis, and the same to keep in safe  
Custody untill he shall satisfie and pay the said  
Sum of Ten Pounds before mentioned And for  
your, any or either of your Company as before is  
respectively directed, this shall be to you why  
or either of you respectively, a sufficient Warrant  
and Authority eno Given under our Hand and  
Seal at Exeter in the said County of Devon,  
this Nine and Twentieth Day of June in the  
Second Year of the Reign of His said Majestie  
~~the Peace for the said County~~  
Anno; Domini, 1726  
to witness whereof we have hereunto affixed  
our Seal by Warrant given to us in the said  
Warrant to seize the Utensils and Goods  
belonging to the Officers Landed such Utensils being Goods  
which are not sufficient to levy the sum in the Work  
but there may in such Case be made another  
attempt to seize and impound the Body of the Defendants  
till Satisfaction is made for their recovery or less  
executed on the said Warrant But such Officers as  
will seize the Body for such residue can't be good cause  
that a Return is made to the Warrant for seizing  
against Goods, and such Return can't be made unless  
such Utensils or Goods seized, are actually sold, then  
by cause which they are actually sold, it can't be said I  
truly know how much they are sold for, but  
to the Utensils and Goods can't be sold in full for  
less than Fourteen Days after the seizing thereof so that  
till the said Fourteen Days you will be aptly and lawfully  
Goods are actually sold it can't be known whether  
Sales thereof is not sufficient to cover the sum that  
shall be due the Officers making the Warrant The  
said Certificate will effectually minister this to you  
that I cannot find one or more of the officers who  
have received payment of the sum to be paid  
to you; whereupon the delivery of the said sum  
to you bounde to the Particular care of such per  
son as I have named

232

*Warrants Against the  
Goods of Edward Francis*

The Form of a Return where Part of the Money Seized is levied on the Warrant against the Goods of Edward Francis before the Vice-Admiralty Court at Exeter, May 20, 1702.

John Brown one of the Officers of His Majesty's Duties of Excise Do humbly certify to A B and C D Esqrs Two of His said Majestys Justices of the Peace for the said County of Devon That by Virtue of a Warrant from the said Justices to levy the Sum of Ten Pounds upon the brewing Vessels and Utensils for Brewing used by Edward Francis in his usual Place of Brewing, and upon his Goods and Chattels; I have seized all such Vessels, Utensils, Goods, and Chattels as I could find out or discover, and the same not having been redeemed within Fourteen Days next after my said Seizing thereof; I the said John Brown after the Expiration of the said Fourteen Days, next after the said Seizing thereof, have sold the same for the best Price I could get for them and have thereby levied and raised the Sum of Three Pounds part of the said Sum of Ten Pounds which said Sum of Three Pounds I now have ready to be paid and answered according to the Direction of the said Warrant; and I do further humbly certify to the said Justices That having made diligent Search for such other Vessels, Utensils, Goods, and Chattels as are mentioned in the said Warrant, I cannot find out or discover any other such Vessels, Utensils, Goods, or Chattels whatsoever; whereby the residue of the said Sum of Ten Pounds or any Part thereof can or may be levied.

203

## Persons of Defendants.

levied. Witness my Hand hereunto set, at  
in the said County of D. this Seven and Twenty  
sixth Day of June, Anno Domini, 1716. and also  
two Warrants to execute the same, were deliv-

**A Warrant to Arrest the Person of the De-  
fendant, where Part of the Money is levied  
on the Warrant against the Gaoler,** who shall  
absent send to me or to him his Deputies  
**To John Brown and William Hill, Officers of  
Excise, and to either of them, and to such  
other Person and Persons, as they or either of  
them shall take to their Assurance, in the due  
Execution hereof. And for no benefit or  
otherwise to be had by the said John Brown and**

**To the Gaoler and Keeper of such Prison,** to  
to whom these Presents shall come, are Remanded  
the Execution hereof. And for no benefit or  
otherwise to be had by the said John Brown and

**Devonshire S.** Whereas we whose Hands and  
Seals are hereunto set, Two  
of His Majesties Justices of the Peace for the  
said County of Devon, by our Warrant under  
our Hands and Seals, bearing Date the Twelfth  
Day of June now instant, did require and com-  
mand, you the said John Brown and William Hill  
or either of you, to levy the Sum of Ten Pounds  
therein mentioned, on the Brewing Vessels and  
Utensils for Brewing, used by Edward Francis of  
Tiverton, in the said County of Devon, Virtuall  
ler, and upon the Goods and Chattels of the  
said Edward Francis. And whereas, you the said  
John Brown, by a Return and Certificate under your  
Hand, bearing Date the Seven and twentieth  
Day of June now instant, have Certified to us  
That by Virtue of our said Warrant, you have  
seized all such Vessels, Utensils, Goods and  
Chattels,

*Warrants against the T*

Chattels as you could find ; and that the same  
not having been recovered within Fourteen Days  
next after the said seizing thereof, you, the said  
*John Brown* after the Expiration of the said Four-  
teen Days, next after the said seizing thereof, have  
sold the said Vessels, Utensils, Goods and Chattels,  
by you to ~~John~~ <sup>John</sup> as aforesaid, for the best Price  
that you could get for the same, and have there-  
by levied and raised the Sum of Three Pounds,  
plus of Chalidrum of Ten Pounds, and you have  
also furtheron Certified to us the said Justices,  
That having made diligent Search for such other  
Vessels, Utensils, Goods and Chattels, as are  
mentioned in the said Warrant, you cannot find  
out or discover any other such Vessels, Utensils,  
Goods or Chattels whatsoever, whereby  
the Residue of the said Sum of Ten Pounds, or  
any Part thereof, can or may be levied ; we  
therefore the said Justices, Do, in this said Majes-  
ties Name, hereby Authorize, Require, and Com-  
mand you, every or any of you, to take and  
arrest the Body of the said *Edward Brancis*, and  
confinement of him the same to the Gaol or Pri-  
son of ~~land~~ for the County or Place where you  
shall so take and arrest the same ; and the same  
together with a Duplicate of this our Warrant,  
there to deliver into the Custody of the Gaoler or  
Keeper of the said Gaol or Prison for the said  
County or Place, until he shall discharge and pay  
the Sum of seven Pounds of lawful English Money,  
leaving the residue of the said Sum of Ten  
Pounds, by me the said Justices mitigated and  
lissened from the sum of Fifty Pounds of like  
Money, by us the said Justices adjudged against  
him, upon an Information exhibited against him  
before us by *J. G. Gent*, as you will see on the Behalf  
of

## Persons of Defendants.

535

of His said Majesty, as of himself, for a certain Offence committed by the said *Edward Francis*, against the Laws and Statutes of Excise, whereof he stands convicted before us the said Justices; and all Constables and other His Majesty's Officers are hereby authorized and required to be aiding and assisting to you in the due Execution hereof: And the Gaoler and Gaolers, Keeper and Keepers of such Gaol or Prison to which you shall so carry the Body of the said *Edward Francis*, is, and are hereby authorized and required to receive and take into his or their Custody, the Body of the said *Edward Francis*, and the same to keep in safe Custody until he shall satisfie and pay the said Sum of Seven Pounds before-mentioned; and for your, any, or either of your doing, as before is respectively directed, this shall be to you, any, or either of you respectively, a sufficient Warrant and Authority. Given under our Hands and Seals at *Tiverton* in the said County of *Devon*, this Nine and Twentieth Day of *June*, in the Second Year of His said Majesty's Reign, *Annoq; Domini, 1716.*

Note, If the Servant of a Brewer is concerned or assisting in the making an Increase, or in the laying off of any Beer or Ale, contrary to the Act of 8 & 9. W. III. Cap. 18. such Servant forfeits Twenty Shillings per Barrel, and in default of Payment thereof is to suffer Three Months Imprisonment.

And every such Servant or other Person who is aiding or assisting in the using any Mellasses, Course Sugar, Honey, or Extract of Sugar in the Brewing or Working Ale or Beer, or in carrying or con-

P

veying

waging the same into the House, Brew-House, or other Place belonging to such Brewer, contrary to the Act of 10, & 11. W. III. Cap. 21. forfeits for every Offence Twenty Pounds, and in default of Payment thereof, is to suffer Three Months Imprisonment: If therefore a Judgment be obtained against a Servant for either of the before-mentioned Penalties, and if in default of Payment of such Penalty a Warrant is therupon made to imprison such Servant, such Warrant must be only to imprison him for the Space of Three Months; but if before the Expiration of such Three Months such Penalty is paid, such Person so imprisoned ought therupon to be released; but the Warrant must not in such Case be according to the Forme before, viz. to imprison such Person until Satisfaction is made. But must be to imprison him by the space of Three Months, unless Satisfaction be made in the mean time.

C H A P.

**C H A P. XX.****Of Seizing and Condemning Foreign Brandy or other Foreign Liquors landed without due Entry, &c.**

BY a Clause in the Act of 14 Car. II. Cap. 11. Sect. 15. it is Enacted, That no Ship or Ships, Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes shall be seized as forfeited, for or by Reason of unlawful Importation or Exportation into or out of the Kingdom of England, &c. but by the Person or Persons who are or shall be appointed by His Majesty, to manage the Customs or Officers of His Majesty's Customs for the Time being, or such other Person or Persons as shall be deputed or authorized thereto, by Warrant from the Lord Treasurer or Under-Treasurer, or by special Commission from His Majesty under the Great or Privy Seal.

The Patents to the Commissioners of Excise are always under the Great-Seal, and in those Patents there always is a special Clause whereby the Commissioners of Excise, and all and every their Officers and Agents, Gaugers, Surveyors, Officers, or Waiters for the Excise are fully impowered to seize all such Foreign Brandy or other Foreign Exciseable Liquors as shall be landed or put on Shore before due Entry, &c.

Which said Clause in the Patents to the Commissioners of Excise is sufficient to impower the Officers of Excise to seize all Foreign Exciseable Liquors which shall be unduly landed, but not

## Of Condemning Foreign

to seize any other Foreign Liquors or Merchandise, but such only as are liable to Duties of Excise, and are unduly landed.

What Foreign Liquors are liable to Duties of Excise, will appear by the First Excise Acts, where you will find that Rates and Duties of Excise are thereby laid on Beer or Ale imported, on Cyder and Perry imported, on Spirits imported, and on imported Strong-Waters perfectly made; and by the several Acts for the additional Duties of Excise, further Duties are laid on all the said Foreign and Imported Liquors.

Foreign Mum brought into England is in Fact Beer or Ale imported, and is therefore liable to the said Duties on Beer and Ale imported.

By 22 Car. II. Cap. 4. Sect. 2 Excise Book, Fol. 83. it is declared, That Brandy is a Strong-Water perfectly made, and liable to the Duties on Strong-Waters imported.

In the Act of 15 Car. II. Cap. 11. Sect. 17. Excise-Book, Fol. 72 & 73. is the following Clause, viz. 'And for the better levying and collecting the Duties of Excise upon all Foreign or imported Liquors, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no such Foreign or Imported Liquors shall be landed or put on Shore out of any Ship or Vessel from beyond the Seas, before due Entry be first made thereof, with the Officer or Collector appointed for the Excise in the Port or Place where the same shall be imported, or before the Duty of Excise due and payable for the same be fully satisfied and paid, and that every Warrant for the landing or delivering of any such Foreign Liquors shall be signed by the Hand of the said Officer or Collector.'

Collector of Excise in the said Port or Place respectively, upon Pain that all such Foreign Liquors as shall be landed, put on Shore, or delivered, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning hereof, or without the Presence of an Officer or Waiter for the Excise, or the Value thereof shall be forfeited and lost, the one Moiety to the King's Majesty, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall or will seize, inform, or sue for the same, to be recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof.

And in another Clause in the said Act, *viz.* Sect. 25, *Excise Book, Fol. 78.* are these Words, *viz.* And that all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures (for which no Remedy is ordained for Recovery thereof by this Act,) shall be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaintiff, or Information in any Court of Record, &c. or by such other Ways and Means as by the said former Act is directed and appointed.

The said Act referred to by this last Clause doth direct, That the Party accused shall be summoned; and therefore when Foreign Liquors unduly landed, are intended to be condemned before Justices of the Peace, it will be necessary that the Party accused, *viz.* the Importer or the Proprietor thereof be summoned; but if neither the Importer or Proprietor thereof can be found out so as to be summoned to appear before the Justices of the Peace, such Foreign Liquors cannot be condemned before them; because in such cases there being no particular Party accused, there will not be any proper Person to be summoned, and unless the Party accused be summoned, the Justices of the Peace have not sufficient Authority

## Of Condemning Foreign

rity to proceed; but in such cases the Proceedings against such Foreign Liquors so seized must be in the Court of Exchequer, and cannot be before the Justices of the Peace.

*Note.* It may often happen, That the same Person is both the Importer and also the Proprietor of the same Foreign Liquors unduly landed; and therefore in Informations on such Seizures it will be proper to alledge, That the Defendant in such Information is the Importer and Proprietor; and if at the Hearing thereupon it doth appear that such Defendant is either the Importer or the Proprietor, that will be sufficient to maintain such Information; the foregoing Act having directed, that such Forfeitures may be recovered either of the Importer or Proprietor.

*Note.* Also where Foreign Liquors which have been unduly landed, are found near the Sea Coast, in the Possession or Custody of any Person who doth not give any satisfactory Account how he came by them; such finding thereof in the Custody of such Person is an Evidence that he is the Proprietor thereof; and in such case an Information may be laid against him as the Proprietor thereof.

*Note.* Informations on all Seizures must be in the Name of the Person who actually makes the Seizure, and must not be in the Name of the Collector unless he himself actually makes the Seizure.

But if Two or more Persons make a Seizure, the Information may be in the Name of one of them only, and then the other or others may be Witnesses to prove such Seizure.

And

## *Exciseable Liquors.*

539

And what has been seized by one Officer, may be a second Time seized by another Officer ; and in such case the Information may be laid in the Name of him who made such second Seizure, and he who made the first Seizure may in such case be a Witness on such Information : And therefore when an Officer has made a Seizure of any Foreign Liquor unduly put on Shore, it will be best to get the Collector to make a second Seizure thereof, that the Information may be laid in his Name, and that he who made the first Seizure may be a Witness.

**P 4 G H A P T.**

Chap. XXI.

**Informations, Summons, and Judgments, against Importers and Proprietors of Foreign Liquors unduly landed.**

**An Information for condemning Foreign Brandy unduly landed.**

**C**ounty of South'ton, &c. BE it Remembred, That this Thirtieth Day of September, in the first Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King G E O R G E, that now is, at Portsmouth, in the said County of Southampton, William Harding, one of the Officers of his said Majesties Duties of Excise, in his proper Person, cometh before us A B and C D Esqrs; Two of his said Majesties Justices of the Peace, for the County of South'ton aforesaid, residing near to the Place where the Seizure herein-after-mentioned was made, and as well for his said Majesty as himself, to us, Exhibiceth a Complaint and Information; and thereby informeth us, That he the said William Harding, for, and during Three Months, now last past and longer, having continued to be, and yet being an Officer for the Duties of Excise, duly constituted, appointed, and qualified, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made and provided, He the said William Harding, within the said Three Months, now last past, that is to say, on the Tenth Day of September now instant, within

within the Port of Southampton, that is to say, at Portsmouth in the said County of Southampton, did seize to the Use of his said Majesty, and of himself, as forfeited, a certain Parcel of Foreign and imported Liquors, that is to say, Fifteen Gallons of Foreign Strong Waters perfectly made, called Brandy for that the same being Foreign and Imported Liquors, charged and chargeable with the Duties of Excise, and other Duties due to his said Majesty, had been brought and imported, from Parts beyond the Seas into the Port aforesaid, that is to say, to Portsmouth aforesaid, and had been there landed and put on Shore out of some Ship or Vessel, from beyond the Seas, before any due Entry had been made thereof, with the Officer or Collector appointed for the Excise, in the Port and Place where the same had been so imported as aforesaid; And before the Duty of Excise due and payable for the same was fully satisfied and paid, and without any Warrant for the Landing or Delivering thereof, signed by the Hand of the Officer or Collector of the Excise, in the Port and Place where the same were so landed, and without the Presence of any Officer or Waiter for the Excise, as by the Statute in such Case made there ought to have been; and contrary to the Form of the said Statute, whereby the said Foreign Liquors, then and there being of the Price and Value of Five Pounds and Five Shillings of Lawful Money of England became forfeited; and the said *William Harding*, farther informeth us, the said Justices, That one *Henry Robinson* of Portsmouth aforesaid, was, and is the Proprietor of the said Foreign Liquors so landed as aforesaid; and thereupon the said *William Harding*,

## Informations &c. for condemning

*Harding, who as well, &c.* I humbly prayeth the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises; and that the said Foreign Liquors, may remain forfeited, and that he may have one Moiety thereof, according to the Form of the said Statute; and that the said *Henry Robinson* may be summoned to shew Cause, if he can, before us the said Justices, why the said Foreign Liquors should not be judged forfeited, and to make Defence in the Premises before us the said Justices.

At London, the 1<sup>st</sup> day of November, 1709, and anno Regni Regis 32. Edwardi VI. To witness whereof, the said Justices have hereunto set their hands and seals.

To Mr. *Henry Robinson*, merchant, in the  
County of Southwark, Sir W<sup>th</sup> E<sup>r</sup> A<sup>m</sup> B<sup>rd</sup> C<sup>o</sup> D<sup>es</sup>  
(or) of need her sign orquires, Two of his  
Majesties Justices of the Peace for the County  
of Southwark, Do hereby give you Notice, That  
*William Harding*, one of the Officers of his said  
Majesties Duties of Excise, hath before us exhi-  
bited an Information against you, for the For-  
feiture of Fifteen Gallons of Foreign Liquor,  
called *Mandy*, found in your Custody and Pos-  
session, which, as he alledgedh, were imported  
and landed, and put on Shore, without due  
Entry and Payment of Duty, contrary to the  
Statute in such Case made; and that you are  
the Proprietor thereof; you are therefore,

(in his office, *Summons.*)  
To M<sup>th</sup> L<sup>rd</sup> J<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> F<sup>th</sup> G<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> I<sup>th</sup> J<sup>th</sup> K<sup>th</sup> L<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> N<sup>th</sup> O<sup>th</sup> P<sup>th</sup> Q<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> U<sup>th</sup> V<sup>th</sup> W<sup>th</sup> X<sup>th</sup> Y<sup>th</sup> Z<sup>th</sup>

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To M<sup>th</sup> L<sup>rd</sup> J<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> F<sup>th</sup> G<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> I<sup>th</sup> J<sup>th</sup> K<sup>th</sup> L<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> N<sup>th</sup> O<sup>th</sup> P<sup>th</sup> Q<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> U<sup>th</sup> V<sup>th</sup> W<sup>th</sup> X<sup>th</sup> Y<sup>th</sup> Z<sup>th</sup>

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To M<sup>th</sup> L<sup>rd</sup> J<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> F<sup>th</sup> G<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> I<sup>th</sup> J<sup>th</sup> K<sup>th</sup> L<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> N<sup>th</sup> O<sup>th</sup> P<sup>th</sup> Q<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> U<sup>th</sup> V<sup>th</sup> W<sup>th</sup> X<sup>th</sup> Y<sup>th</sup> Z<sup>th</sup>

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To M<sup>th</sup> L<sup>rd</sup> J<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> F<sup>th</sup> G<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> I<sup>th</sup> J<sup>th</sup> K<sup>th</sup> L<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> N<sup>th</sup> O<sup>th</sup> P<sup>th</sup> Q<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> U<sup>th</sup> V<sup>th</sup> W<sup>th</sup> X<sup>th</sup> Y<sup>th</sup> Z<sup>th</sup>

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To M<sup>th</sup> L<sup>rd</sup> J<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> F<sup>th</sup> G<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> I<sup>th</sup> J<sup>th</sup> K<sup>th</sup> L<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> N<sup>th</sup> O<sup>th</sup> P<sup>th</sup> Q<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> U<sup>th</sup> V<sup>th</sup> W<sup>th</sup> X<sup>th</sup> Y<sup>th</sup> Z<sup>th</sup>

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To M<sup>th</sup> L<sup>rd</sup> J<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> F<sup>th</sup> G<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> I<sup>th</sup> J<sup>th</sup> K<sup>th</sup> L<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> N<sup>th</sup> O<sup>th</sup> P<sup>th</sup> Q<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> U<sup>th</sup> V<sup>th</sup> W<sup>th</sup> X<sup>th</sup> Y<sup>th</sup> Z<sup>th</sup>

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To M<sup>th</sup> L<sup>rd</sup> J<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> F<sup>th</sup> G<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> I<sup>th</sup> J<sup>th</sup> K<sup>th</sup> L<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> N<sup>th</sup> O<sup>th</sup> P<sup>th</sup> Q<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> U<sup>th</sup> V<sup>th</sup> W<sup>th</sup> X<sup>th</sup> Y<sup>th</sup> Z<sup>th</sup>

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To M<sup>th</sup> L<sup>rd</sup> J<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> F<sup>th</sup> G<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> I<sup>th</sup> J<sup>th</sup> K<sup>th</sup> L<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> N<sup>th</sup> O<sup>th</sup> P<sup>th</sup> Q<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> U<sup>th</sup> V<sup>th</sup> W<sup>th</sup> X<sup>th</sup> Y<sup>th</sup> Z<sup>th</sup>

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To M<sup>th</sup> L<sup>rd</sup> J<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> F<sup>th</sup> G<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> I<sup>th</sup> J<sup>th</sup> K<sup>th</sup> L<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> N<sup>th</sup> O<sup>th</sup> P<sup>th</sup> Q<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> U<sup>th</sup> V<sup>th</sup> W<sup>th</sup> X<sup>th</sup> Y<sup>th</sup> Z<sup>th</sup>

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To M<sup>th</sup> L<sup>rd</sup> J<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> F<sup>th</sup> G<sup>th</sup> H<sup>th</sup> I<sup>th</sup> J<sup>th</sup> K<sup>th</sup> L<sup>th</sup> M<sup>th</sup> N<sup>th</sup> O<sup>th</sup> P<sup>th</sup> Q<sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> S<sup>th</sup> T<sup>th</sup> U<sup>th</sup> V<sup>th</sup> W<sup>th</sup> X<sup>th</sup> Y<sup>th</sup> Z<sup>th</sup>

A Judgment on the foregoing Information,  
where the Defendant Appeareth and Pleadeth.

AT the Time and Place appointed by our Summons on the within written Information, that is to say, on the Eighth Day of October, Anno Domini 1714, at Portsmouth in the County of Southampton, the within named Defendant appeareth before us the Justices within named, and pleadeth, that the several Facts within mentioned, are not true, as the same are within alledged to be; but the same are now before us fully proved to be, as they are within alledged. It is therefore now here considered and adjudged by us the said Justices, that for, and by Reason of the Matters and Things within alledged, and now duly proved before us, the Brandy within mentioned is forfeited; and upon due Proof now made before us, that the same is of the Value of Five Pounds and Five Shillings of lawful English Money, we do adjudge and determine the same to be of the said Value of Five Pounds and Five Shillings, of which we do adjudge one Moiety to be to the Use of our Sovereign Lord the King; and the other Moiety to be to the Use of the within named William Harding. Given under our Hands at Portsmouth, in the said County of Southampton, this eighth Day of October, Anno Domini, 1714.

In these Cases, there is not any Occasion for any Warrant, but after the Brandy or Foreign Exciseable Liquors have been condemned in the manner before, they may be sold and disposed of, without any farther Order for the selling thereof.

C H A P.

## C H A P. XXII.

## S U M M O N S for Witnesses.

**A Summons for a Witness to appear, &c. in the same Month when the Summons bears Date.**

Berks, ss. **O**N the Part of the Informer herein after named, You are hereby summoned and required personally to be and appear before us *A B* and *C D*, Esqrs. Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Berks, on Saturday the Fourteenth Day of April now instant, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon of the said Day, at the House of *William Arnold*, being the Sign of the Red-Lyon, an Inn and publick House in Reading, in the said County of Berks; then and there to give Evidence for the Discovery of the Truth of a Matter in Controversie before us, between *William Bateman*, Gent. Informer against *Henry Smith*, Maltster, Defendant, on an Information now depending before us, touching an Offence against the Laws and Statutes for laying Duties on Malt, &c. But if you fail herein, you will forfeit the Penalty of Ten Pounds. Given under our Hands at Reading aforesaid, this seventh Day of April, Anno Domini, 1746.

*The Words in* *M. Cap. 30.* *Sect. 24.*

To Mr. John Williams,

C H A P.

**4 Sum-**

## *Summons for Witnesses.*

237

*A Summons for a Witness to appear, &c. in  
a Month following the Date of the Sum-  
mons.*

*Suffolk, ss.* ON the part of the Informer here-  
in after named, you are hereby  
summoned and required personally to be and  
appear before us *A B and C D, Esqrs.* Two of  
His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the  
County of *Suffolk*, on *Tuesday the Fifth Day of*  
*June* now next ensuing, at *Three of the Clock*  
in the Afternoon of the said Day, at the House  
of *Thomas Mason*, being the Sign of the *Crown*,  
an Inn and publick House in *Beckles* in the said  
County of *Suffolk*, then and there to give Evi-  
dence for the Discovery of the Truth of a Mat-  
ter in Controversie before us, between *John Todd*,  
Gent. Informer against *James Brown*, Victualler,  
Defendant, on an Information now depending  
before us, touching an Offence against the Laws  
and Statutes of Excise; but if you fail herein  
you will forfeit the Penalty of Ten Pounds.  
Given under our Hands at *Beckles* aforesaid, this  
Six and twentieth Day of *May*, *Anno Domini*,  
1716.

*The Words in  
7 & 8. W.  
III. Cap. 30.  
Sect. 24.*

To Mr. Samuel Peters.

## *A Summons for several Witnesses.*

*Hertford-ss.* ON the part of the Informer here-  
shire, in after-named, you every, and  
each of you are and is hereby respectively sum-  
moned

# Summons for Witnesses.

moned and required personally to be and appear before us A B and C D, Esqrs. Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Hertford, on Tuesday the seventeenth Day of July instant, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon of the said Day, at the House of John Spence, being the Sign of the Crown, an Inn and publick House in Ware, in the said County of Hertford,  
*The Words* is then and there respectively to give Evidence for  
7 & 8. W. the Discovery of the Truth of a Matter in Con-  
III. Cap. 30. troversie before us, between Richard Backwell,  
Sect. 24. Gent. Informer against William Gason, Maker  
of Candles, Defendant, on an Information now  
depending before us, touching an Offence against  
the Laws and Statutes of Ex cise, and for granting  
Duties upon Candles ; but if you, any, or  
either of you fail herein, such of you as so fail  
will respectively forfeit the Penalty of Ten  
Pounds. Given under our Hands at Ware aforesaid,  
this Ninth Day of July, Anno Domini,  
1716.

To Mr. Thomas Parsons,  
Mr. George Stevens, and  
Mr. Andrew Roberts.

...**C H A P.**

members. (P. 1110) Spring 2010

94

## CHAP. XXIII.

*Informations against several Defendants,  
for Arrears of Duties of Excise.*

If any Objection should be made against the joining several Defendants in one Information, it may be answered, that the Informations next following, are not against the said Defendants jointly, or so as to oblige or require any of them, to answer for the Default or Default of any other or others of them; or any Ways to charge or make any of them any ways liable or accountable for, or in Respect of the Default or Defaults of any other or others of them; but each of them is respectively charged with so much only as relates to himself; and the Import of the said Informations is to require each Defendant separately to answer to so much only of the said Information as strictly and properly relates to himself only, and such Information when rightly considered, will appear to be a separate Information against each Defendant.

An Information against several Virtuallers in  
Arrears, viz. for the double Duties, forfeit-  
ed by not duly paying the single Duties.

Kens, ss. BE it Remembred, That this Second Day of April, in the Second Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King GEORGE that now is, at Sevenoaks in the County

## Informations against several Defendants

County of Kent, Philip Bamford, Gent. in his proper Person cometh before us A B and C D, Esqrs. Two of His said Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Kent, residing near to the respective Places where the several and respective Offences and Forfeitures herein after mentioned were committed and made, and as well for His said Majesty, as for himself, exhibeth to us a Complaint and Information, and thereby informeth us, That the several and respective Persons here after named, in the First Column here under written, at several Times between the Thirtieth Day of December and the Six and Twentieth Day of February, both now last past, in the said County of Kent, that is to say, at the several Towns and Places hereafter mentioned in the said First Column, hereafter written at the respective Brew-Houses and Places of Brewing, by them the said Persons severally and respectively used at the said respective Time and Times, Place and Places, and to them there severally and respectively at the said Time and Times belonging, did severally and respectively brew the several and respective Quantities of Beer and Ale, each above Six Shillings the Barrel, commonly called Strong Beer and Ale, and also of Beer not above Six Shillings the Barrel, commonly called Small Beer, hereafter respectively written against each of their respective Names in the Two next Columns: And that they the said several Persons, at and during the respective Time and Times of such their respective Brewing the said respective Quantities of Beer and Ale, and of every part thereof respectively, were, and yet are at the said respective Towns and Places, Victuallers, and Tappers.

for Account of Duties of Excise.

241

Tappers-out and Sellers of Beer and Ale, where by, and by Virtue of several Statutes in such Case made, there did accrue and become due to his said Majesty from them respectively, for and in respect of the said respective Quantities of Beer and Ale so by them respectively brewed as aforesaid, certain Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money respectively, amounting unto the several Sums of lawful English Money hereafter expressed in the fourth Column, hereafter written against each of their Names respectively, which said Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money, so accrued and became due from them respectively as aforesaid, they the said several and respective Persons, according to several and respective Statutes in such Case made, ought respectively to have paid and cleared off to or for the Use of his said Majesty, within one Month next after they (according to the Form of the said several and respective Statutes) respectively did make or ought to have made their respective Entry or Entries of the said Beer and Ale, so by them respectively brewed as aforesaid, or of any part thereof, or at any Time since; but the said several and respective Persons have wholly omitted and neglected to pay and clear off the same and every Part thereof, contrary to the Form of the said several and respective Statutes; whereby they respectively have forfeited double the Value of the said respective Rates, Duties and Sums of Money by them respectively neglected and omitted to be paid as aforesaid, which said double Values of the said respective Duties and Sums of Money, do amount to the several Sums of Money, hereafter expressed in the fifth Column hereafter written; and thereupon the said

Q

Philip

## Informations against several Defendants

Philip Bamford, who as well, &c. humbly prays the Judgment of us the said Justices in the Premises; and that he may have one fourth Part of the said several and respective Forfeitures, according to the Form of the Statute in such Case made; and that the said several and respective Persons, may respectively be summoned, respectively to answer the said Premises, and to make their Defence thereto, before us the said Justices,

*Note. There not being room here to insert the Columns referred to in the foregoing Information, the said Columns are in the Page next following; but when such Information is to be drawn in Writing, the Columns must be at the bottom, or on the back of the same Sheet.*

First

|   |   |
|---|---|
| Summe of Money due and payable by them before the day of January next, and owing to be paid as aforesaid, which is now the V. day of January, 1665. | Summe of Money due and payable to the said Plaintiff in the sum of £ 100. |
|---|---|

for Arrears of Duties of Excise, &c.

243

| 5th Column.<br>The double Value<br>of the said Duties.                                    | 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
|   | 1.  | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. | 10. |
| 3d Column.<br>Quantity of<br>Small Beer<br>above Six Shillings the Barrell.               | 1.  | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. | 10. |
| 3d Column:<br>Quantities of<br>Strong Beer<br>above Six Shillings the Barrell.            | 1.  | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. | 10. |
| 3d Column:<br>Quantities of<br>Strong Ale<br>above Six Shillings the Barrell.             | 1.  | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. | 10. |
| Gallons   | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   |
| Firkins   | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   |
| Barrels   | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   |
| Gallons   | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   |
| Firkins   | 1   | 3  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   |
| Barrels   | 3   | 5  | 4  | 6  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   |
| 5th Column.<br>The Names of the Defendants, and the Places of their Abode, and Breweries. | Thomas Kemp, of Wetherham.<br>James Fisher, of the same.<br>Peter Smith, of Prudhoe.<br>John Brown, of Sandridge. |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |

Each Defendant shall have a copy of these Forms of the Summary, before, on or before Informing for arras.

240

*Information against several Defendants*

**A** Information against several Retailers of  
Cyder in Arrear, viz. for the double Duties  
forfeited, by not duly paying the single  
Duties.

**B** & a Remembred are (as in the  
foregoing Information against Re-  
tailers) That the several and respective Per-  
sons named in the first Column hereafter written,  
at several and respective Times, between the  
four and twentieth Day of December, and the  
eleventh Day of March, both now last past,  
in the laid County of Durham, that is to say, at  
the several Towns and Places hereafter men-  
tioned in the said first Column hereafter written,  
did respectively sell by Retail, the several and  
respective Quantities of Cyder made in England,  
Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, hereafter  
respectively written, against each of their re-  
spective Names in the second Column hereafter  
written; and at the said respective Time and  
Places, Place and Places, of such their res-  
pective Selling thereof; and of every Part thereof  
respectively, were Retailers of the said respe-  
ctive Quantities of Cyder, by them so sold as  
aforesaid, whereby, and by Virtue of several  
Statutes in such Case made and provided, there  
did accrue and become due to his said Majesty  
from them respectively, for, and in respect of  
the said respective Quantities of Cyder so made  
and sold as aforesaid, several Rates, Duties and  
Sums of Money respectively, amounting unto  
the respective Sums of Lawful English Money  
hereafter expressed, in the third Column here-  
after

after written, against each of their Names respectively, which said Duties and Sums of Money, so accrued and become due from them respectively as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, they the said several and respective Persons have not respectively paid or cleared off, to or for the Use of his said Majesty, within one Month next after they (according to the Form of the several and respective Statutes in such Case made and provided) respectively did make, or ought to have made their respective Entry or Entries of the said Cyder so by them sold by Retail as aforesaid, or of any Part thereof, or at any Time since; but the same respectively yet remain wholly due and unpaid, contrary to the Form of the laid several and respective Statutes in such Case made and provided; whereby they respectively have forfeited double the Value of the said respective Duties and Sums of Money, so respectively remaining unpaid as aforesaid, which said double Values of the said respective Duties and Sums of Money, do respectively amount to the several Sums of Money hereafter expressed in the fourth Column hereafter written, And thereupon the said *Hartory Bradenell*, who as well, &c. has in the foregoing Information against Victuallers.)

Note. There not being room here to insert the Columns referred to in the foregoing Information, the said Columns are in the Page next following; but when such Information is to be drawn in Writing, the Columns must be at the bottom, or on the back of the same Sheet.

| First Column. | 2d Column. | 3d Column.                      | 4th Column. | The double Value of the said Duties. |
|---------------|------------|---------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
|               |            | Sums due for the single Duties. |             | 6 8 0                                |
|               |            |                                 | l. s. d.    | 13 4                                 |
|               |            |                                 | l. 7. 4     | 17 4                                 |
|               |            |                                 | 3 4 0       |                                      |
|               |            |                                 | 5 6 0       |                                      |
|               |            |                                 | 2 18 8      |                                      |
|               |            | Gallons                         |             |                                      |
|               |            | Hogsheads                       | 6           |                                      |
|               |            |                                 | 10          |                                      |
|               |            |                                 | 5           | 31 1/2                               |

Simeon Lister, of Cheltenham.  
Anthony Simpson, of Abberbury.  
Charles Tompson, of Temeſſe.

F I N I S.

Each Defendant must prove a separate Summons, according to the Form  
of the Summons before, or after Information for Attorneys.

THE TABLE  
TO THE  
Second Part of INSTRUCTIONS  
FOR  
Collectors of Excise

**A.**  
**ACCOUNT.**  
**I**nformations, &c for not permitting Officers to take Accounts. Vide Obstructing.  
Vide Refusing to permit.

**ARREARS.**  
At what time, and how soon Informations may be laid against Common Brewers for Arrears. Pag. 8  
The like against Victuallers or Distillers. p. 10  
The like against Makers of Candles, Soap, Starab, Paper, or Printers and Painters of Paper, or of Calicoes, Linens, &c. p. 10, 11  
Informations and Summons for Arrears against the several Traders following, viz.,  
—against a Common Brewer for Arrears. p. 23, 25.  
—against a Victualler for Arrears. p. 26, 27  
—against a Distiller for Arrears p. 28, 29, 30  
—against

## The T A B L E.

- against a Retailer of Cyder for Arrears. p. 31, 32, 33
- against a Chandler for Arrears p. 33, 34, 35
- against a Maltster for Arrears p. 35, 36, 37
- against a Soap-maker for Arrears p. 37, 38, 39
- against a Paper-maker for Arrears p. 39, 40, 41
- against a Starch-maker for Arrears p. 42, 43
- against a Painter of Calicoes for Ar. p. 44, 45, 46
- against a Vinegar-maker for Arrears p. 47, 48
- against a Mead-maker for Arrears p. 49, 50, 51
- against a first Buyer of Cyder for Ar. p. 51, 52, 53
- against several Victuallers for Arrears, from p. 239, [to 244]
- against several Retailers of Cyder p. 244

### B.

**B**RANDY. Vide Condemning Foreign Liquors.

### B R E W E R S.

Informations, &c. against Brewers. vide Arrests.

Vide Notice.

Vide Refusing to Permit.

**C**arrying away. Vide Removing.

**C H A N D L E R S.** Vide Informations against Makers of Candles.

Concealing. Vide Hiding.

Condemning Foreign Liquors seized for being unduly Landed.

Directions about Condemning Foreign Liquors unduly Landed.

An Information for Condemning Foreign Brandy unduly Landed.

Destroying away. Vide Removing.

D.

# The TABLE.

## D.

**D**enyng Entrances. Vide Refusing to permit.

Denying to take account. Vide Refusing to

permit

**E**ntrance. Vide Refusing.

**E**ntries of Manufactures made. Informations and Summons for not making true Entries of Manufactures made, viz.

—against a Master, for not making a true Entry for not making of Males made in Two Months p. 56, 57, 58 king true Entries.

—against a Paper-maker, for not making a true Entry of Paper by him made in Six Weeks p. 56, 57, 58

—against a Maker of Candles, for not making a true Entry of Candles made in Six Weeks p. 59 Entries of Vessels, Utensils, Store-bouses, Rooms, &c.

Vide Notice.

**E**recting. Vide Notice.

**F**alse Entries of Manufactures made. Vide Entries of Manufactures.

Forling Corn together. Vide Informations against Manufacturers.

Foreign Liquors and Manufactures. Vide Condemning Foreign Liquors.

## G A U G E.

Not letting Officer Gauge. Vide Obstructing. Vide Refusing to permit, &c.

## H

# The TABLE.

## H

### HIDING,

- Of Offences and Forfeitures, by hiding and concealing p. 109, 110  
Informations and Summons for hiding and concealing, viz. p. 111  
—against a Maltster for hiding, &c. one Parcel of Malt, p. 112, 113  
—against a Maltster for hiding, &c. Two Parcels of Malt p. 114, 115  
—against a Mead-maker for hiding Mead p. 116, 117  
—against a Distiller for hiding Low-wines and Spirits p. 118, 119  
—against a Maker of Candles, for hiding of Candles p. 120  
—against an Owner of Hops, for hiding Hops p. 120, 121  
—against a Maker of Soap, for hiding Soap p. 121  
—against a Maker of Paper, for hiding Paper p. 122  
—against a Printer, &c. of Paper for Hangings, &c. for hiding, &c. p. 123  
—against a Printer or Painter of Callicoes, &c. for hiding, &c. Callicoes, &c. before printed p. 123  
—the like after having been printed p. 124  
—against a Maker of Starch, for hiding, &c. Starch p. 124

## I.

**I**NCREASES by Maker of Candles. Vide Informations against Makers of Candles.

### INFORMATIONS.

Several Forms of Recording the laying Informations before Justices of Counties, Divisions of Counties or Cities, &c. viz.

Forms

## The TABLE.

Forms of recording the laying Informations before Ju-  
stices of a County p. 26. 35. 44. 47. 49. 50. 54.  
56. 75. 84. 86. 89. 92. 94. 102. 116. 118. 103.

Forms of recording the laying Informations before Ju-  
stices of Divisions of Counties, viz.—

—before Justices of the East Riding of Yorkshire

—before Justices of the North Riding of Yorkshire

—before Justices of the West Riding of Yorkshire

—before Justices of Kesteven Division in Lincoln-  
shire

—before Justices of Holland Division in Lincoln-  
shire

—before Justices of Lindsey Division in Lincoln-  
shire

—before Justices of the Isle of Ely in Cambrid-  
shire

Forms of Recording the laying Informations before Ju-  
stices of Cities, viz.—

—before Justices of the City of Norwich p. 23

—before Justices of the City of Bristol p. 66

—before Justices of the City of York p. 134

Forms of Recording the Laying Informations before Ju-  
stices of Towns being Counties, viz.—

—before Justices of the Town and County of the Town  
of Nottingham p. 69

Forms of Recording the Laying Informations before  
Justices of Corporations, viz.—

—before Justices of the Corporation of Liverpool p. 78

—before Justices of the Corporation of Andover

p. 148

Informations for not letting Officers take Accounts.

Vide Refusing to permit

Informations for Arrears. Vide Arrears. Infor-

# The TABLE.

- Informations for Brandy seized. Vide Condemning Foreign Liquors, &c. p. 163
- Informations for Concealing. Vide Hiding. p. 167
- Informations for Denying Entrance. Vide Refusing to permit. p. 168
- Informations for Erecting. Vide Notice. p. 169
- Informations for not making true Entries of Liquors or Manufactures made. Vide Entries. p. 170
- Informations for not making Entry of Vessels, Utensils, Storehouses, Rooms, &c. Vide Notice. p. 171
- Informations for forcing Corn together. Vide Informations against Maltsters. p. 172
- Informations for not letting Officers Gauge. Vide Obstructing. p. 173
- Informations for Refusing to permit. p. 174
- Informations for biding, &c. Vide Hiding. p. 175
- Informations against Brewers. Vide Arrears. Vide Notice. Vide Refusing to permit. p. 176
- Informations against Calico Printers. Vide Arrears. Vide Hiding. p. 177
- Vide Notice. p. 178
- Against Makers of Candles, viz:
- For not declaring Stick Candles p. 169
  - For increasing the Number of Sticks p. 171
  - For not declaring Mould Candles p. 173
- For increasing the Number of Mould Candles declared, viz.
- For filling more Moulds than declared p. 174
  - For drawing the Moulds off, than declared p. 175
  - For Re-dipping Candles ibid.
- Vide Arrears. p. 176
- Vide Hiding. p. 177
- Vide Notice. p. 178
- Vide Obstructing. p. 179
- Vide Refusing to permit. p. 180
- Vide Refusing to permit. p. 181
- Vide Infra-red. p. 182

# The TABLE

Informations against Enter-Rentiers, Vide Summary, etc.

Vide Arrears p. 164 ; 2103

Vide Notice p. 164

Informations against Distillers ; Vide Distillers

Vide Hiding p. 164 ; 2103

Vide Notice p. 164

Vide Refusing to permit See, Informations

Informations about Foreign Liquors, etc. Manufacture

Vide Condensing Foreign Liquor p. 164

Informations about Hops ; Vide Hiding, etc.

Informations about Linen printed, etc. Vide Arrears

Vide Hiding p. 164 ; 2103

Vide Notice p. 164

Informations against Makers of Malt, etc. Against Ma-

Information for Treading, &c. one Parcel of Corn, etc. kers of Malt.

a Couch

Information for Treading two Parcels of Corn, etc.

Couches

Vide Hiding p. 164

Information for mixing Corn of several Wettings p. 164

Information for two Mixtures, each consisting of

several Wettings, etc. p. 164

Vide Arrears p. 164

Vide Entries of Manufacture

Vide Hiding p. 164

Vide Notice p. 164

Vide Obstructing p. 164

Vide Refusing to permit p. 164

Informations about Mead ; Vide Arrears, etc.

Vide Hiding

Informations for Mixing ; Vide Informations against

Makers of Mead

Informations for not giving Notice ; Vide Notice

Informations for not paying Duties ; Vide Arrears

Informations for obstructing Officers ; Vide Obstruc-

tion

Inform.

# The A T A B C D E F

- Informations against Paper-makers and Paper-printers; Vide Arrears  
Vide Hiding  
Vide Notice  
Informations for pressing Coal; Vide Informations against Makers of Malt  
Informations for Private Vessels and Places used  
Vide Notice  
Informations for Rendipping Candles; Vide Informations against Makers of Candles  
Informations for Refusing to permit Officers to Enter, or to take Accounts; Vide Refusing to permit  
Informations on Seizures; Vide Informations for  
Condemning Illicit Liquors, &c.  
Informations for Setting up without Notice; Vide  
Notice  
Informations against Soap-makers; Vide  
Arrears  
Vide Hiding  
Vide Notice  
Informations against Starch-makers; Vide  
Arrears  
Vide Hiding  
Vide Notice  
Informations against Sweet-makers; Vide  
Arrears  
Vide Notice  
Informations against Vinegar-makers; Vide  
Arrears  
Vide Notice  
Informations for Using without Notice; Vide  
Notice  
Informations against Witness; viz. An Information and Summons against a Witness for  
not attending according to a Summons p. 177  
An In-

# The TABLE

An Information against a Witness for refusing to be  
Sworn, and to give his Evidence p. 179

- JUDGMENTS.
- against a Defendant who doth not appear according to a Summons p. 180
  - against a Defendant who appears and confesses p. 181
  - against a Defendant who appears and pleads p. 182
  - against a Defendant convicted of one, and acquitted of another Offence in the same Information p. 183
  - against a Defendant convicted of not giving Notice of one Vessel, and acquitted of the rest p. 184
  - against a Defendant convicted of part of a Quantity mentioned in the Information, and acquitted of the rest p. 185
  - against a Defendant convicted as to part of the Arrears, and acquitted of the rest p. 186
  - against the Proprietor of Foreign Brandy unduly Landed p. 187
  - against the Proprietor of Foreign Brandy unduly Landed p. 235

## L.

- Linen. Vide Arrears.  
Vide Hiding.  
Vide Notices.

## M.

- Malt. Vide Informations against Makers of  
Mead. Vide Arrears.  
Vide Hiding.  
Mitigations. Vide Judgments.  
Mixing. Vide Informations against Makers of  
Malt.

## N. No-

## The TABLE

- ed in貫nder to obtain a Writ or Summons and  
certifying the delivery of the same.
- N**O TICE. How and to whom Notice ought to  
be given p. 61, 62, 63, 64.
- Motions and Summons for not giving Notice of  
Urgils, Scourches and Places used, viz.  
—against a Brewer for not giving Notice of a Tun,  
Fer, Back, Cooler and Copper p. 66, 67
- against a Brewer for not giving Notice of a pri-  
vate Storehouse, the Storehouse being in one Pa-  
rty's possession and the Brewhouse in another p. 69, 70, 71
- against the Occupier of an House, in which was  
found a Storehouse used by a Common Brewer  
without Notice p. 73, 74
- against a Victualler for not giving Notice of a Back,  
Cooler, and private Storehouse p. 75, 76, 77
- against a Distiller for not giving Notice of Three  
Washbatches p. 78, 79, 80
- against the Occupier of an House, in which were  
found Three Washbatches belonging to a Common  
Distiller without Notice p. 82, 83
- against a Vinegar-maker for not giving Notice of  
Two private Places for making, &c. Vinggar  
p. 84, 85
- against a Maker of Sweets for not giving Notice  
of Two Steeping Tubs p. 86, 87, 88
- against a Maker of Malt for not giving Notice of  
a Cistern, Kiln, Floor, and Room p. 89, 90, 91
- against a Maker of Malt for not giving Notice of  
Two Vessels p. 92, 93
- against a Maker of Candles for not giving Notice  
of Two Rooms and a Vessel p. 94, 95, 96
- against a Soap-maker for not giving Notice of a  
Room and Three Boxes p. 97, 98
- against a Maker of Paper for not giving Notice of  
a Place for making Paper p. 99, 100
- against

## The TABLET.

- against a Maker of Paper for not giving Notice of Two Places used for drying Paper p. 101, 102
- against a Printer of Paper for not giving Notice of a Place for printing, &c. Paper p. 102, 103
- against a Printer, &c. of Calicoes for not giving Notice of a Place for printing, &c. Calicoes, &c. p. 104, 105
- against a Printer, &c. of Calicoes for not giving Notice of a Place for drying Calicoes, &c. p. 106
- against a Maker of Starch for not giving Notice of a Place for making Starch p. 107, 108

## O.

### OBSTRUCTING.

- O** F the Clauses against Obstructing, and of the Nature of the Offence p. 132, 133
- Information for Obstructing, viz. p. 146, 147
- against a Maker of Candles for Obstructing an Officer, by assaulting and beating him p. 146, 147
- against a Maker of Malt, shewing especially how he obstructed an Officer in Gauging and Measuring Corn in a Couse p. 148, 149
- against a Maltster, shewing especially how in two Instances he obstructed an Officer in the Gauging Corn in a Cistern, and in a Couse p. 151, 152

## P.

- P**AYMENT and NON-PAYMENT of Debts.  
Vide Arrears.
- Pressing of Corn while making into Malt. Vide Informations against Makers of Malt.

## R

Private

# The TABLET

**Primer Kaffalz, Utensils, Storehouses, &c. Vide  
Notices.** Proprietors of Foreign Liquors or Commodities. Vide  
**Importing Foreign Liquors; &c. &c. R. 181.**

## Ranning Corn while making into Malt. Wide Informations against Makers of Malt.

## MOVING.

## Instructions and Summaries for Removing Manufactures, viz.

- against a Distiller for removing Low-wines before distilled a second time p. 154, 155  
— against a Maker of Candles for removing Candles before account taken thereof p. 156, 157  
— against a Maker of Paper for removing Paper before account taken thereof p. 157, 158  
— against a Printer, Coor of Calligraph, &c. for removing Calligraph, &c. before an account taken thereof, and before they were stamped p. 157, 158  
— A bill required to be paid by the Plaintiff p. 158

## REFUSING.

Of the Forfeitures, by refusing to permit Officers to Enter, or to take Accounts; and by what Methods those Forfeitures may be incurred, from pag.

126 to 131

Informations and Summons for refusing to permit Officers to Enter, or to take Accounts.

- against a Maltster for refusing an Officer, in the  
Day-time, to Enter his Malt-house. p. 134, 135  
— against a Maltster for refusing an Officer, in the  
Day-time, to Enter into a particular Room.  
A.M. 10 210 A.M. June 22 p. 136, 137  
— against

## The TABLE.

- against a Maltster for refusing an Officer, in the Night-time, and in the Presence of a Constable, to Enter his Malt-house p. 128, 129
- against a Brewer for refusing an Officer, in the Day-time, to Gauge and take an Account of Beer, &c. p. 139, 140
- against a Distiller for refusing an Officer, in the Day-time, to Gauge and take an Account p. 141, 142
- against a Maltster for refusing an Officer, in the Night-time, and in the Presence of a Constable, to take an Account of Corn making into Malt p. 143, 144, 145

S.

## Sizing and Seizures.

Vide Condemning Foreign Liquors, &c. U  
Vide Warrants to Seize Goods, &c. vii

Setting up Vessels, &c. without Notice viii

Vide Notice.

Short Entries. Vide Entries of Manufactures.

## SUMMONS.

- Summons on Informations against Defendants, &c. viii
- A Summons against a Brewer on an Information for Arrears p. 25
- Like on an Information for not giving Notice of Breathing-Vessels p. 68, 69
- Like on an Information for not giving Notice of a Storehouse p. 71, 72
- Other Summons against Defendants. Vide Next after the several Informations, a Summons on each of the said Informations.

## The TABLE.

### SUMMONS for WITNESSES:

- A Summons for one Witness to attend at a Day in the same Month the Summons bears Date p. 236  
A Summons for one Witness to attend at a Day in a Month following the Date of the Summons p. 237  
Summons for several Witnesses to attend at a day in the same Month the Summons bears Date p. 237

### T.

**T**Reading Corn while making into Malt.  
Vide Informations against Makers of Malt.

### V.

**U**sing Vessels, Utensils, or Storehouses without Notice.  
Vide Notice.

### W.

### WA R R A N T S.

- W**arrants against the Goods of Defendants.  
Directions concerning the Forms and Dates of such Warrants, and the Executing thereof p. 189  
A Warrant to levy 10 l. on the Brewing Vessels, &c. used by a Victualler, and on his Goods and Chattels p. 192, 193.  
A Warrant to levy 15 l. on the Stills, &c. used by a Distiller, and on his Goods, &c. p. 194, 195  
A Warrant to levy 20 l. on the Brewing-Vessels used by a Vinegar-maker, and on his Goods, &c. p. 196, 197  
A War-

## The TABLE.

- A Warrant to levy 5 l. on the Goods, &c. of a Retailer of Cyder p. 198
- A Warrant to levy 5 l. on the Goods of a Mead-maker p. 199
- A Warrant to levy 30 l. on Malt in the Custody of a Malster, and upon the Utensils used by him, and upon his Goods, &c. p. 200
- A Warrant to levy 20 l. on the Candles, Materials, and Utensils in the Custody of a Maker of Candles, and on his Goods and Chattels p. 203
- A Warrant to levy 15 l. on the Hops found in the Custody of an Hop-planter, and on his Goods and Chattels p. 205
- A Warrant to levy 30 l. on the Soap-materials and Utensils in Custody of a Soap-maker, and on his Goods and Chattels p. 207
- A Warrant to levy 20 l. on the Paper-Materials and Utensils in Custody of a Paper-maker, and on his Goods and Chattels p. 209
- A Warrant to levy 10 l. on the Utensils in Custody of a Printer, &c. of Calicoes, &c. and on his Goods and Chattels p. 211
- A Warrant to levy 20 l. on the Starch-materials and Utensils in the Custody of a Starch-maker, and on his Goods and Chattels p. 213

### Warrants against the Persons of Defendants.

- Directions in what Cases and when Warrants may be made out to arrest the Persons of Defendants p. 215, 216
- The Form of a Return to be made to a Warrant against the Goods, &c. of a Defendant, viz. That no such Goods, &c. can be found p. 217, 218

A War-

## The TABLE.

- A Warrant to arrest the Person of a Defendant after a Return made, that no Goods, &c. can be found p. 219, 220  
in his hands. *See also* *Execution*.  
The Form of a Return where Part is levied on the Goods, &c. and there is not sufficient to levy the p. 222  
rest. *See also* *Execution*.  
Warrant to arrest the Person of a Defendant for the p. 223, 224  
Remainder of a Sum not levied on the Warrant  
of the Goods.

## Witnesses. Vide Informations against Witnesses.

The E N D.



